LOFAR SCIENCE

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Head Science Operations & Support



ASTRON, September 17th 2018

OFAR

OUTLINE

> The Low Frequency Array

- Key facts
- The science drivers of LOFAR
- Recent science highlights
- Science output

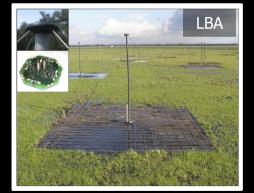
LOFAR: KEY FACTS



> Array of 51 dipole antenna stations distributed across EU

≻ 10-250 MHz

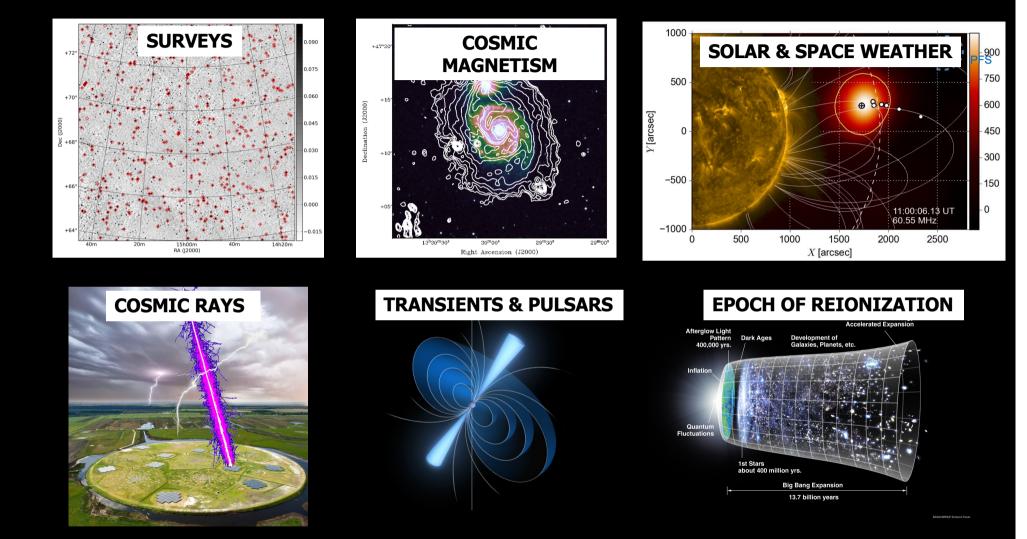
- Low band antenna (LBA; 10-90 MHz); High Band Antenna (HBA; 110-250 MHz)
- Several observing modes (imaging, BF, BF+IM, TBB)
- Responsive telescope
- > 96 MHz bandwidth (multi-beam option)
- Big data: important technological pathfinder for next-gen facilities and data intensive astronomy







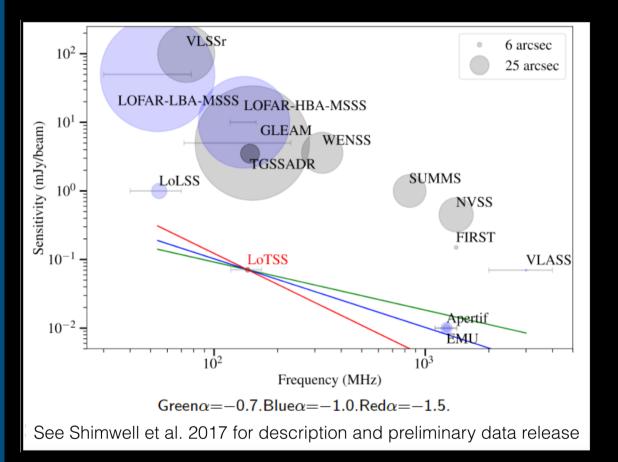




International membership from countries all over the World

Constribute development and commissioning resources

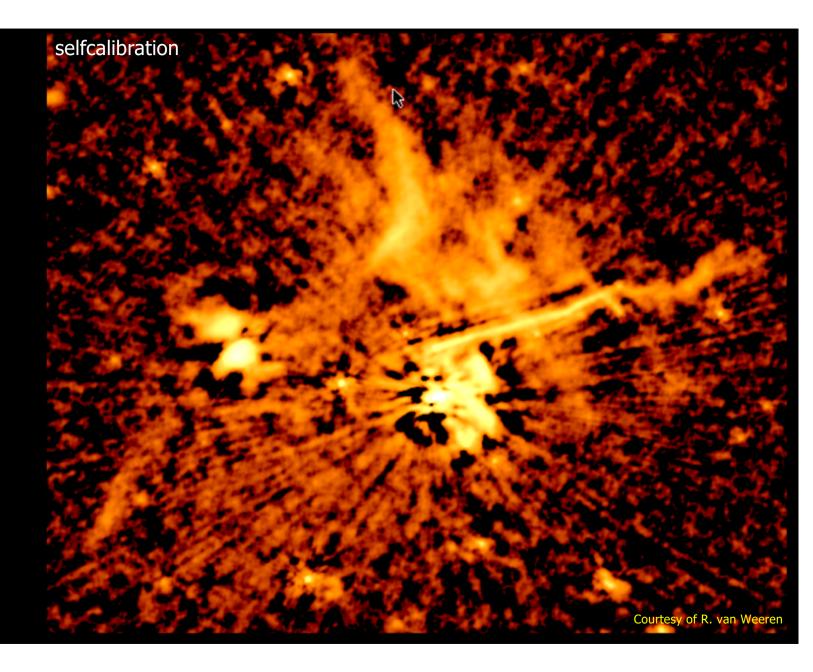
SURVEYS: THE LOFAR TWO-METRE SKY SURVEY (LoTSS)



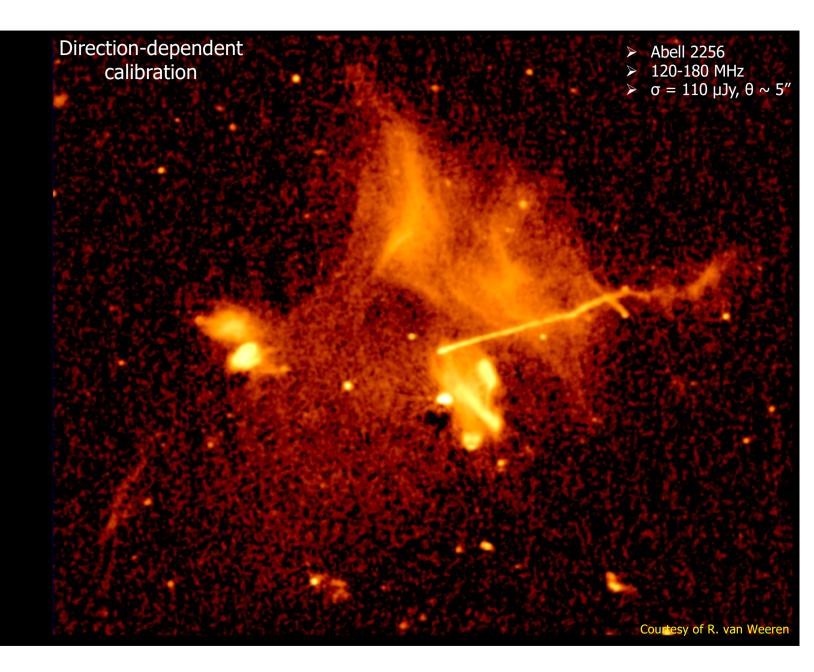
See Shimwell et al. 2017 for description and preliminary data release

- High-redshift radio galaxies: formation and evolution of massive galaxies, rich clusters and massive black holes
- Galaxy clusters: origin and evolution of magnetic fields and relativistic electrons
- Determining the cosmic star-formation history of the Universe
- serendipitous discoveries
- How? Produce high fidelity images of the entire Northern sky with a resolution of 5" and sensitivity of 100µJy/beam at most declinations.
- Will not be surpassed as a norther sky survey for the foreseeable future

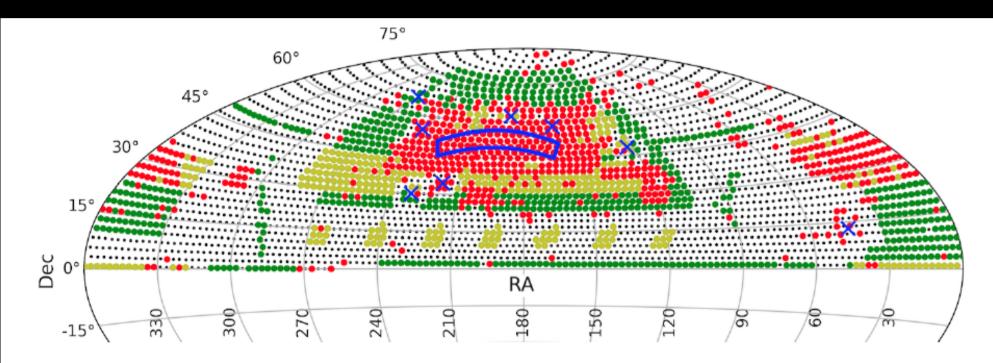
more in lecture L7 by Shimwell, van Weeren, Mevius (Wednesday)



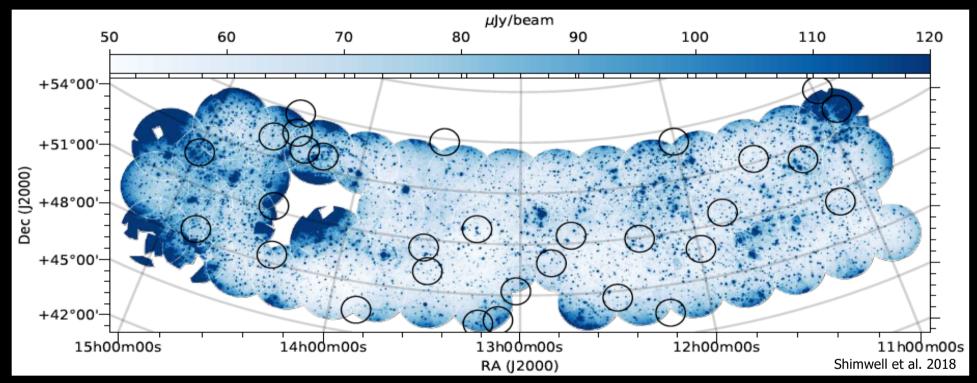
You will also do it by Friday!



Since Cycle 2: 30% of the Northern Sky observed -> 4000 observing hours.

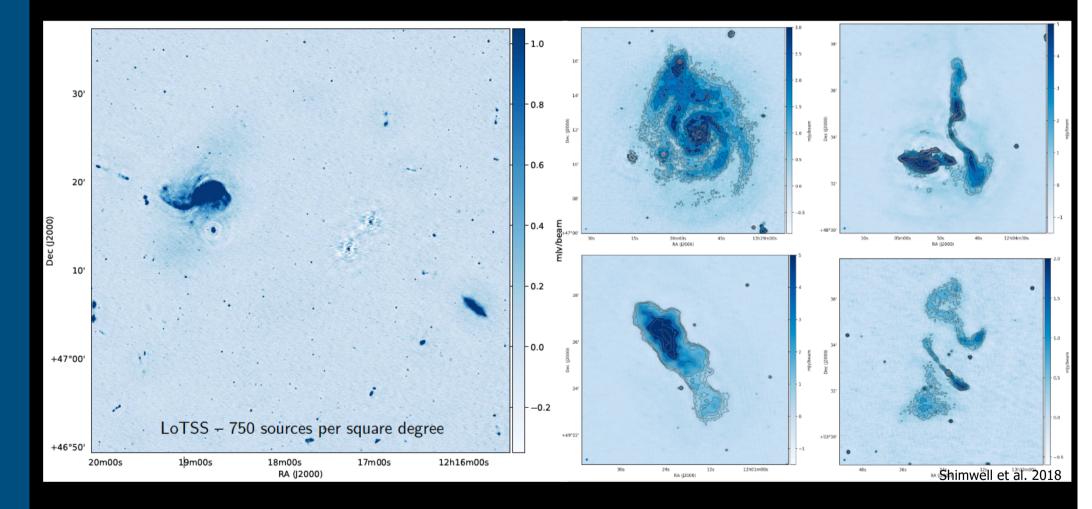


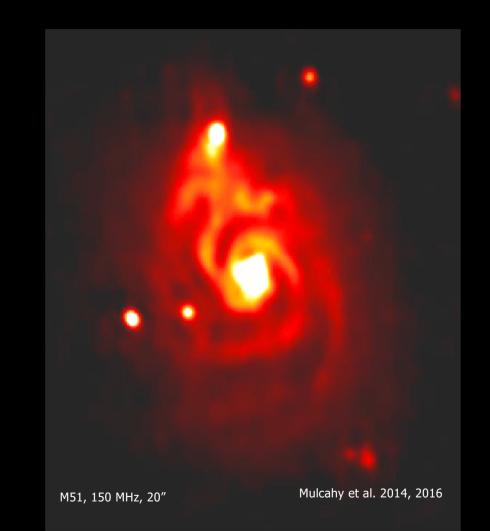
Red observed, yellow observed in next 6 months, green observed in next 2 years.



First full quality data release: 6" resolution images with a sensitivity of 71μ Jy/beam that covers 424 square degrees in the HETDEX Spring Field region.

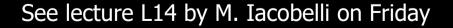
The catalogue contains 325,694 radio sources (Shimwell et al 2018, in press), 225,457 optical identifications (Williams+submitted) and 158,284 photometric redshift estimates (Duncan+ submitted)

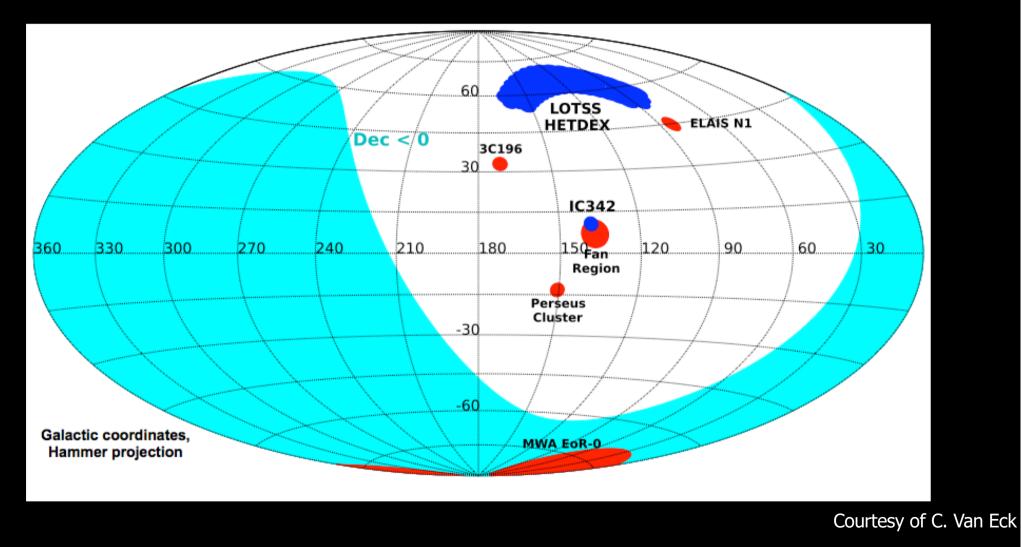




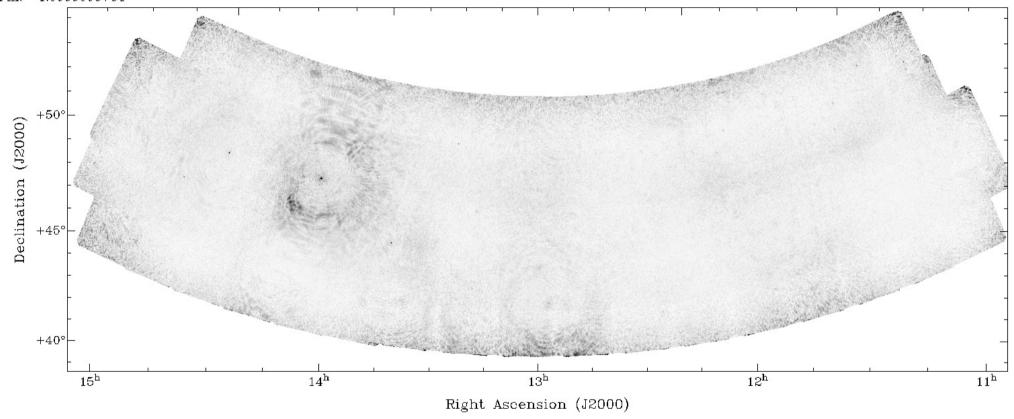
- Magnetic fields are ubiquitous in the Universe

 their origin, evolution and structure still
 remain open fundamental problems
- Due to its wide bandwidth at low frequency, LOFAR can:
 - Provide info on spectral properties of the synchrotron radiation
 - Trace magnetic fields far away from CR acceleration sites
 - Trace weak magnetic fields through Faraday rotation studies (RM synthesis)



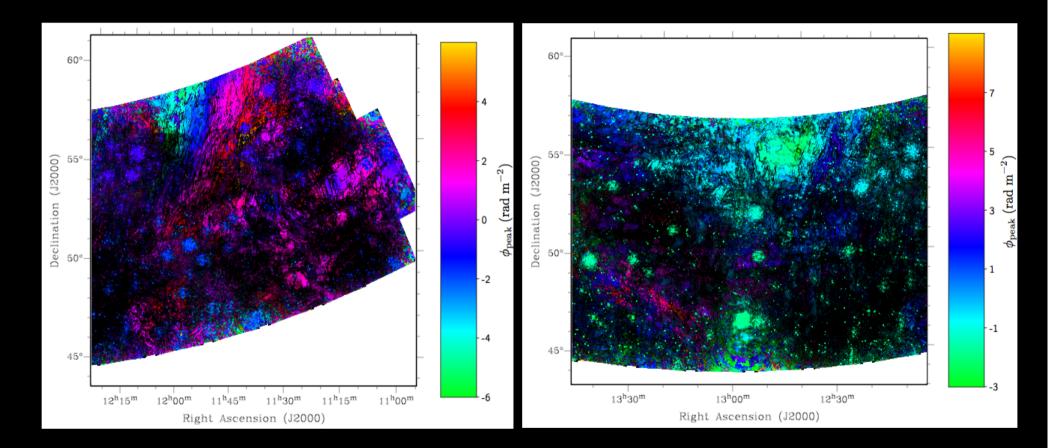


Phi: -1.000000e+01



60 LOTTS observations – 570 deg^2

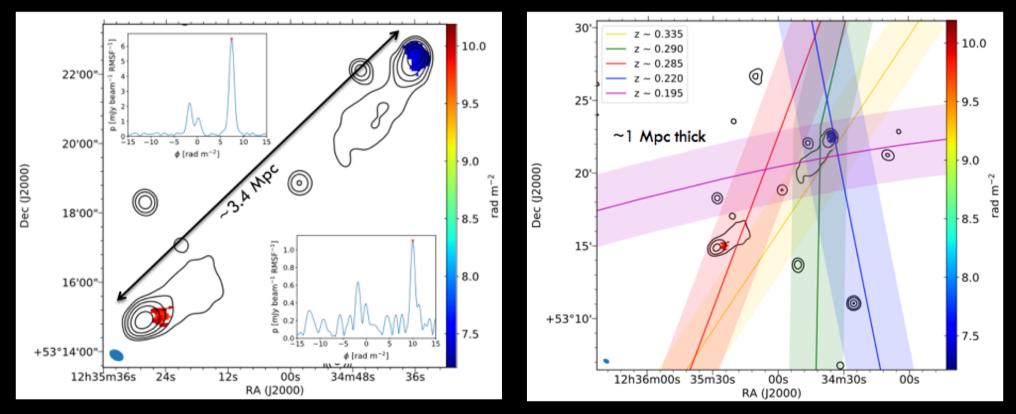
Courtesy of C. Van Eck



Color -> Faraday Depth of the peak Brightness -> Polarized intensity

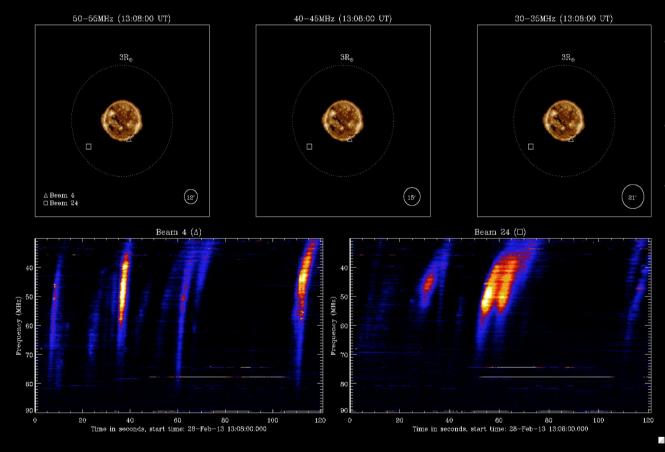
Courtesy of C. Van Eck

Probing magnetic fields in intergalactic filaments: excess of 2.5 rad/m² on 3.4 Mpc scales in Giant Radio Galaxy



Courtesy of S. O' Sullivan

SOLAR PHYSICS AND SPACE WEATHER



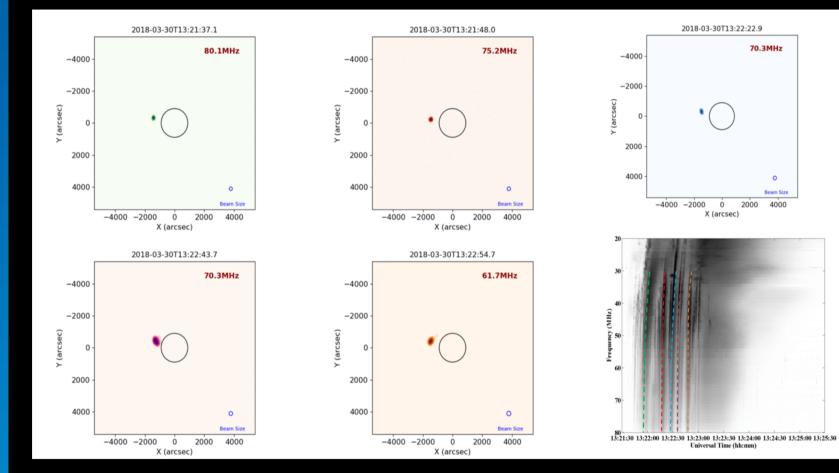
- Thermal radiation of the quiet Sun interspersed with intense radio bursts (flares and CMEs)
- LOFAR: dynamic spectroscopic radio imager
- Several type I-II-III radio bursts detected since 2011

See lecture L15 by Zucca on Friday

LOFAR tied array imaging of the Sun: electrons escaping the solar corona

Courtesy Morosan, Gallagher, Zucca, Fallows, Carley and the Solar KSP

SOLAR PHYSICS AND SPACE WEATHER



Interferometric images of type III bursts

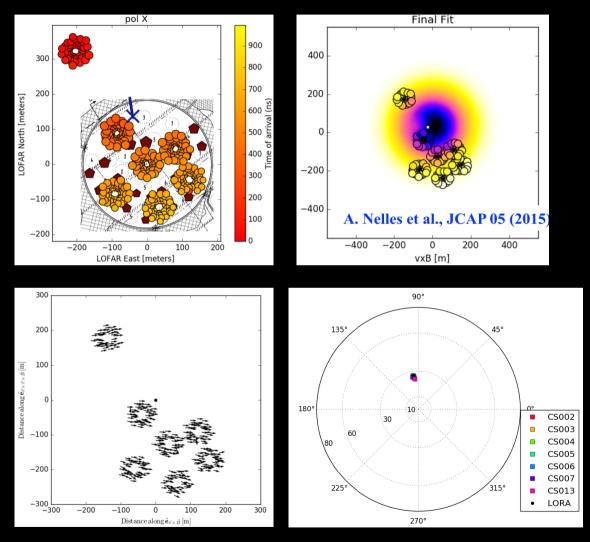
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Kumari & Zucca in prep.

COSMIC RAYS

- Through interaction with atmosphere -> air shower. If energy of the primary particle is high enough, air shower can be measured at ground level
- Low statistics of events measured on Earth (for E> 10¹⁹ eV, only 1 particle per century per square km) -> experiments with large effective areas are required to collect sufficient statistics

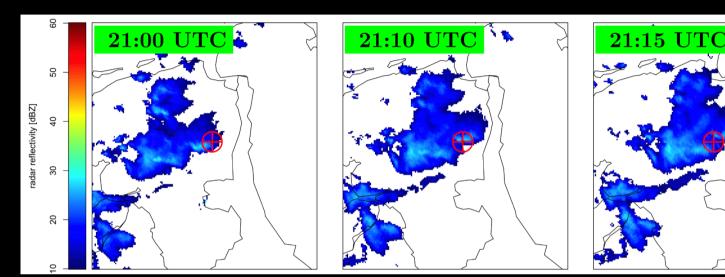
COSMIC RAYS

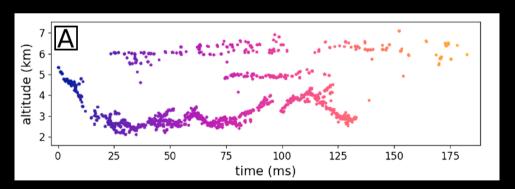


- Cosmic-ray events reconstruction between 10¹⁶ – 10¹⁸ eV -> acceleration and propagation mechanisms
- Distribution of radio footprint allows to reconstruct arrival direction, energy and mass composition of the primary particle.
- Best and most precise CR composition measurements to date (Buitink et al., Nature, 2016).
- Good reconstruction of polarization direction

Courtesy of L. Rossetto

COSMIC RAYS



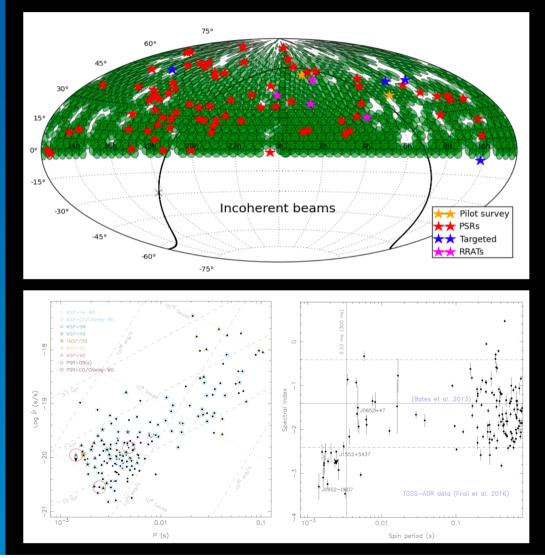


B. Hare et al. Journal of Geophysical Research (2018) 123 T.N.G. Trinh et al. Submitted to Journal of Geophysical Research (2018) Routine for mapping thunderstorm and lightning events:

- reconstruction of the on-sky position of the electric discharge
- mapping the electric fields within clouds during thunderstorms, and characterizing their influence on cosmic-rays radio emission

Courtesy of L. Rossetto

TRANSIENTS & PULSARS

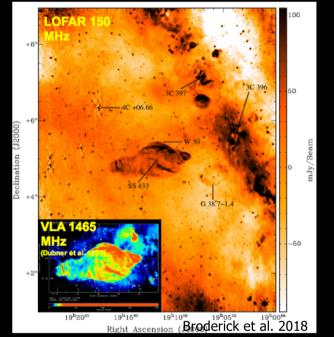


LOTAAS – LOFAR Tied Array All-Sky Survey - deepest low frequency pulsars survey ever performed:

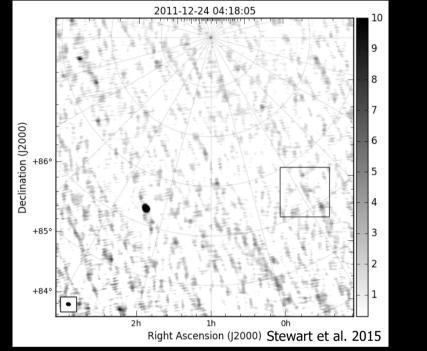
- Discover exotic pulsar systems to test gravity, constrain the physics of dense matter, and probe the pulsar emission mechanism
- Characterize the low-frequency transient radio sky on sub-second timescales
- Almost completed!
- 85 pulsars discovered so far
- One of the most successful pulsars surveys in the last decade
- Discovery of 3 MSPs with LOFAR, including the fastest MSP in the Galactic field (PSRJ0952-0607)
- > J0250+58: slowest PSR ever: 23.5 s period!

Courtesy of C. Bassa, V. Kondratiev and C. M. Tan See beamformed lectures on Thursday

TRANSIENTS & PULSARS

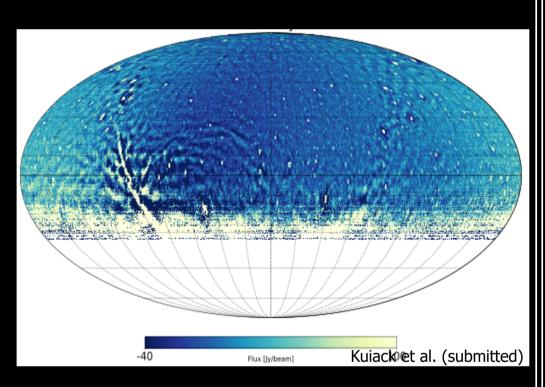


- W 50 morphology in excellent agreement with higher-frequency maps. 150-MHz integrated flux ~ 210 Jy.
- Most complete detection of radio shell of SNR G 38.7-1.4.
- SS 433 marginal variability at 150 MHz; rise corresponds to extended flaring activity at GHz frequencies.



- Detection of first LOFAR transient event (LBA)
- 400 h monitoring data of NCP (single LBA sub-band in MSSS).
- ILT J225347+862146: ~20 Jy at 60 MHz. Estimated time-scale of event ~4 min
- > Flare star? (Scattered) FRB with unusually steep radio spectrum (a < -4.7)?

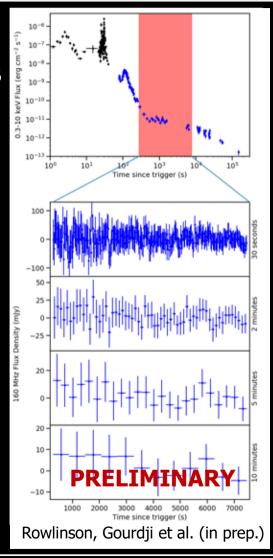
TRANSIENTS & PULSARS



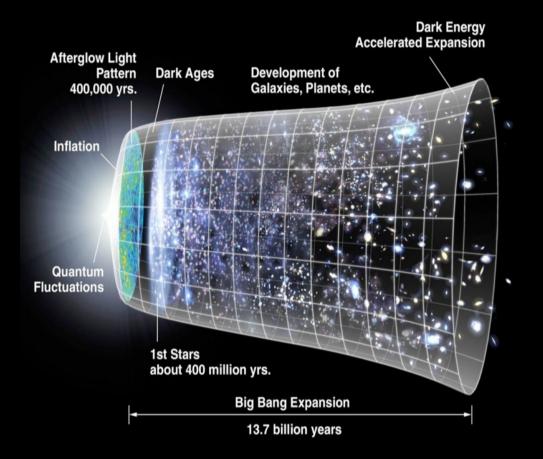
- AARTFAAC: Amsterdam-ASTRON Radio Transients Facility And Analysis Center
- > New AARTFAAC source catalogue at 60 MHz

LOFAR Rapid Response Observations of GRB 180706A

- Observations started within 5 minutes of the GRB
- top: X-ray light curve of the gamma-ray burst (GRB) detected by Swift Observatory. Red box: timescale of the LOFAR observations
- bottom: LOFAR light curve at the position of the GRB at 4 different timescales
- No emission was detected placing the deepest limits on this to date



EPOCH OF REIONIZATION



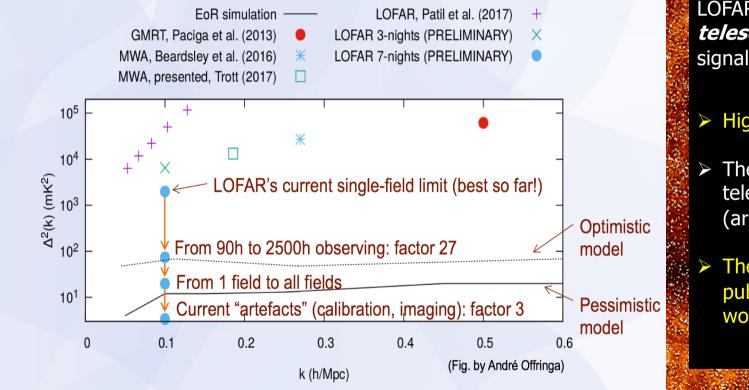
- When was the Universe reionized ?
- How (fast) did reionization proceed ?
- Which objects were responsible ? stars/galaxies, QSOs, or ...

Redshifted HI to frequency mapping $z = 6.7 \implies 185 \text{ MHz}$ $z = 8.5 \implies 150 \text{ MHz}$ $z = 11.4 \implies 115 \text{ MHz}$

Goal: Detect cosmological 21cm signal ($z\sim 6-10$) from the Epoch of Reionization

 \Rightarrow 1.5 Pbytes and 10²¹-10²² FLOP to extract signal!



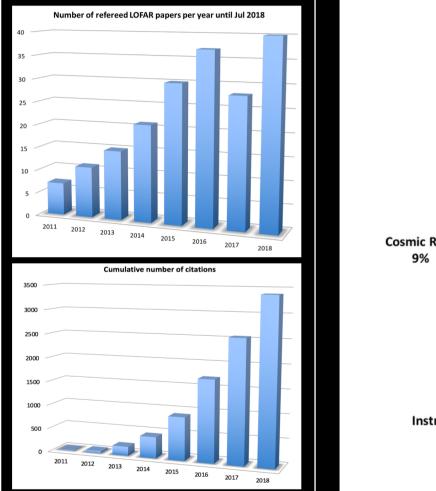


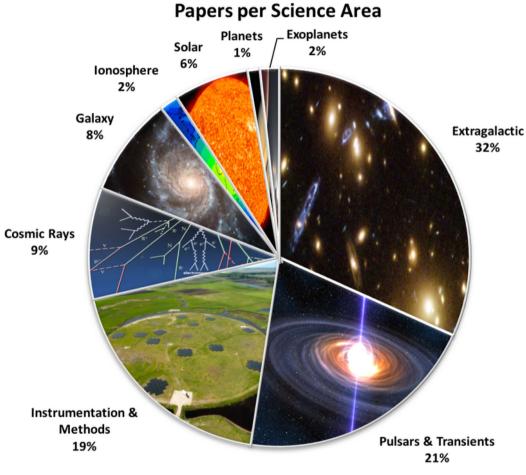
LOFAR is currently *the best telescope* to detect EoR signals:

High sensitivity

- The only low-frequency telescope with high (arcsec) resolution
- The LOFAR team has published the current world-leading upper limit

LOFAR SCIENCE OUTPUT





SUMMARY

LOFAR is generating great scientific data

LOFAR provides several unique scientific capabilities

NEW EXCITING DISCOVERIES ARE THERE FOR YOU TO MAKE!!!