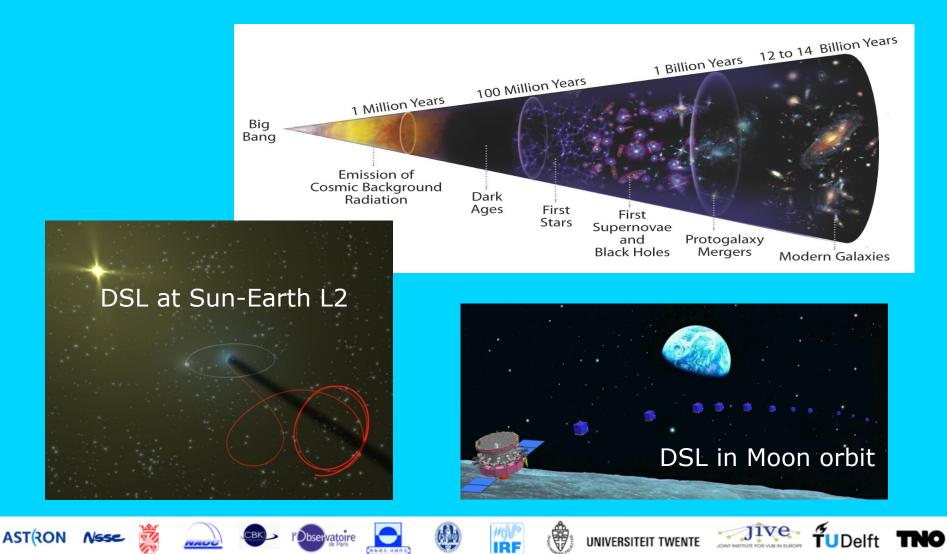
Discovering the Sky at the Longest Wavelengths DSL2015 – Science Workshop February 2-3 2015, ASTRON, Dwingeloo, the Netherlands

Welcome @ ASTRON



Purpose of the meeting

- Discuss science themes which can be addressed with a long-wavelength interferometer in space, such as DSL
- Discuss the system parameters derived form the science cases
- Discuss the DSL system concepts and related technologies with the aim to clarify the system parameters which define the scientific capabilities
- Discuss the system concept and deployment location
- Prepare next steps in DSL collaboration and in proposal writing
- Decide on the driving science cases for DSL
- Decide how many concept options we keep open for DSL at this point in time











Discovering the Sky at the Longest Wavelengths DSL2015 – Science Workshop February 2-3 2015, ASTRON, Dwingeloo, the Netherlands

AGENDA - Monday February 2nd am

09:00 - 09:15 Arrival & welcome

09:15 - 09:45 Introductions

- Welcome & goal of the meeting Albert-Jan Boonstra
- Introduction and Mission overview Xiaoyu Hong

09:45 - 10:45 Science cases in relation to system parameters

- EoR/Dark Ages Leon Koopmans
- Science and system requirements of the imaging survey Xuelei Chen
- Continuum imaging & surveys (TBD) Willem Baan
- Source count and confusion limit Maohai Huang
- Solar system transients Baptiste Cecconi

10:45 - 11:15 Coffee/tea break + group photo

11:15 - 11:45 Science cases, continued

- Extra-solar system transients Julien Girard
- Solar-terrestrial physics Hanna Rothkaehl

11:45 - 13:00 Mission concept descriptions

- Mission concept at Lunar orbit Jingye Yan
- Satellite and formation flying Jianhua Zheng
- Mission concept at L2, science & technology Tao An & Albert-Jan Boonstra











AGENDA - Monday February 2nd pm

13:00-13:30 Lunch

13:30-14:30 Moon-L2 comparison and astronomy-system mapping

• Moon-L2 comparison, considerations & summary – Albert-Jan Boonstra

14:30-15:00 Discussion

 Open discussion on focus of mission concepts and driving science cases – chair Gert Kruithof

15:00-15:30 Tea/coffee break

15:30-17:00 Discussion

Continuation of previous session

17:00 End of day 1 sessions; drinks

18:00 Dutch "stamppot" (Mash-Pot) buffet

20:00 End of day one









UNIVERSITEIT TWENTE



AGENDA - Tuesday February 3rd am

09:00-10:45 Proposal requirements; management and cooperation scheme

- Overview of proposal requirements Koos Kegel
- Procurement scheme, Science management plan
- Joint collaboration approach, costing

10:45-11:15 Tea/coffee break

11:15-13:00 Payload meeting

Instrument(s) needed to achieve the required measurements
(Measurement principle, Block diagram, Design description, Operating principle;
Performance budgets; Required resources: volume, mass, power, data
transmission; Specific/critical interface requirements; Specific calibration needs (on ground and in-orbit); TRL assessment per unit and relevant heritage;
Implementation schedule.)

13:00-13:30 Lunch













AGENDA - Tuesday February 3rd pm

13:00-13:30 Lunch

13:30-15:00 Mission configuration and profile

- Mission description (orbit, launch, system level req., obs. modes)
- Relevant options and trade-offs
- Operations concept (mission phases from launch to end of life)
- Details of the spacecraft (design, requirement, description, key budgets)

15:00-15:30 Coffee/tea break

15:30-16:00 Mission configuration and profile

Continuation of previous session

16:30-17:00 Summary and conclusion

• Conclusion of the meeting; summary and next steps

17:00 End of workshop; drinks













DSL Team

- HONG Xiaoyu, AN Tao, Willem Baan et al., ShAO/CAS, China
- YAN Jingye, ZHENG Jianhua, CHEN Ding et al., NSSC/CAS, China
- WU Xiangping, CHEN Xuelei, LI Di, YAN Yihua, HUANG Maohai, CHEN Linjie et al., NAOC/ CAS, China
- Albert-Jan Boonstra, Michael Garrett et al., ASTRON, NL
- Leonid Gurvits, JIVE & TU Delft, NL
- Eberhard Gill, TUDelft, NL
- Henri Werij, TNO Delft, NL
- Heino Falcke, Marc Klein-Wolt et al., Radboud University, NL
- Leon Koopmans, Groningen University, NL
- Mark Bentum, Twente University, NL
- Baptiste Cecconi, Philippe Zarka, Observatoire de Paris, France
- Michel Tagger, CNRS, Orleans, France
- Reza Ansari, Université Paris Sud & LAL, France
- Andrea Ferrara, SNS, Pisa, Italy
- Hanna Rothkaehl, Space Research Center, Poland
- Jan Bergman, Institute of Space Physics, Uppsala, Sweden
- Graham Woan, University of Glasgow, UK
- plus supporting scientists and engineers (100+) from 17 countries











ESA-CAS proposal requirements

- Proposals have to be co-signed by two co-Pi's
- All preparation and exploitation stages have to be carried out by joint teams
- Payload has to be jointly provided by European and Chinese teams
- Data rights will be in all cases shared
- Operations will be jointly provided by ESA and CAS
- Cost limit for all ESA elements is 53 M; a comparable contribution from CAS
- Letters of Endorsement from the national funding agencies are required
- The mission's space segment will have to be free from ITAR restrictions
- Mission's science objectives: astronomy, solar system science or fundamental physics
- Missions to Moon and Mars are covered under different programmes













ESA-CAS proposal requirements

- Spacecraft launch mass < 300 kg
- Payload mass < 60 kg
- Payload power < 65 W
- Payload technology readiness: TRL \geq 6 (ISO scale)
- Platform technology readiness: TRL \geq 7 (ISO scale)
- Lifetime in orbit: 2-3 years
- Potential launchers: Both European launchers (Soyuz or Vega) and Chinese launchers (Long March 2C or 2D)
- Orbit: no a priori limitation, as long as it is compatible with other constraints
- Compatibility with the applicable debris regulations











ESA-CAS Preliminary Timeline And Deadlines

Issue of the joint Call for Missions19 January 2015Deadline for the submission of16 March 2015

Indicative dates for following steps

| Scientific peer review | April 2015 |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Selection of proposal(s) for study | Late 2015 |
| Study phase | 2 years |
| Implementation phase | 4 years |
| Launch | 2021 |













