

Exploitation of LOFAR surveys to study galaxy clusters

Cycle-0: status

Francesco de Gasperin

LC0_037 (PI: Bruggen) has been awarded **156** observing hours and **224** processing hours.

Cluster	HBA	LBA	Lead
Coma	10 hr		Annalisa
Perseus	10 hr		Emanuela
A2256	10 hr	18 hr	Reinout
A2255	10 hr		Roberto
Sausage	10 hr		Reinout/Andra
Toothbrush	10 hr	16 hr	Reinout/Francesco
MACS0717+3745	10 hr	16 hr	Annalisa
A1682	10 hr		Giulia
A1914	10 hr	16 hr	Chiara

HBA

HBA dual inner - 8 bit - 1s integration time

Strong calibrator observed for 10 min at the beginning and end of the observation

Calibrator within the tile beam for Clock/TEC separation

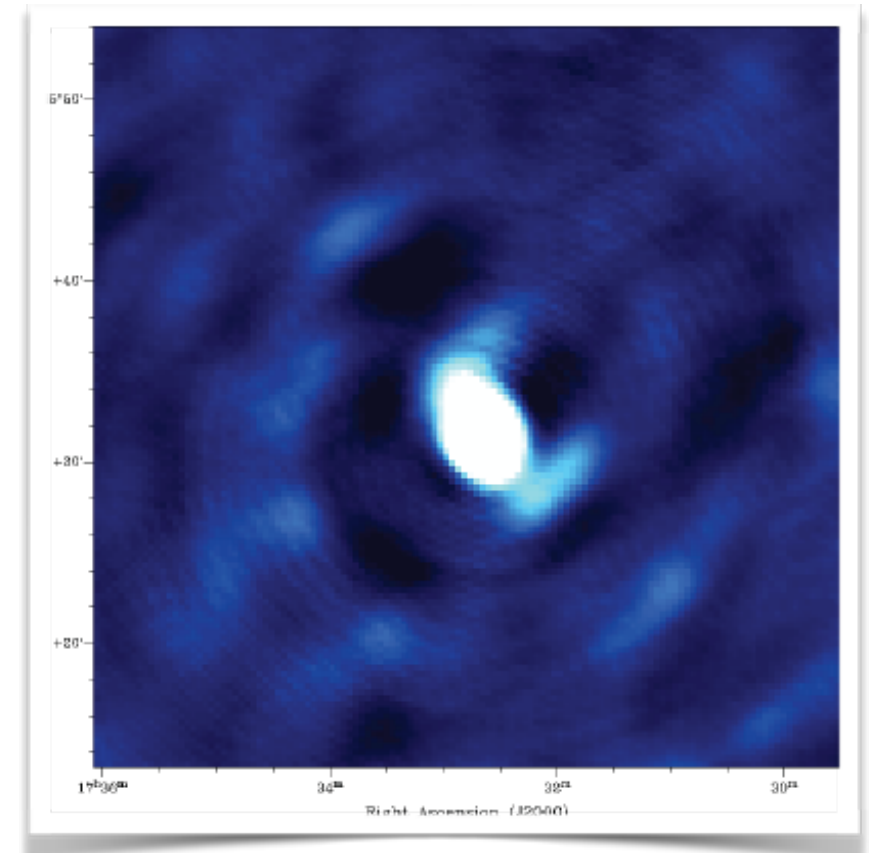
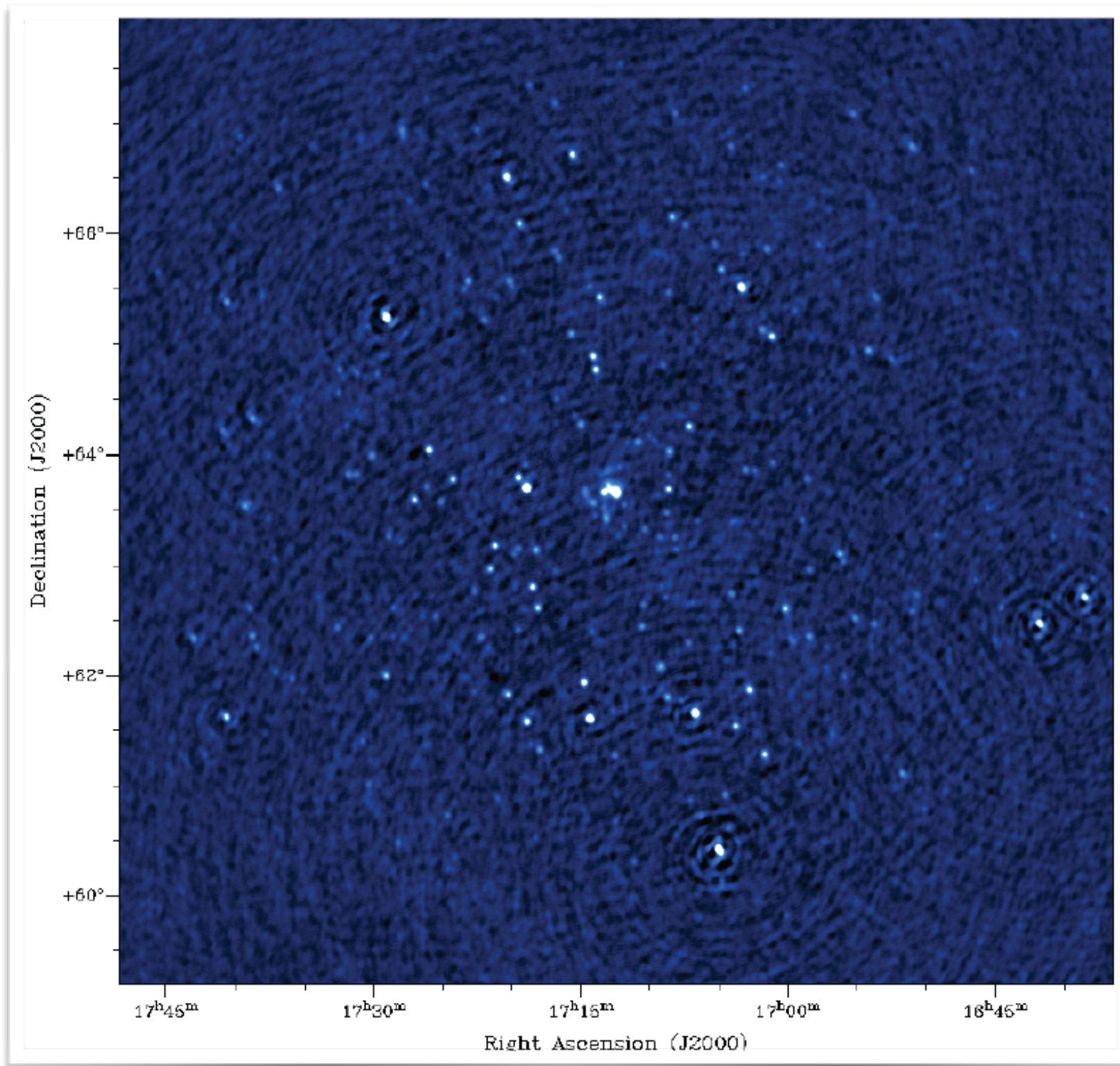
LBA

LBA_OUTER - 8 bit - 2s integration time

48 MHz beam to the target field and a 48 MHz beam to a calibrator

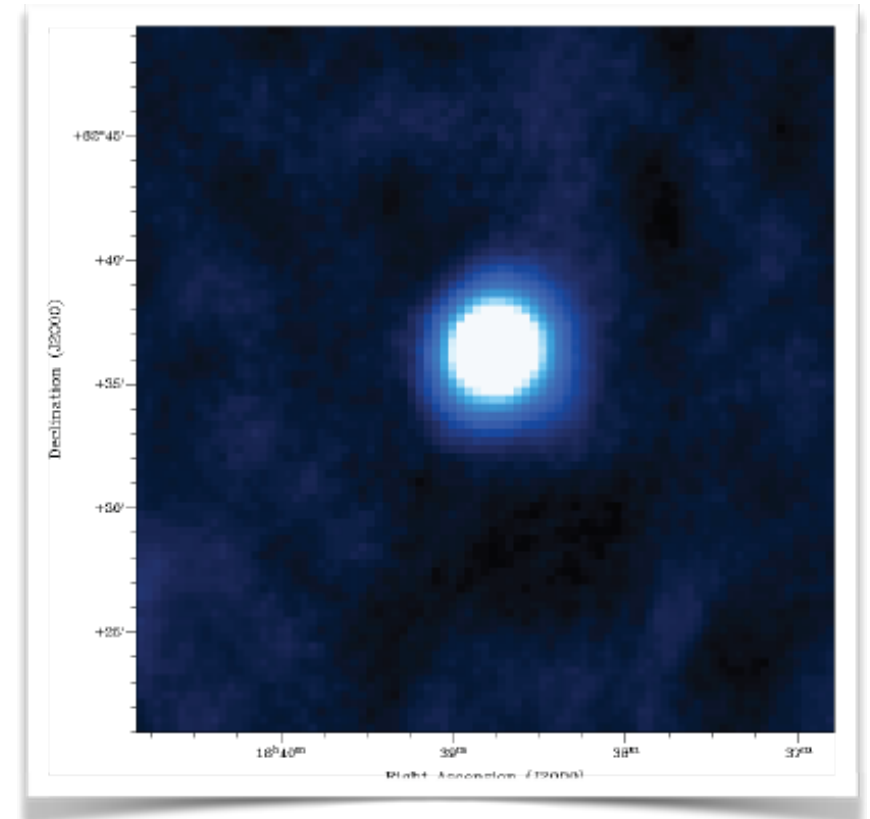
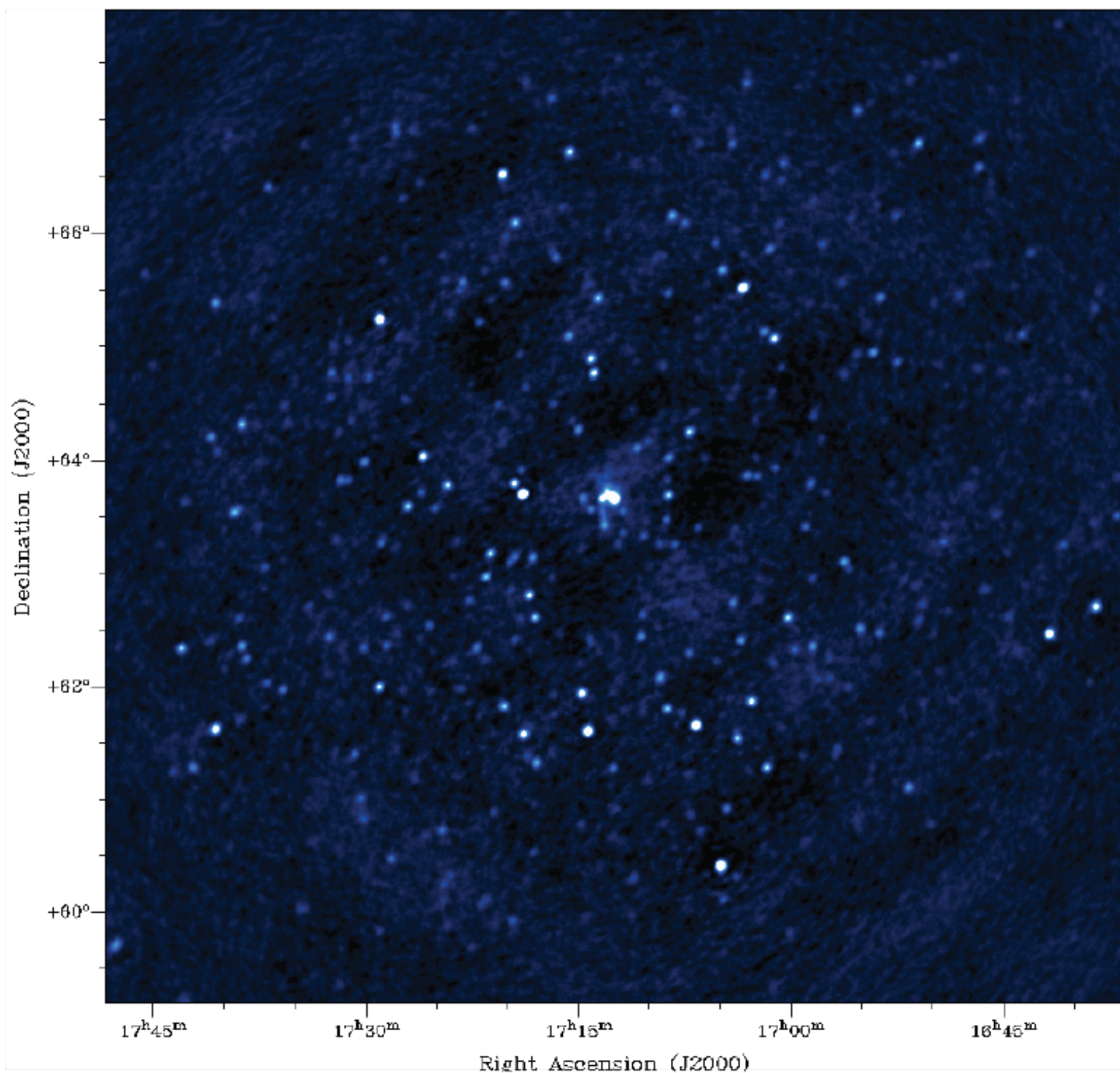
Abell 2255 (HBA)

2011 Observation



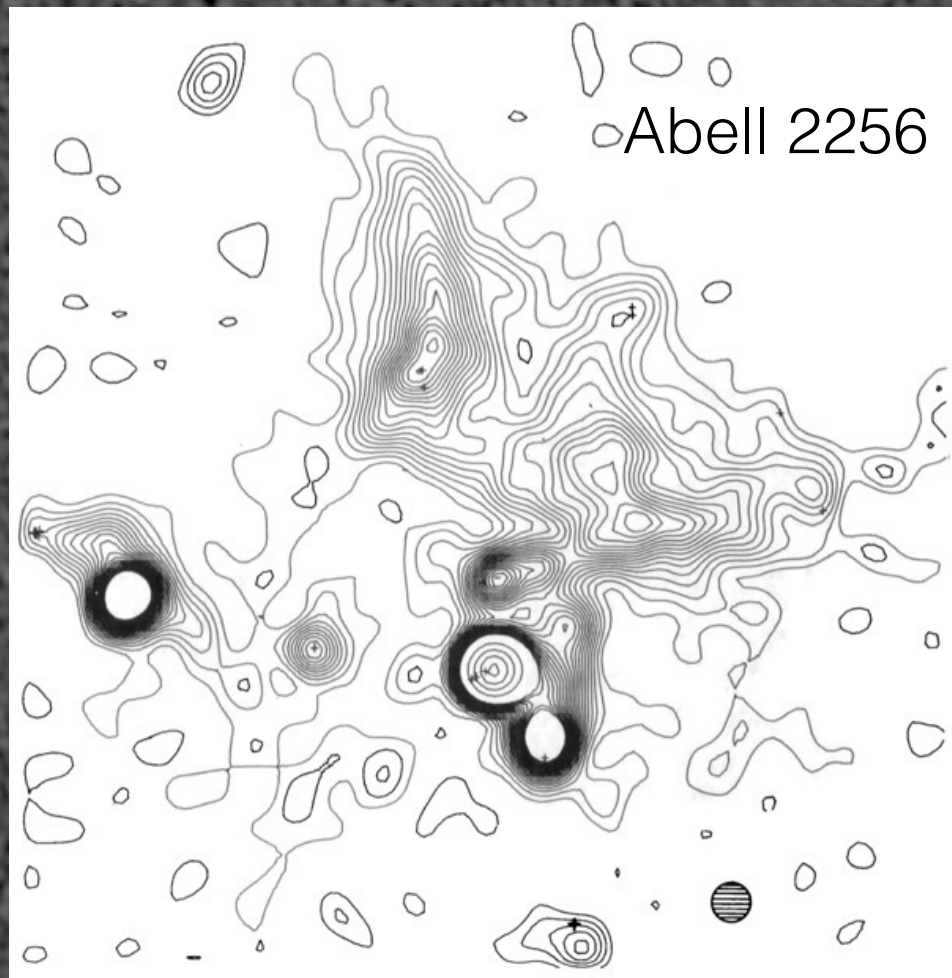
Abell 2255 (HBA)

2013 Observation



Noise improved
by a factor of 2

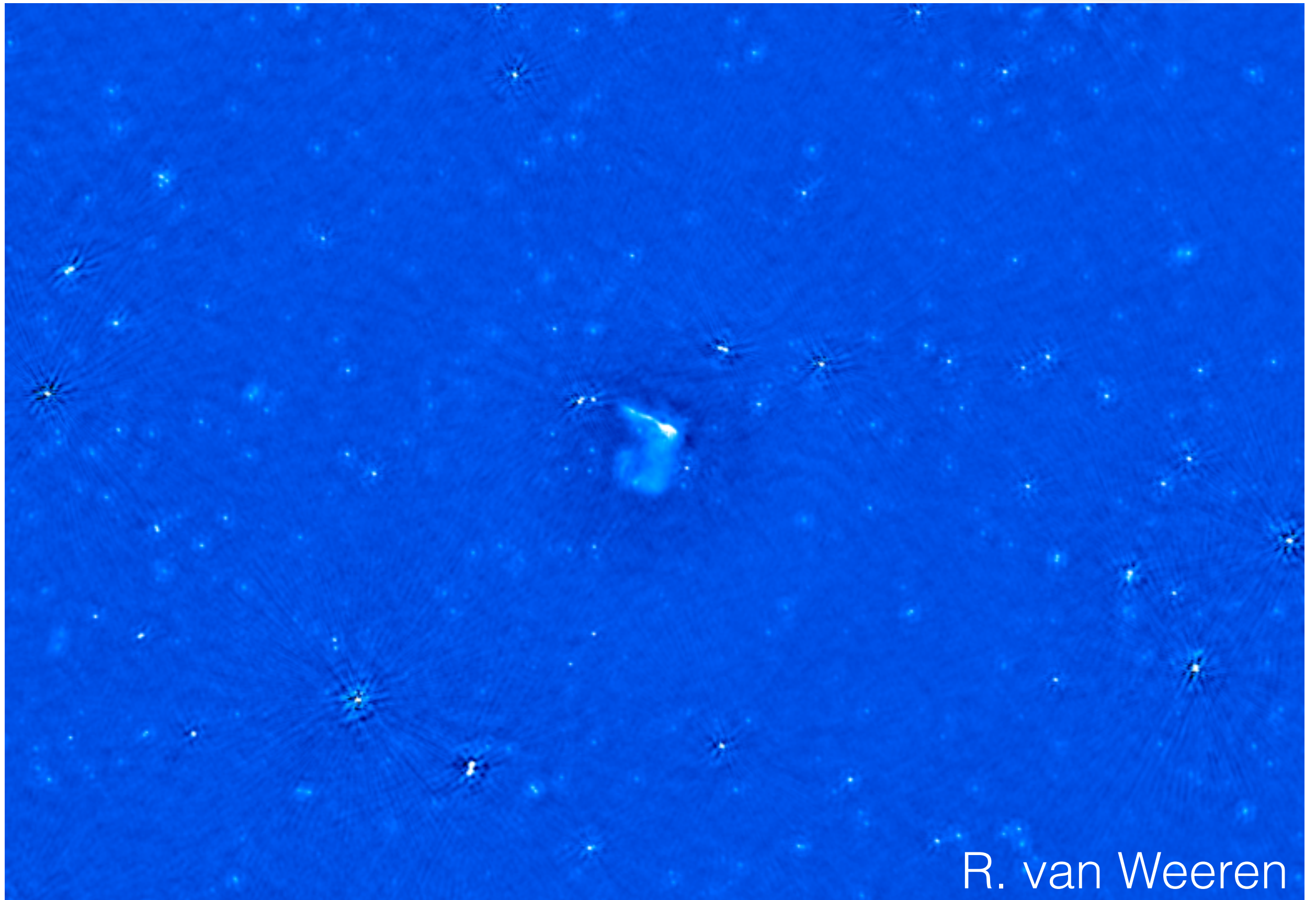
R. Pizzo



Bridle, Formalont, Miley & Valentijn (1979):
WSRT 610 MHz

- LOFAR HBA 150 MHz
- 2 MHz bandwidth (out of 72 MHz)
- max. baseline 4 km

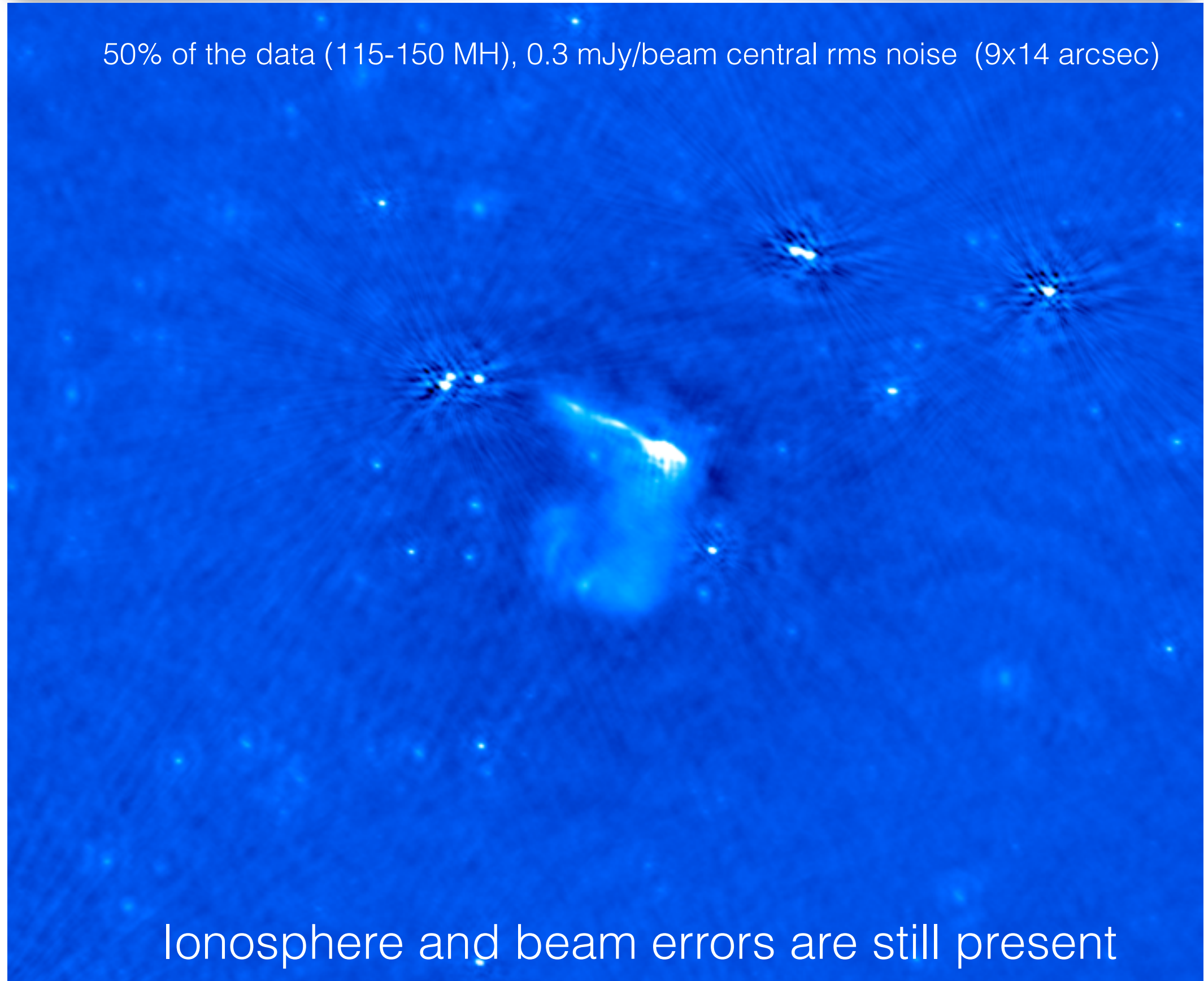
Toothbrush (HBA)



R. van Weeren

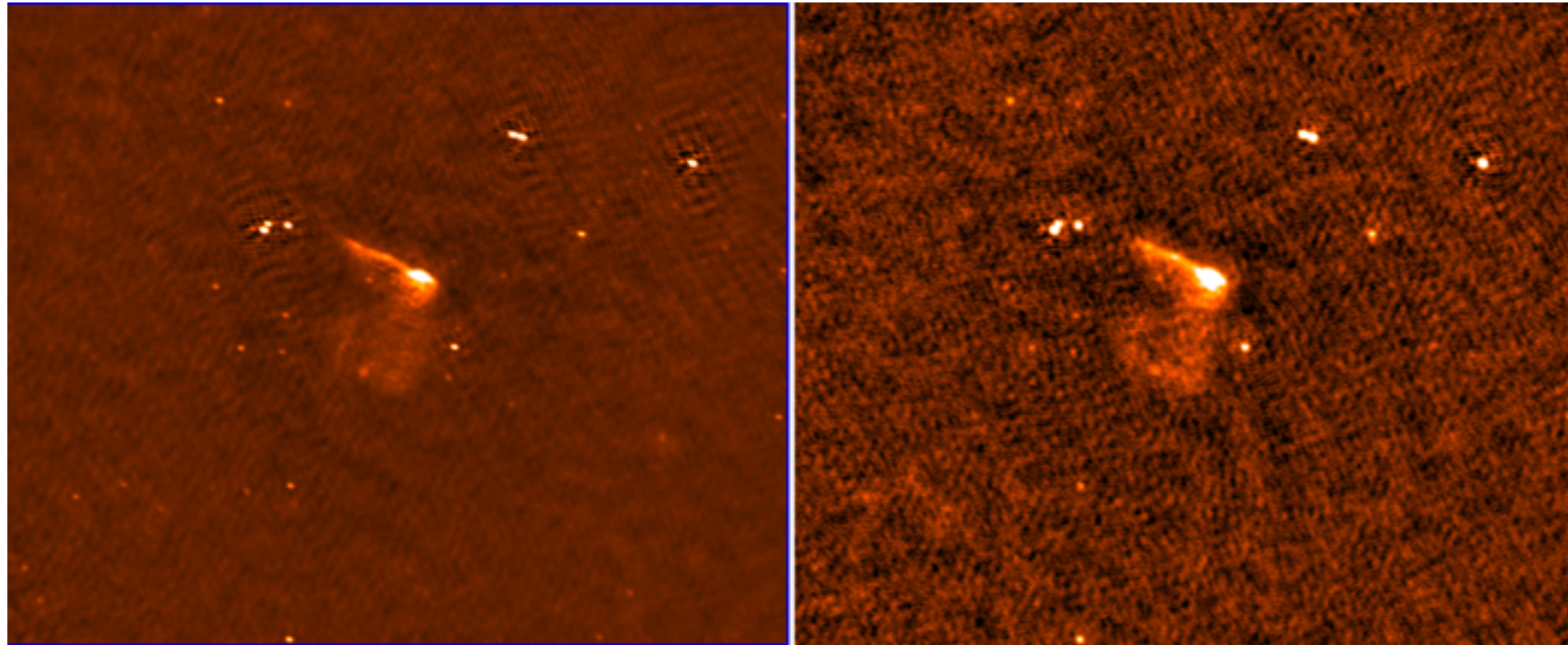
Toothbrush (HBA)

50% of the data (115-150 MHz), 0.3 mJy/beam central rms noise (9x14 arcsec)



Ionosphere and beam errors are still present

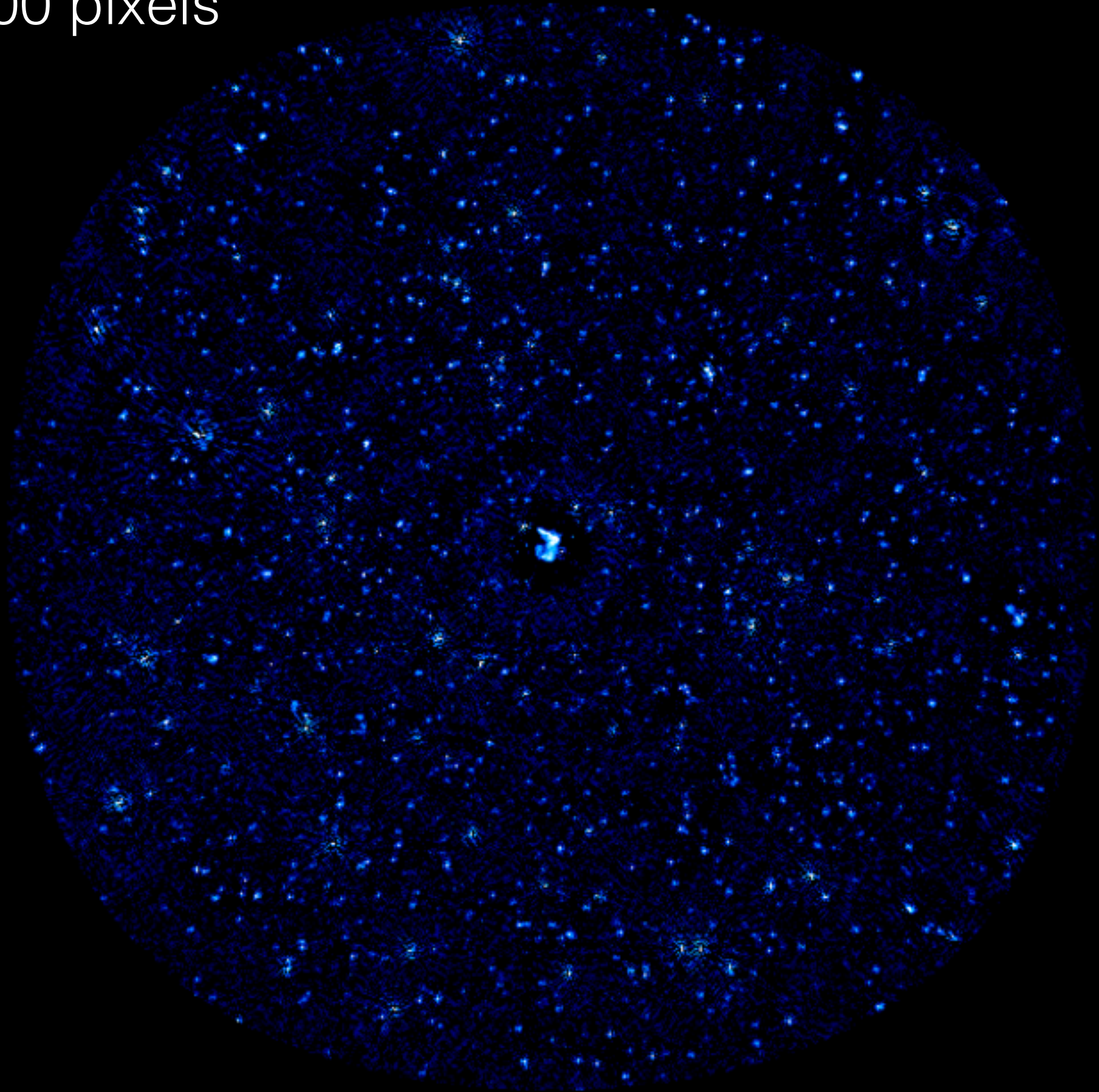
Toothbrush (HBA)



10 hrs LOFAR @150 MHz
- 3 % of the data,
- 1/4 of the resolution available

10 hrs LOFAR @150 MHz
- 0.5 % of the data,
- 1/4 of the resolution available

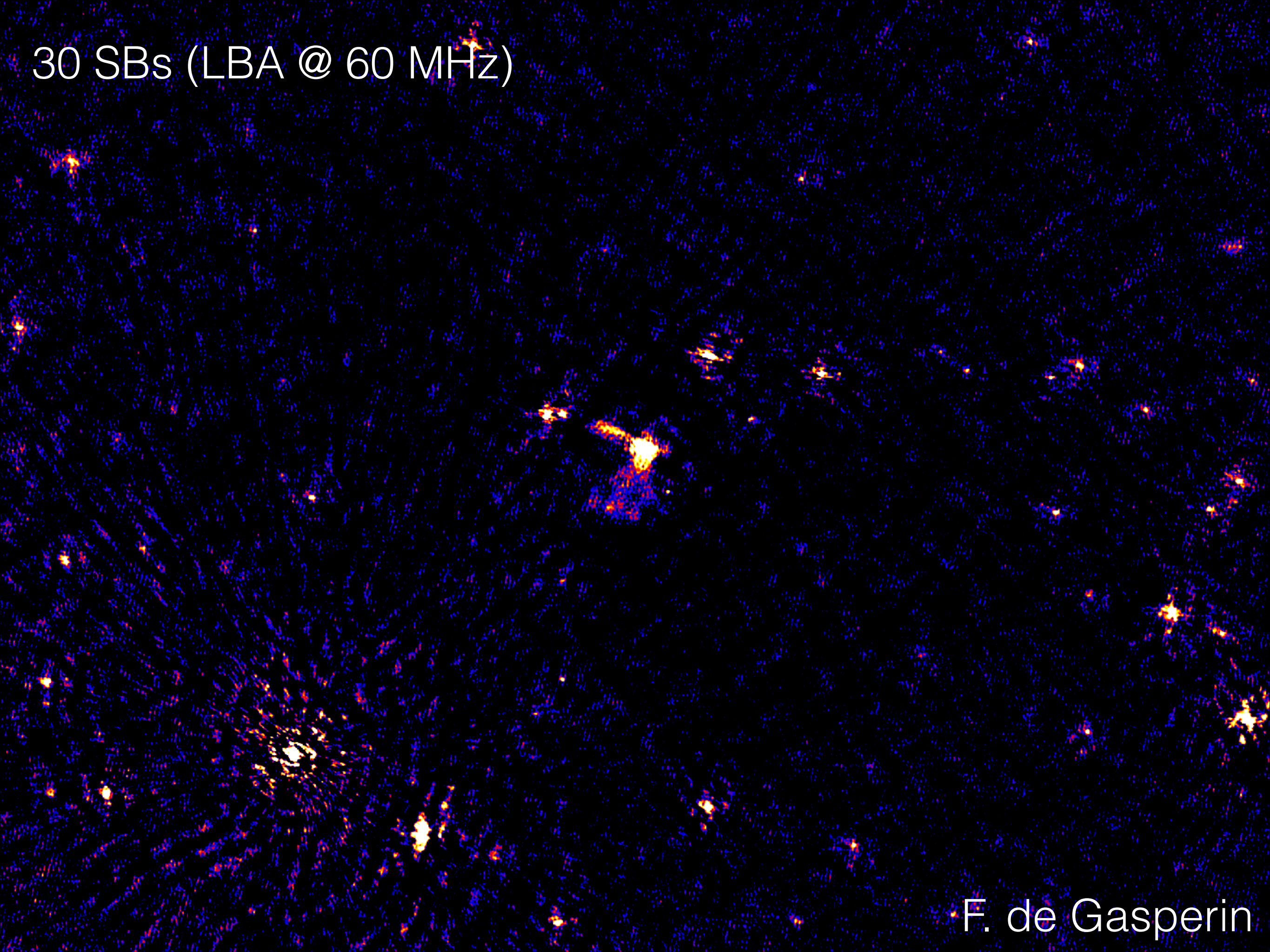
12000x12000 pixels



4°



30 SBs (LBA @ 60 MHz)



F. de Gasperin

10 degrees

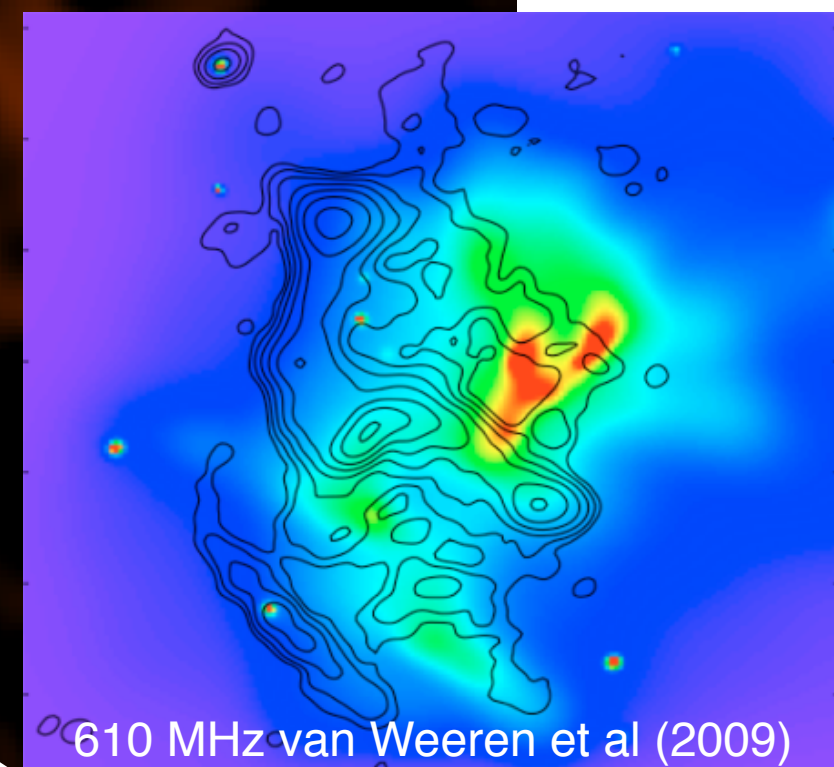
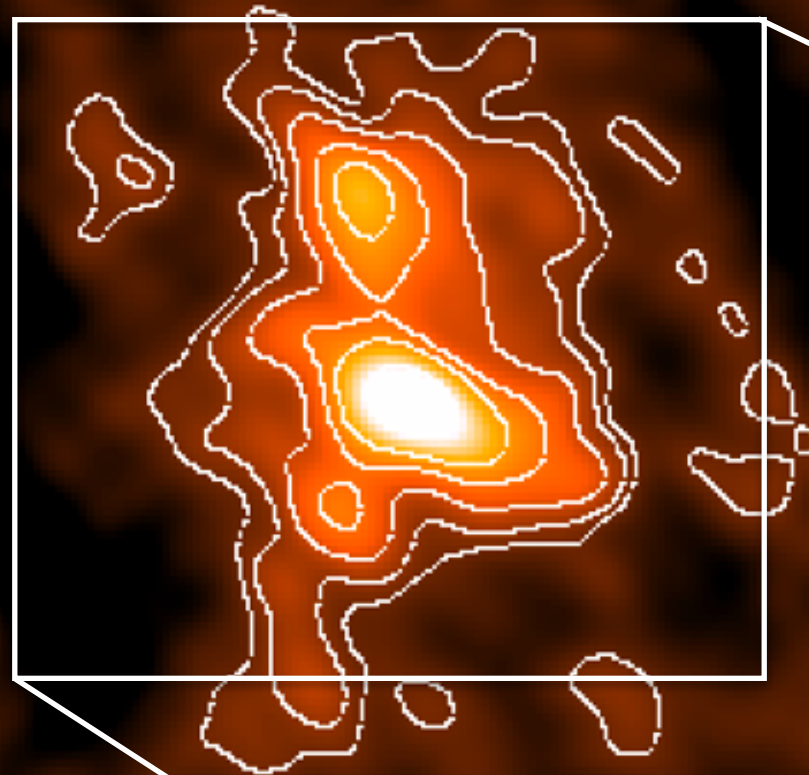
Image at 150 MHz,
5 MHz Bandwidth [10% of data]

25" resolution
rms noise ~ 0.2 mJy/beam

MACS (HBA)

150 MHz,
5 MHz Bandwidth [10% of data]
25" resolution
rms ~ 0.2 mJy/beam

500 kpc



A. Bonafede

Next steps

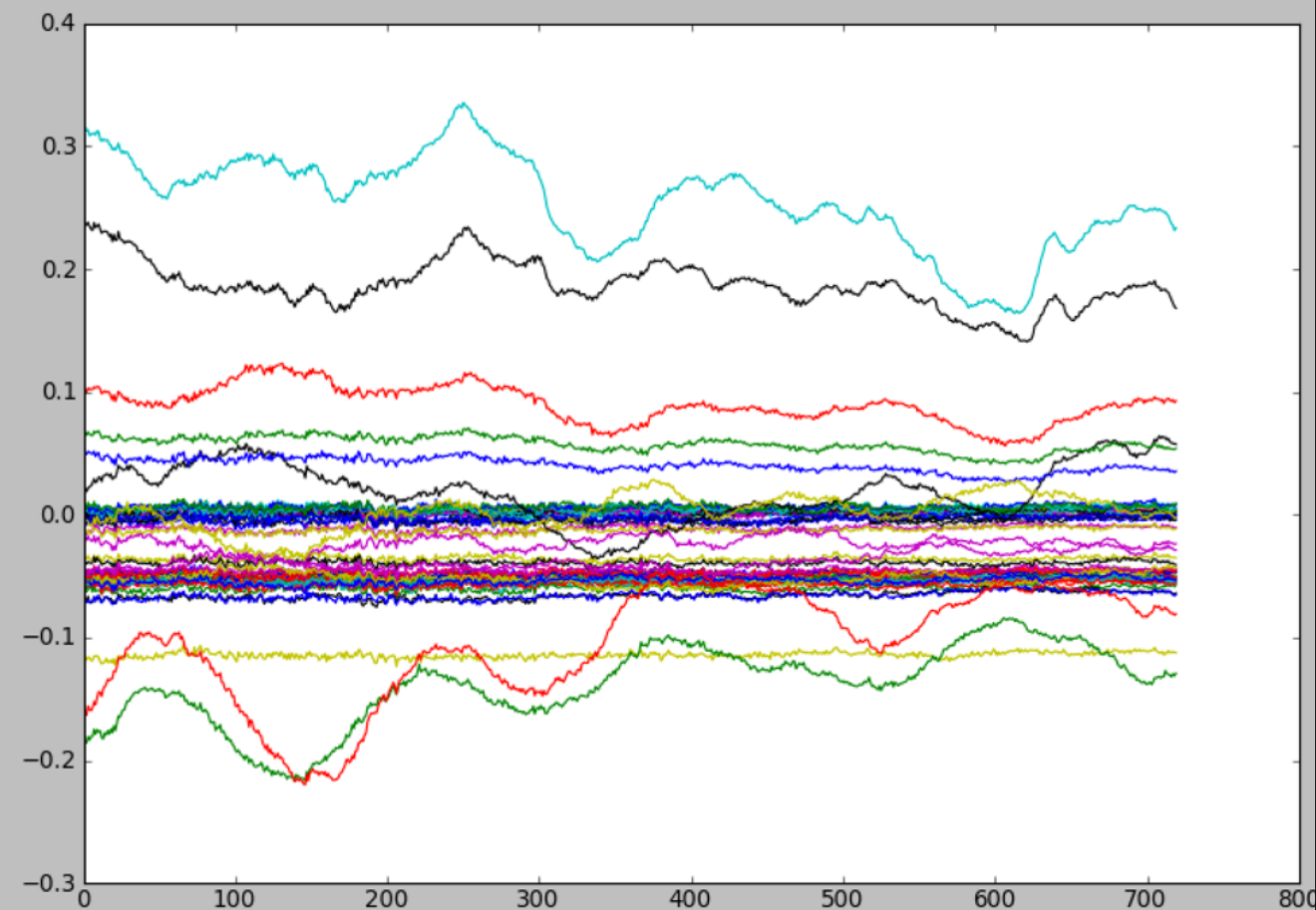
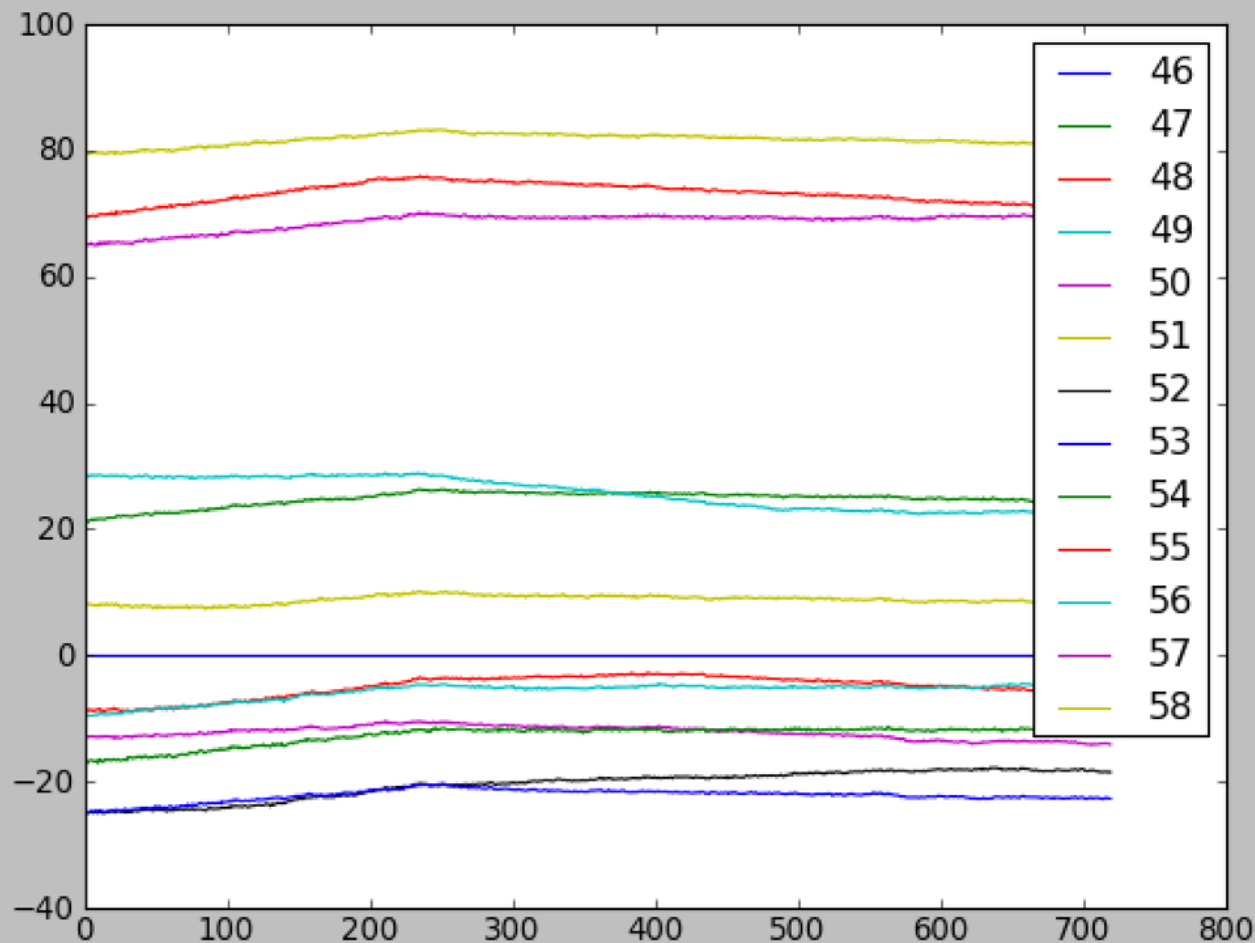
DDE correction procedure I:

- Clock/TEC separation on calibrator
- TEC-screen fit and correction

Clock fit

Coma (HBA)

dTEC fit



Next steps

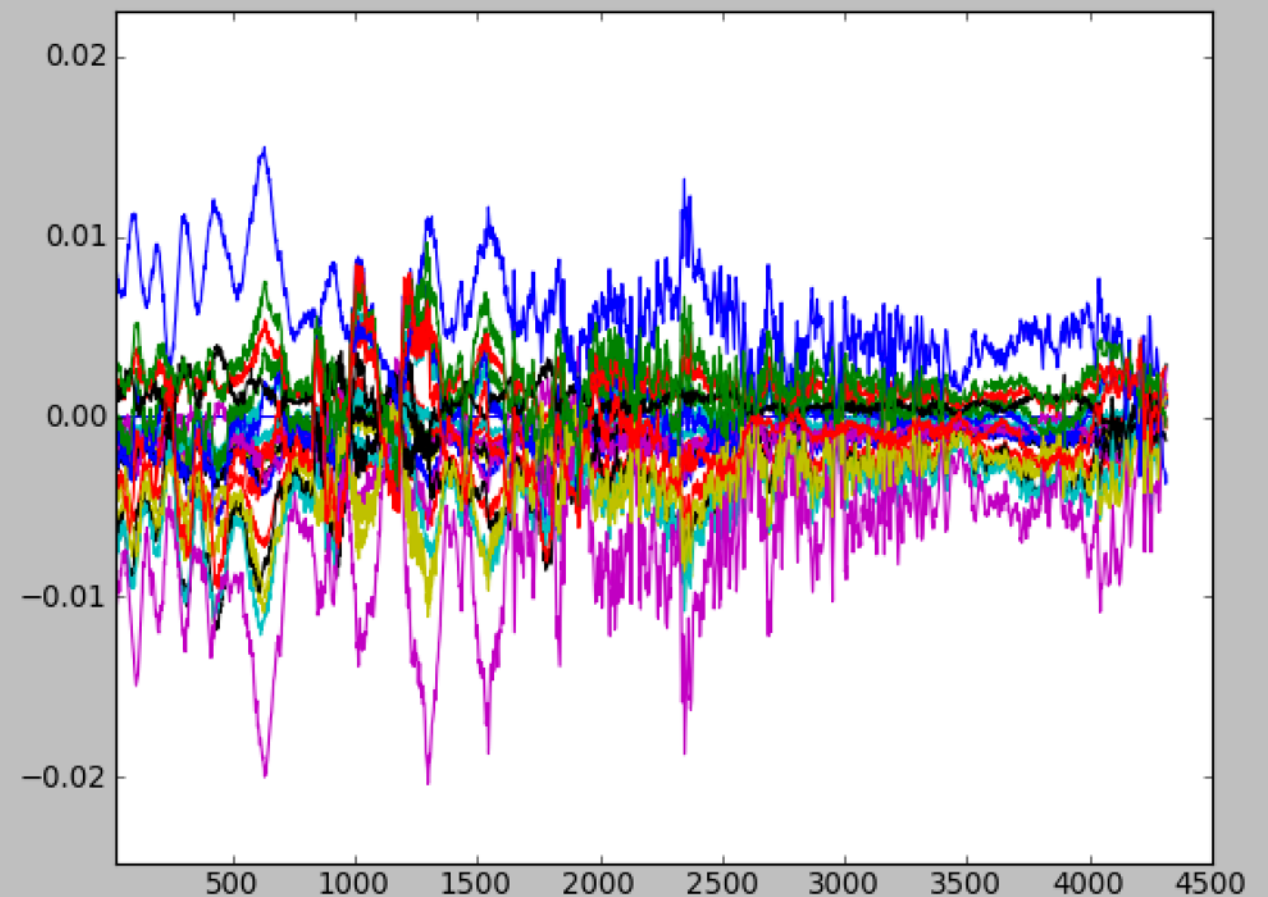
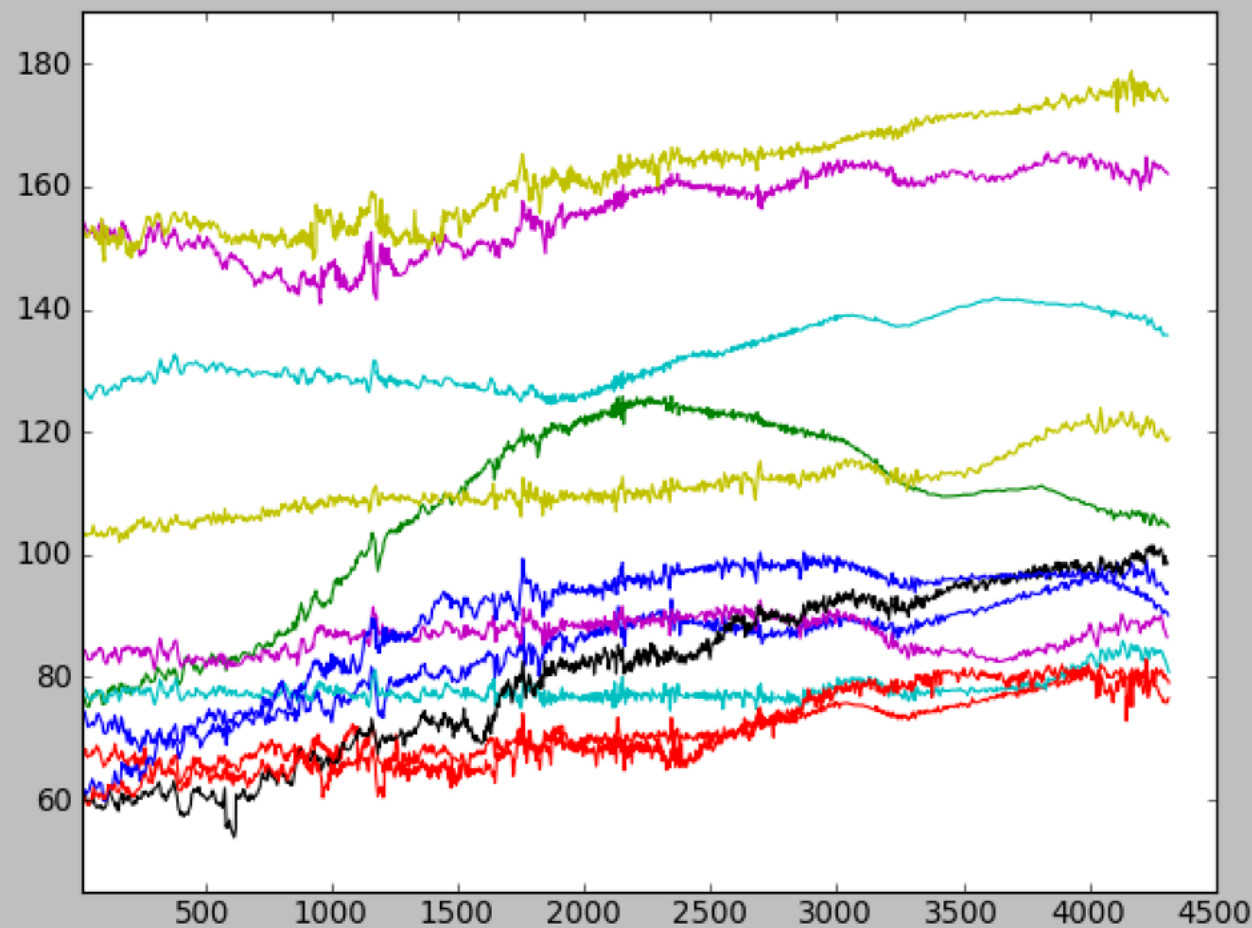
DDE correction procedure I:

- Clock/TEC separation on calibrator
- TEC-screen fit and correction

Clock fit

MACS (LBA)

dTEC fit



Next steps

DDE correction procedure II:

- Directional-dependent calibration (amp&phase)
- Iterative peeling of clusters (to increase the S/N) of sources

- Promising results in HBA
- Tests undergoing in LBA (more difficult: less S/N, wider FoV, worst ionosphere)

Notes:

- Selfcal on phases improves the image, but only to a certain extent
- Selfcal on amp needed in order to take beam errors into account