

LOFAR Imaging Busy Week I

LOFAR status meeting

About the busy week....

- Brought to you by the Survey KSP led by John McKean & myself.
- ~15 people here from across Europe
- Support from observatory staff, R&D and software people has been invaluable!
- Louise and Francesco even more invaluable.....

Goals of the busy week

- Implementing BBS on all subbands (more info about observations later...)
- Imaging / deconvolution (using cimager)
- Long baselines
- Image analysis (source detection & characterization)
- Ionospheric issues
- Primary beam and global bandpass (?)
- Overall goal: test all aspects of imaging pipeline... the "beat Sarod" project?

Imaging pipeline



Existing 3C196 data...

- Data calibrated and imaged by Sarod using MeqTrees
- LBA and HBA data, 3 stations (CS302, RS307, RS503)
- 72 subbands, 3 second integrations



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Our new observations

- Re-observation of the 3C196 field using LBA-inner.
 Now with 5 Dutch stations + 1 Effelsberg station. Still 72 SB / 5sec integration
- Addition of RS106 and RS208 greatly improves the uv coverage.
- Observation set up to run over the weekend, starting in early afternoon of Friday 14 August till morning of Monday 17 August.
- Plan: copy data to processing clister upges Monday morning, run DPPP Monday afternoon, and valuerate starting Tuesday morning.

Station layout (Dutch stations)



Station layout (all)



Station layout (all)



uv coverage (Dutch stations) @ dec of 3c196, 24hr



uv coverage (all stations) @ dec of 3c196, 24hr



Observation issues

- Jason discovered on Friday that the Effelsberg station coordinates (lat,long) were flipped. This was fixed, and the station restarted while the observation was ongoing
- Ger analyzed the first data, and found no fringe on baselines with RS106 and RS208. This was tracked down (very quickly!) to a problem with the GPS coordinates - upshot: the station time was wrong. This too was fixed and the stations restarted.
- Observation continued for a while to allow clocks to stabilize, and restarted Saturday midday. Ger immediately found fringes on all Dutch baselines!

Fringe rate - delay plot CS302-RS503

• Using python script "borrowed" from Michiel.



Fringe rate - delay plot RS208-DE001

• Using python script "borrowed" from Michiel.



Software issues....

- Goal for DPPP:
 - Flagging (using MADFlagger; now dubbed "MADslowFlagger")
 - MAD = Minimal Adjustment of Data ???
 - Compression (256 channels -> 1 channel, no averaging in time)
- Median filtering, so depends strongly on window size. Using suggested parameters - window size 21 - each subband takes ~4 hours to process.
 Significant RFI remained, due to interference lasting >~ 21 samples.

Some leftover RFI



Software issues....

- Shortlived new plan:
 - Compress data in frequency with minimal flagging
 - Flag (now much smaller) new dataset with larger time window.
- However.... DPPP will not take its own output as an input.
- (Temporary!!) solution: Manual flagging of the worst RFI using casapy. Later today we will use these datasets to continue calibrating
- Sidenote: at the moment, difmap (+ Neal) = more effective than our imaging pipeline..... (but of course to be fair, it lacks several required features)

Software issues....

- Next problem: BBS expects a CORRECTED_DATA column, which is not added to the MS by DPPP. This has to be fixed manually.
- Next next problem: DPPP writes incorrect UVW coordinates to the output MS (beginning and end of observation; center times are OK).
 - This led to mirroring and source position errors in maps produced with the MS output from DPPP.
 - This too must be fixed by hand Sarod and Louise have worked around this issue yesterday.
- The UVW issue may be fixed in a new version of DPPP, which may run starting today. This requires testing!



Stay tuned.....

• we work till end of day on Friday.... there will be more progress (and daily images) before then!