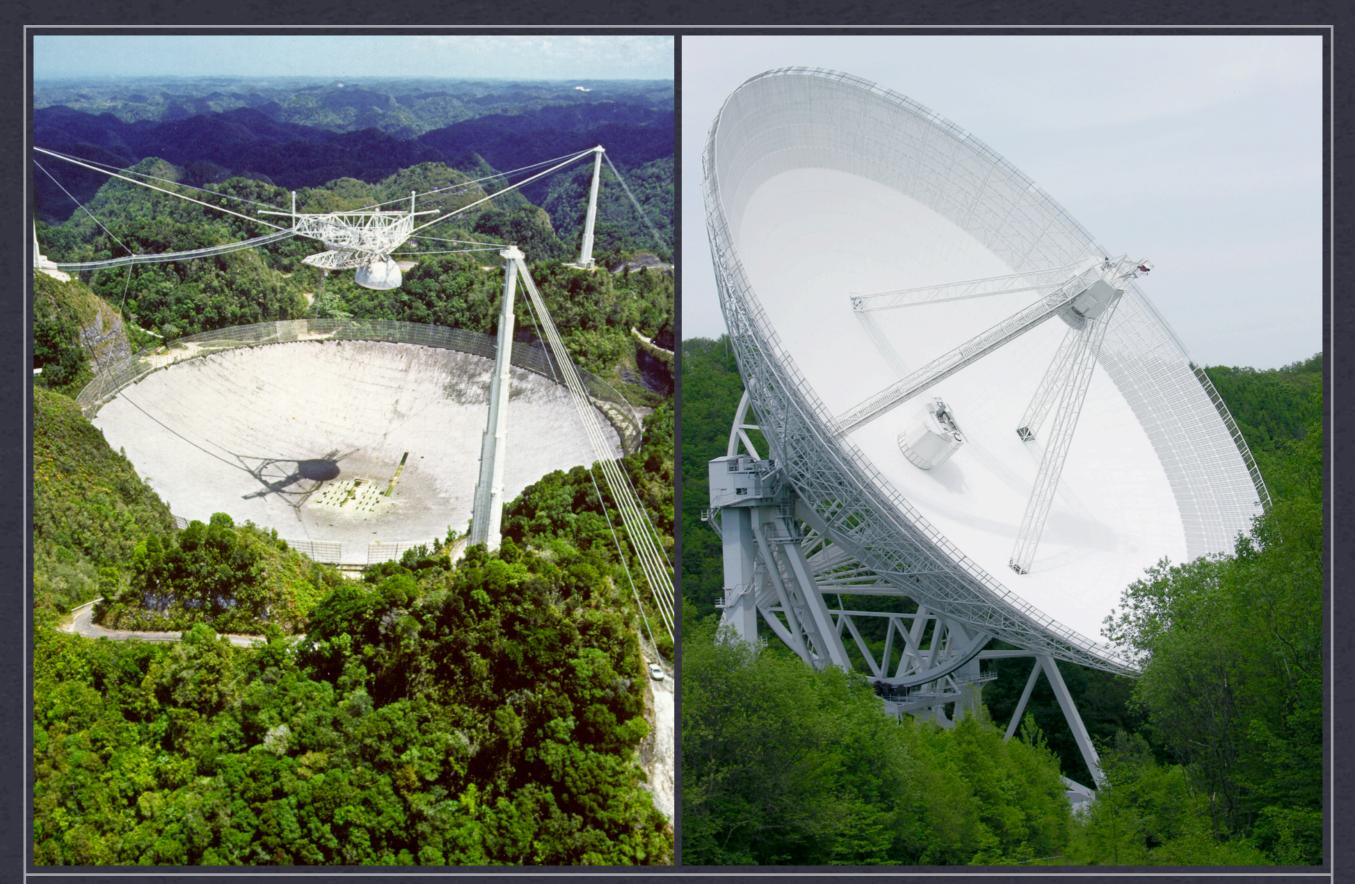


An introduction to LOFAR John Swinbank swinbank@transientskp.org

2010-09-09

Overview

"Next-generation" radio telescopes
Overview of the LOFAR system
Science goals, pipelines and data products



THE "BIG DISH" ARECIBO, PUERTO RICO (305 METRES)

EFFELSBERG, GERMANY (100 METRES)



HIGH RESOLUTION: APERTURE SYNTHESIS VERY LARGE ARRAY, NEW MEXICO WESTERBORK SYNTHE

WESTERBORK SYNTHESIS RADIO TELESCOPE, NL



LOFAR HAS DIPOLES, NOT DISHES LOW BAND (30–80 MHZ) HIGH BAND (120–240 MHZ)

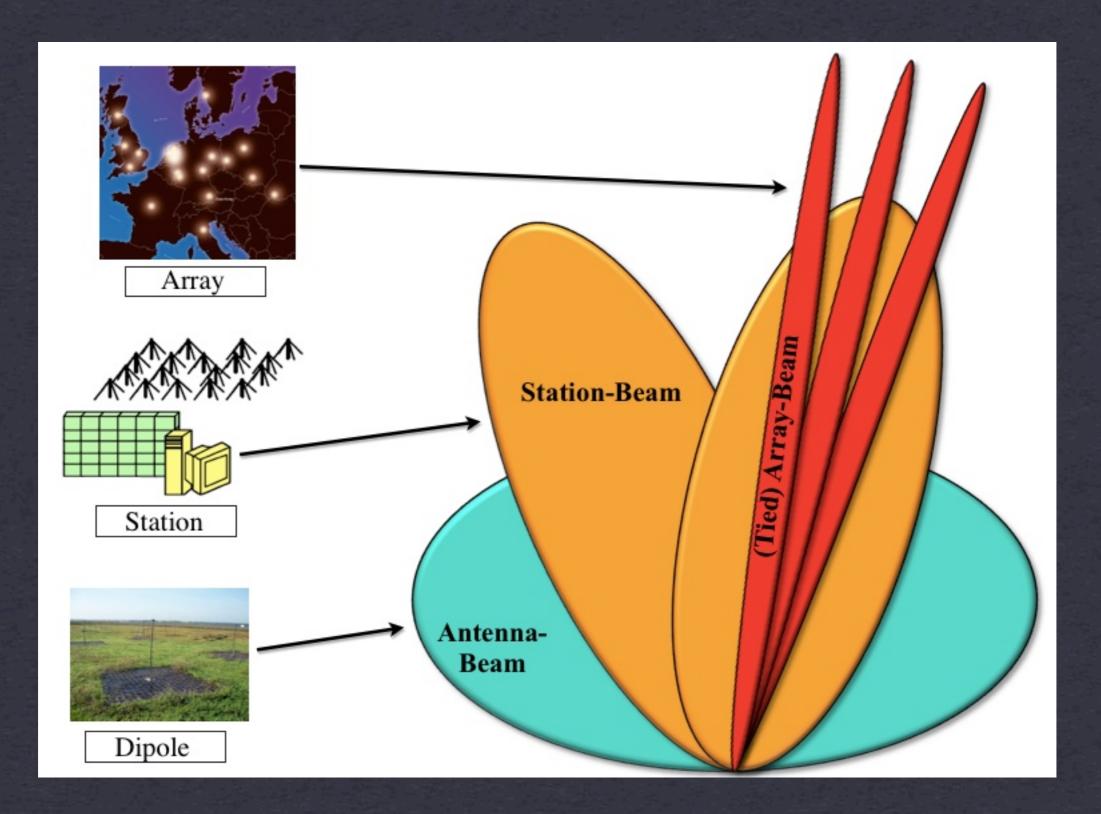


ARRANGED IN STATIONS

96 LOW-BAND AND 48 (96 INTERNATIONAL) HIGH-BAND ANTENNAE PER STATION

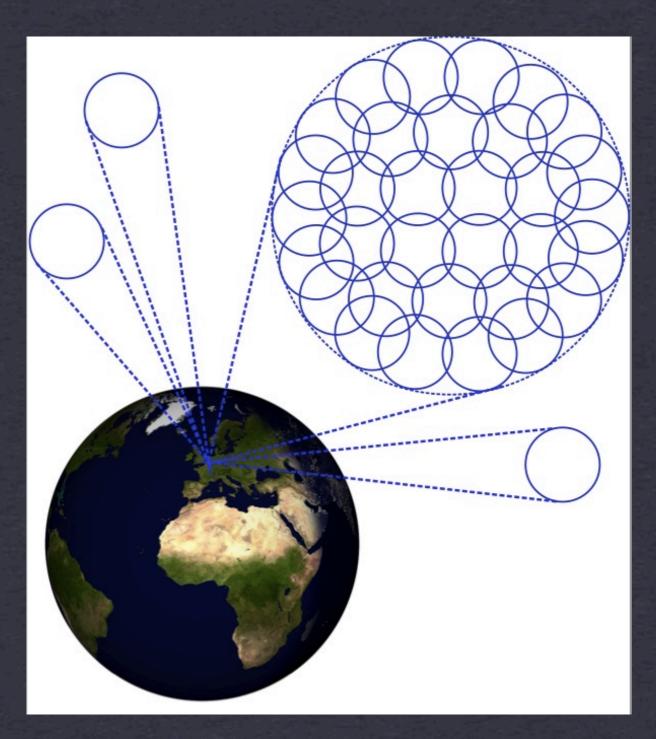


ACROSS EUROPE ~40 DUTCH AND ~10 INTERNATIONAL STATIONS



DIGITAL BEAM-FORMING

PARALLEL OBSERVATIONS. FAST RECONFIGURATION. RAPID RESPONSE.



MULTIPLE BEAMS HUGE FIELD OF VIEW. MULTIPLE SIMULTANEOUS OBSERVATIONS.

Freq.	λ	Resolution	Reso	olution	Resolution
		L = 2 km	L = '	10 km	L = 80 km
(MHz)	(m)	(arcsec)	(arc	csec)	(arcsec)
15	20.0	1650	3	30	41.3
30	10.0	825	1	65	20.6
45	6.67	550	1	10	13.8
60	5.00	413	413 82.5		10.3
75	4.00	330 66.		6.0	8.25
120	2.50	206	4	1.3	5.16
150	2.00	165	3	3.0	4.13
180	1.67	138	2	7.5	3.44
210	1.43	118	2	3.6	2.95
240	1.25	103	2	0.6	2.58
Freq.	λ		S ₁₃₊₇ apered	ΔS ₁₈₊	$_{18}$ ΔS_{25+25}
(MHz)	(m)	(mJy) (r	nJy)	(mJy)) (mJy)
15	20.0	201		110	79
30	10.0	37			15
45	6.67	20		11	7.8

0.89

0.71

0.81

0.91

1.0

7.2

12

0.41

0.32

0.37

0.42

0.46

5.2

8.4

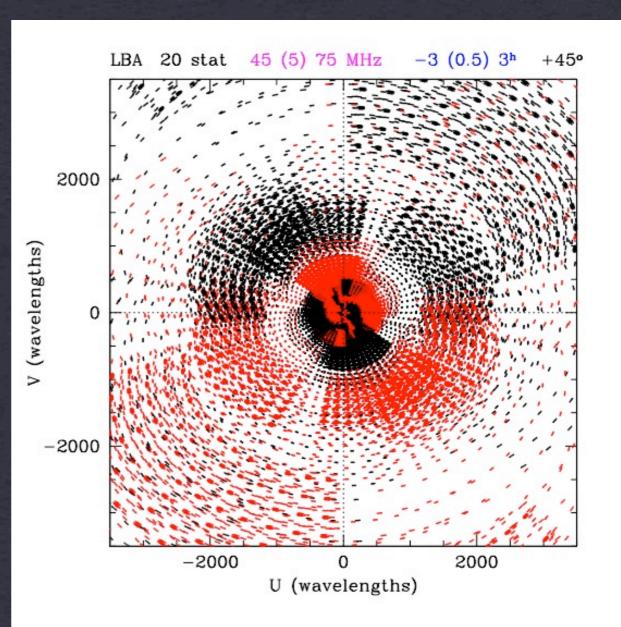
0.29

0.23

0.26

0.30

0.33



SYSTEM PERFORMANCE DUTCH BASELINES

13

21

0.74

0.58

0.67

0.76

0.84

60

75

120

150

180

210

240

5.00

4.00

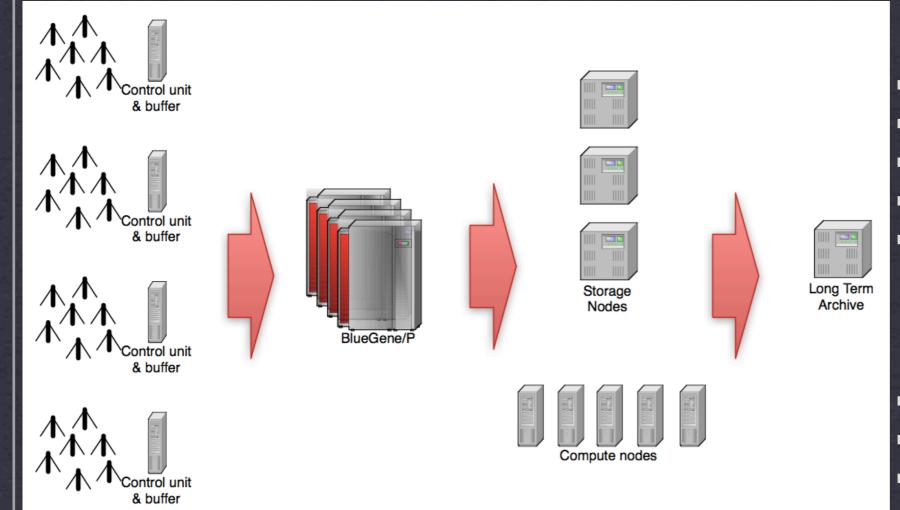
2.50

2.00

1.67

1.43

1.25



STATION PROCESSING

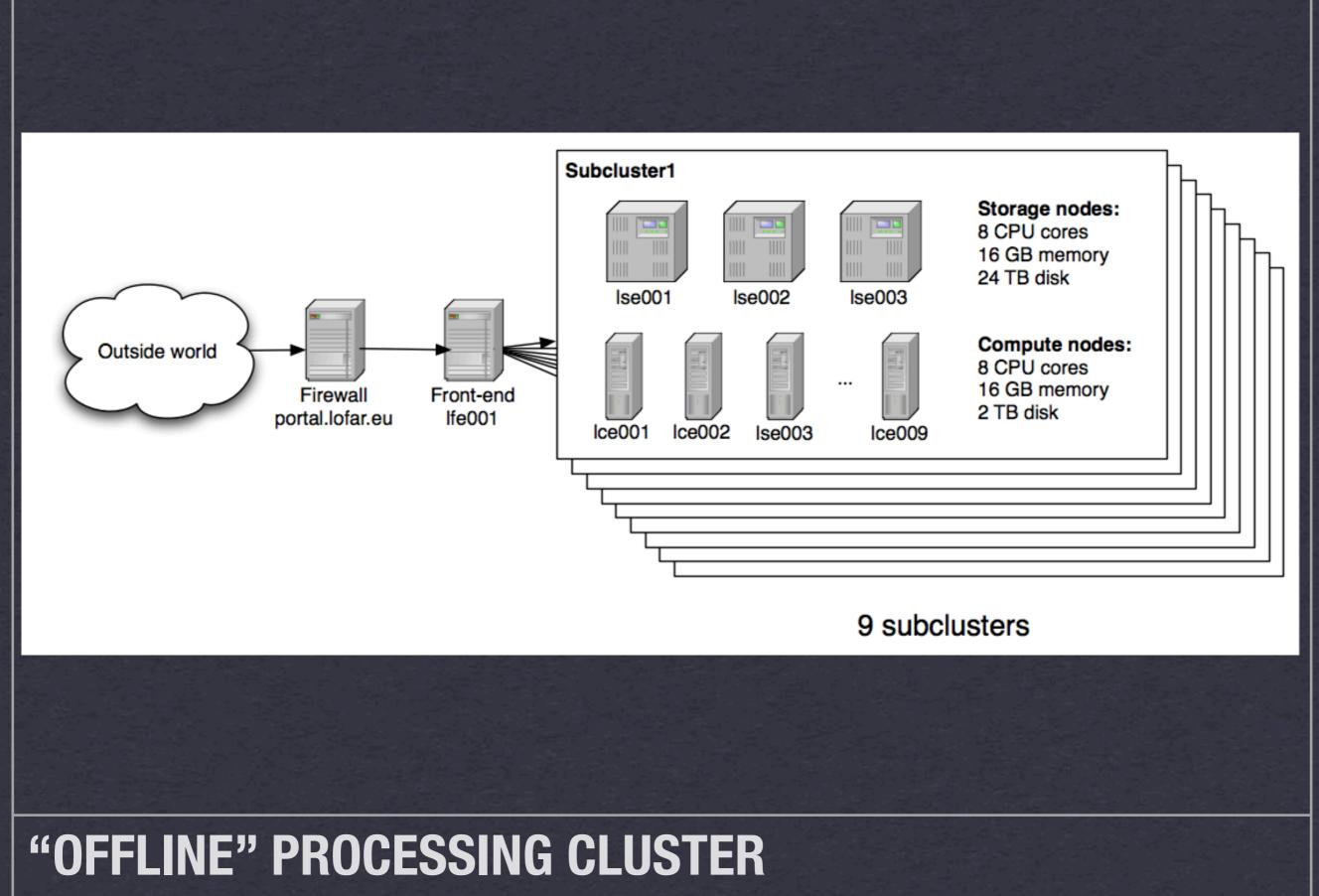
- Amplification
- Digitization
- → Filtering
- Beam-forming
- Transient buffer

CENTRAL PROCESSING

- Delay compensation
- Correlation
- Calibration
- Science pipelines

- → Input is 40+ stations @ 10 Gbit/s per station
- ⇒ Delivering unprocessed data to end-users not practical
- → At each stage of processing, data rate is diminished
- → Users received pipeline-processed data products

DATA FLOW STATIONS \rightarrow CORRELATOR \rightarrow CLUSTER \rightarrow ARCHIVE

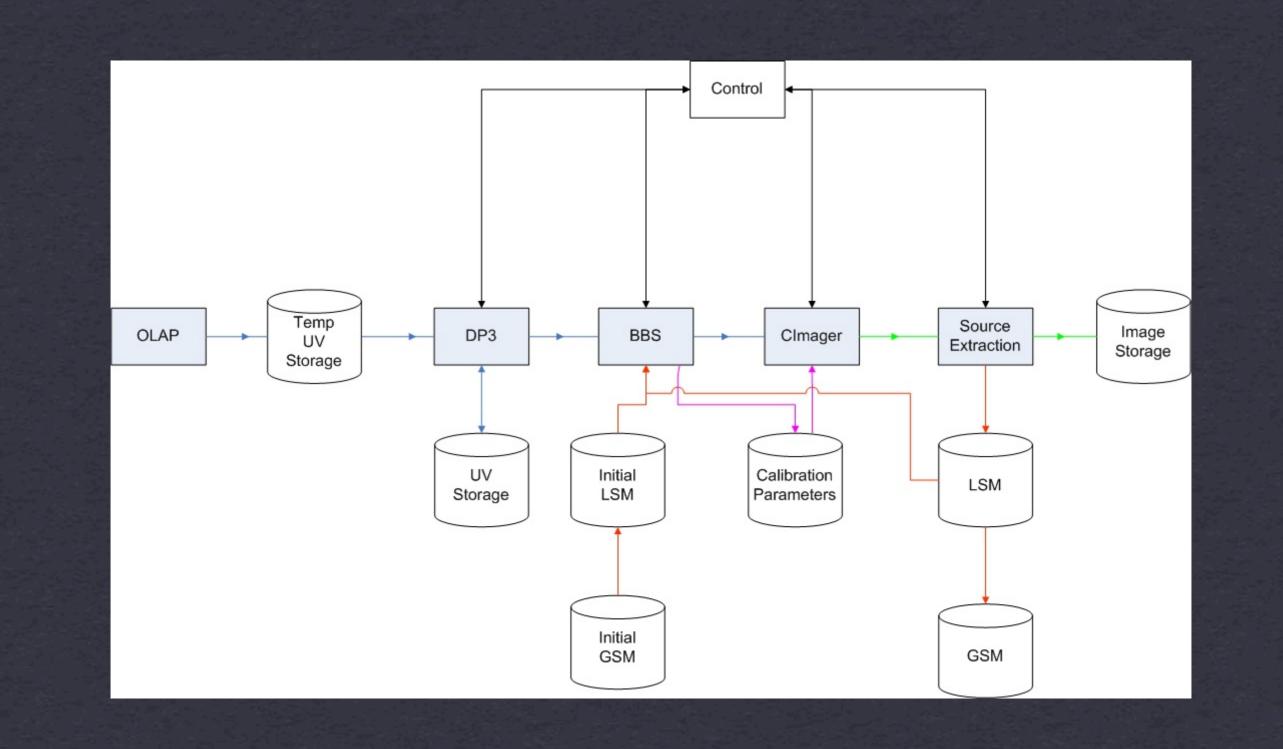


FUTURE HARDWARE CURRENTLY UNDER DISCUSSION

Key Science Projects

Epoch of Reionization Transients and Pulsars High Energy Cosmic Rays Surveys & the Distant Universe → Cosmic Magnetism ➡ Solar Physics and Space Weather

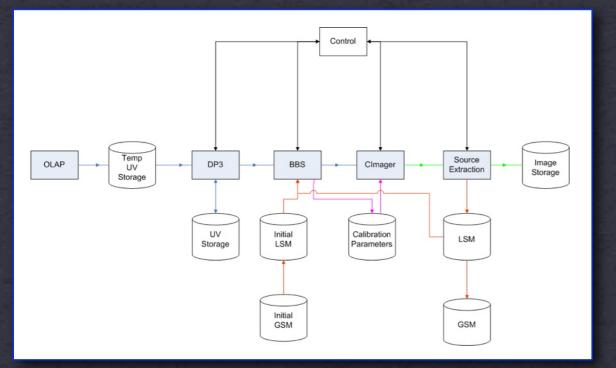
SCIENCE GOALS DRIVE THE DESIGN OF PIPELINES AND DATA PRODUCTS



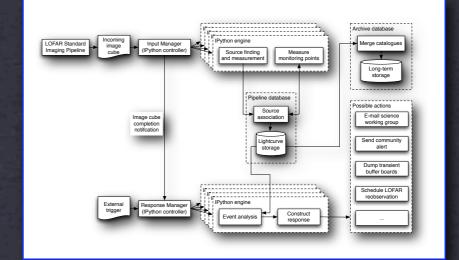
THE STANDARD IMAGING PIPELINE DESIGN

EVEN MAKING IMAGES WITH LOFAR REQUIRES ELABORATE PROCESSING STEPS

Standard Imaging

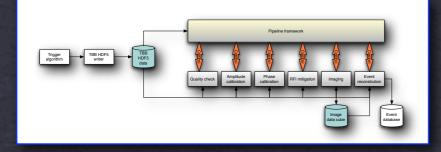


Transient Detection

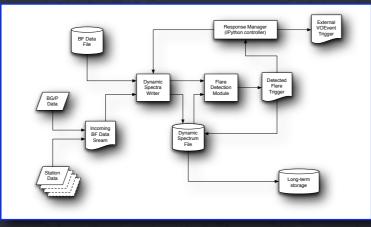


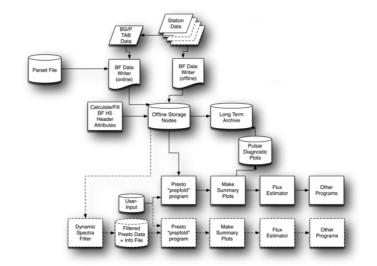
Known Pulsars

VHECR

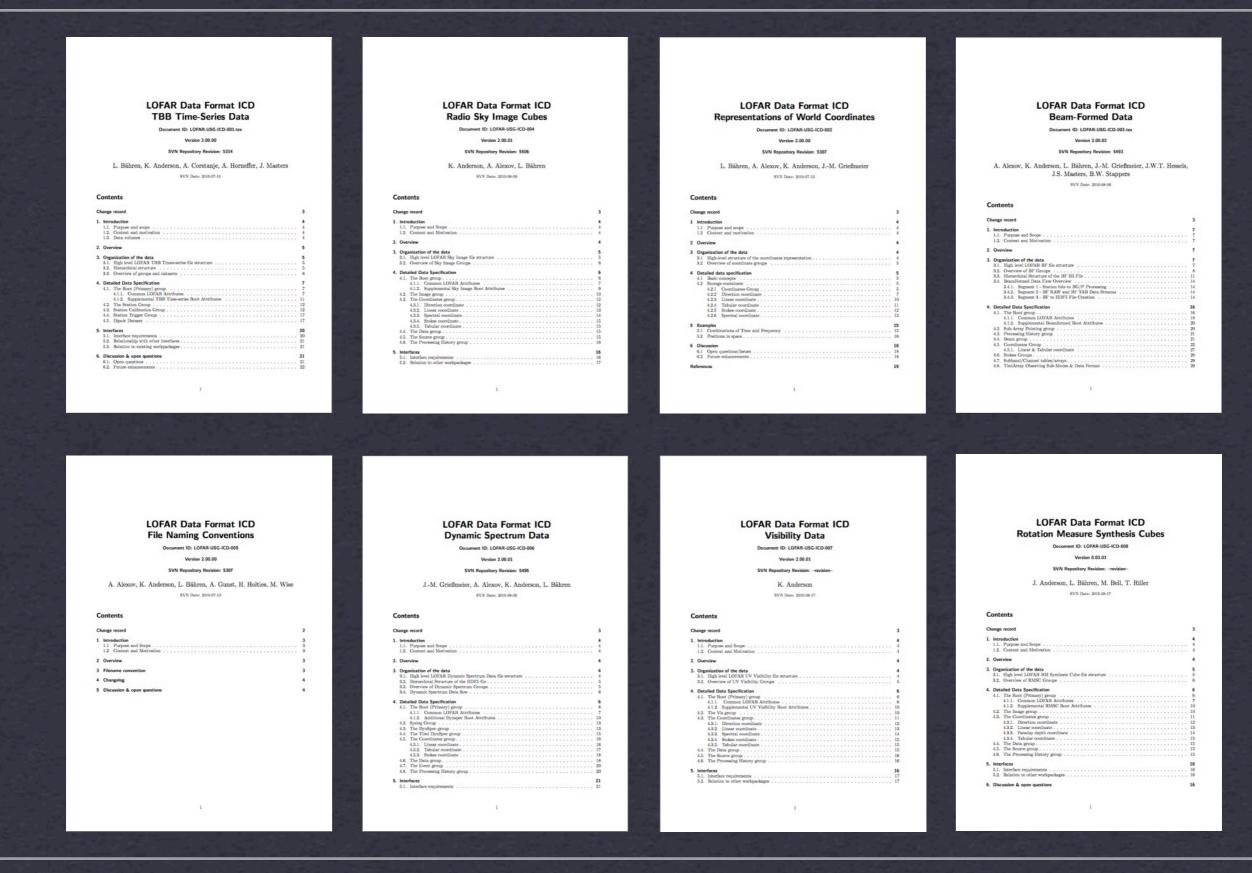


Dynamic Spectra





...THERE ARE MANY OTHER SCIENCE PIPELINES EACH PRODUCING A DIFFERENT KIND OF DATA



MANY PIPELINES → MANY DATA PRODUCTS LOFAR WILL PROVIDE A COMPLETE SUITE, BASED ON HDF5

Current Status

→ 20+ Dutch & 2 international stations complete
→ Further 10+ stations currently under construction
→ Initial science pipelines undergoing testing
→ MSSS: Million Source Sky Survey, first major science project, to start within (a very few) months

Long Wavelength Array

MeerKAT



16-2*****Pine

Allen Telescope Array

Murchison Widefield Array

THE "NEW GOLDEN AGE" OF RADIO ASTRONOMY NEW DATA FORMATS NEEDED NOT JUST FOR LOFAR, BUT MOVING FORWARDS TO SKA

Tuesday, September 14, 2010

ASKAP