JAVA based portable GRID storage access tools installation (no root access required)

This page describes the procedure to set up the tools for working directly on the srm storage. You may want to consider using the staging and download services provided by Astron if you just want to retrieve data from the archive: http://www.lofar.org/wiki/doku.php?id=public:lta_howto.

For the impatient: skip text and jump to the installation walk-through. (Assumes you have a grid certificate available and have been placed in the VOMS /lofar/user group.)

For further reading and a non-portable installation you might be interested in SRM software installation.

Installation of grid middleware used to be quite challenging although their is now often reasonable support via linux installation packages (see e.g. the page on SRM software installation. It is however possible to deploy the required client tools without the need for root access and reasonably independent of the OS, The setup below has been tested on Kubuntu 12.10 and Mac OS X 10.6.8. Since all programs are JAVA based, it is very likely that these packages can be made to work on other systems as well. However, the tools would require customized scripts as provided in the (s)bin directories.

General requirements

Given the title of this page, it is obviously necessary to start with a system with a JAVA VM installed (1.6 or higher). NB Since there is a known issue for the dCache/FNAL SRM client tools on openjdk-7, it may be required to install an alternative JVM than the system default and point JAVA_HOME to the alternative location.

The key elements in any minimal installation are:

- A valid (personal) grid certificate.
- Functionality to generate a proxy with VOMS attributes
- Functionality to initiate data transfers using SRM and the gsiftp protocol

Below, we will take a detailed look at each individual element. **Note** that you do not have to actually set everything up yourself and can simply use our prepackaged tarball.

Grid certificate

The procedure for obtaining a personal grid certificate is described here. The default locations for the private key and the signed certificate are respectively \$HOME/.globus/userkey.pem and \$HOME/.globus/usercert.pem. Alternative locations may be used but should than be configured by setting appropriate values for the X509_USER_KEY and X509_USER_CERT environment variables.

NB It is not required to store the personal certificate on the system that has the SRM clients installed.

These clients only require a valid 'proxy' generated from the certificate and it is perfectly possible to generate the proxy elsewhere and copy it to the SRM client system using e.g. scp or 'MyProxy' (to be further documented).

Note on security: By whatever means the certificate and/or proxy are generated, it is critical that the private key (stored as userkey.pem or in any other form) and the generated proxy (see below) are kept secure. These files should have set read/write access for only the owner (e.g. chmod 600 userkey.pem) and it is good practice to be very restrictive regarding the creation of copies, in particular on shared systems. In addition, the private key should always be secured by setting a (good) encryption password when it is generated.

Proxy generation

The voms-proxy-init tool from the VOMS client tools can be used to generate a proxy with VOMS attributes from the personal certificate.

Note that the previouly provided proxy-init.sh script from jLite is now discouraged because its encryption strength of 512 bit is not considered sufficient any more. SRM sites require a minimum strength of 1024 bit.

To allow setting of VOMS attributes for the LOFAR VO (Virtual Organisation), there are three additional steps to take:

- Create a vomses file to allow voms-proxy-init to contact the relevant VOMS server
- Create a file that contains the certificate chain for authentication of the VOMS server
- Install the set of trusted grid Certificate Authority (CA) certificates (these are also required by the SRM tools).

The 'vomses' file

To allow generation of proxies with LOFAR voms attributes, a 'vomses' file must exist that contains at least the following line:

```
"lofar" "voms.grid.sara.nl" "30019"
"/O=dutchgrid/O=hosts/OU=sara.nl/CN=voms.grid.sara.nl" "lofar"
```

VOMS server certificate chain

To allow the proxy generator to check the authenticity of the voms server, the chain of certificates for the the VOMS server must be provided in a file named '<voms_server_address>.lsc'. This file must be placed in a subdirectory with the name of the virtual organization which is placed in the VOMS directory (see below). For the lofar VO, this file is lofar/voms.grid.sara.nl.lsc which should contain the following lines:

```
/0=dutchgrid/0=hosts/OU=sara.nl/CN=voms.grid.sara.nl
/C=NL/O=NIKHEF/CN=NIKHEF medium-security certification auth
```

The VOMS directory location can be configured by setting the \$X509 VOMS DIR environment value.

Trusted grid CA certificates

If your system has been installed with grid software already, it is likely that the trusted CA certificates can be found in the default directory /etc/grid-security/certificates. If this is not the case, or you receive error messages related to not being able to determine the authenticity of a certificate, you can retrieve the latest certificates, e.g. from EUGridPMA, and place them in a directory of your choosing.

SRM client tools

There are (at least) two JAVA based packages that provide the required SRM client functionality, including support for the gsiftp (a.k.a. 'gridftp') protocol. One has been developed by Fermilab and is hosted by dCache. Another has been developed at Berkeley.

NB If the client srm copy call returns timeout messages, the most likely cause is that a firewall is blocking outward connections. The following ports are typically needed by the srm client tools: 8443/8444, 2811, and any port in the gridftp port range (typically in the range 20000 - 25000). Note that these ports are configured on the server side so this list may not be complete for all situations. If at all possible, it is advisable to configure the firewall to allow all outward connections. The next best option is to allow all outward connections to the domains that provide LOFAR LTA services (currently grid.sara.nl, fz-juelich.de, and target.rug.nl)

NB2 If you want to enable 'active' transfers, firewalls should allow incoming access to the ports configured as the globus port range (look in client documentation for more details). This type of transfer can improve performance as it will use multiple parallel connections for retrieving a file. For the FNAL/dCache client, 'active' transfers are initiated if the -server_mode=passive setting is omitted. For the Berkely client, parallel transfers will be initiated when the -parallelism parameter is set to a value larger than 1. Since in most cases LOFAR datasets consist of a large number of files, a similar performance improvement can be achieved by splitting the set of files over multiple srm copy processes.

FNAL/dCache client tools

We provide a slightly modified package: srm client tools (or alternatively srm client tools (Java 6)). This contains updated scripts that allow installation in any directory. The client can be unpacked anywhere after which the \$SRM_PATH environment variable should be set to the root directory of the unpacked tarball. Additionally, the \$SRM_PATH/bin directory should be added to \$PATH and trusted CA certificates must be installed. Finally, a valid proxy must be available in the default grid location (/tmp/x509up_u<UID>) or in the location configured as \$X509_USER_PROXY. You should now be able to retrieve a file from the LOFAR LTA:

srmcp -server_mode=passive
srm://srm.grid.sara.nl/pnfs/grid.sara.nl/data/lofar/ops/fifotest/file1M

file:///`pwd`/file1M

Prepackaged tarball

We provide the Lofar Grid Clients tarball that comes prepackaged with the above (except your personal grid certificate of course) to allow easy access to the LOFAR VO. Extract the tarball to a directory of your liking and source 'init.sh' if you use Java 7 or 'init_java6.sh' if you use Java 6 to set up the environment. You can voms-proxy-init for generating a proxy and voms-proxy-info for inspecting the generated proxy.

Walkthrough

This walkthrough guides you to setting up the prepackaged tarball (containing the FNAL/dCache SRM client tools) on your system. It assumes a bash-like shell.

- Store your private key in \$HOME/.globus/userkey.pem
- Change private key permissions to owner-read-only:

```
chmod 400 $HOME/.globus/userkey.pem
```

- Store your signed certificate in \$HOME/.globus/usercert.pem
- Download the Lofar Grid Clients
- Untar package in directory of your choosing:

```
tar -xvzf lofar_grid_clients.tar.gz
```

• Determine your java version:

```
java -version
```

Source init.sh (Java 7) or init_java6 (Java 6) in lofar_grid/, e.g. :

```
. lofar_grid/init.sh
```

Set proxy environment variable to preferred location:

```
export X509 USER PROXY=<proxy location>
```

• Generate a proxy:

```
voms-proxy-init -voms lofar:/lofar/user
```

• Test data retrieval:

```
srmcp -server_mode=passive
srm://srm.grid.sara.nl/pnfs/grid.sara.nl/data/lofar/ops/fifotest/file1M
file:///file1M
```

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• Done! NB You will of course need to put all export commands (with full paths where appropriate) in a shell start-up script like '.bashrc' to make them permanent.

Note: For (t)csh, use *.csh init scripts and 'setenv <key> <value>' instead of 'export <key>=<value>'.

Troubleshoot

- OpenJDK 7 seems not to be capable of dealing with the certificate, make sure to run Java provided by Oracle
- Maybe your private key uses an unsupported algorithm. You might want to try the following command:

openssl rsa -des3 -in .globus/userkey.pem -out .globus/userkey.pem

- Error: org.glite.voms.contact.VOMSException: AC validation failed!
 - Have you registered at the Lofar VO? -> https://voms.grid.sara.nl:8443/voms/lofar
 - You need to have the certificate installed in your browser for this

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