

# MFAA2014 workshop

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# MFAA2014

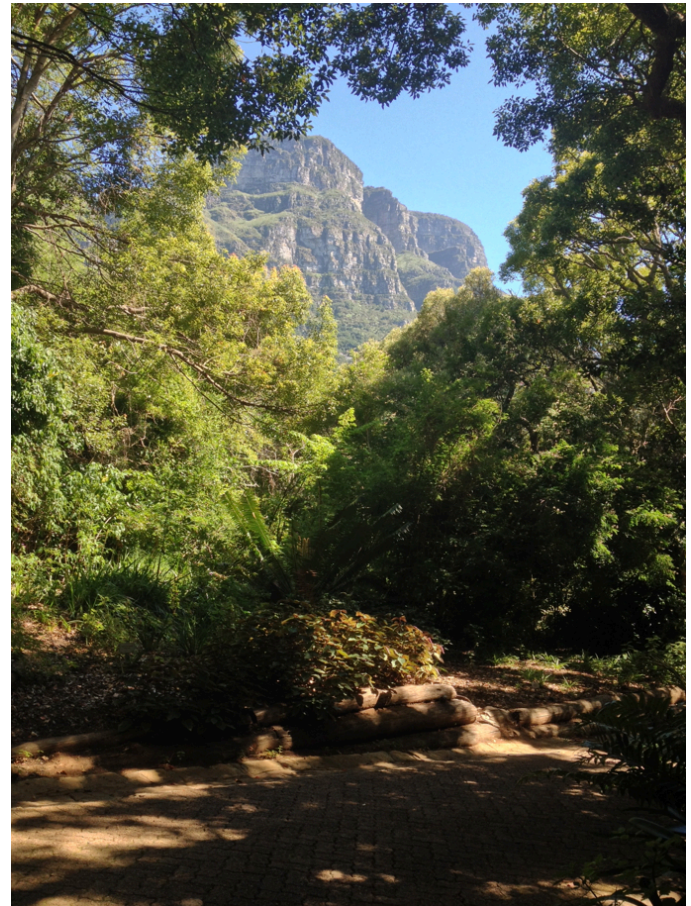
## Mid-Frequency Aperture Arrays workshop

STIAS Stellenbosch, 22-2-2014

- ASTRON, UCT, Rhodes

### Stakeholders:

- AERAP
- MidPrep
- MFAA consortium



# AERAP

- Human capital development
- Radio astronomy as an instrument
- Entire continent of Africa



**"It's called 'reading'. It's how people  
install new software into their brains"**

# MidPrep

- Knowledge exchange
- Radio astronomy as a goal
- Partners:
  - UCT, Rhodes, STIAS (RSA)
  - Chalmers (S)
  - ASTRON (NL)





# MFAA consortium

- Instrument building for SKA2
- Radio astronomy as a goal
- Advanced Instrumentation Package



# Workshop scope

- MFAA technology as a platform for AERAP
- Support for MFAA technology in Africa
- Next steps for MidPrep
- 35 participants:
  - 50/50 engineers vs astronomers
  - Focus on African participation



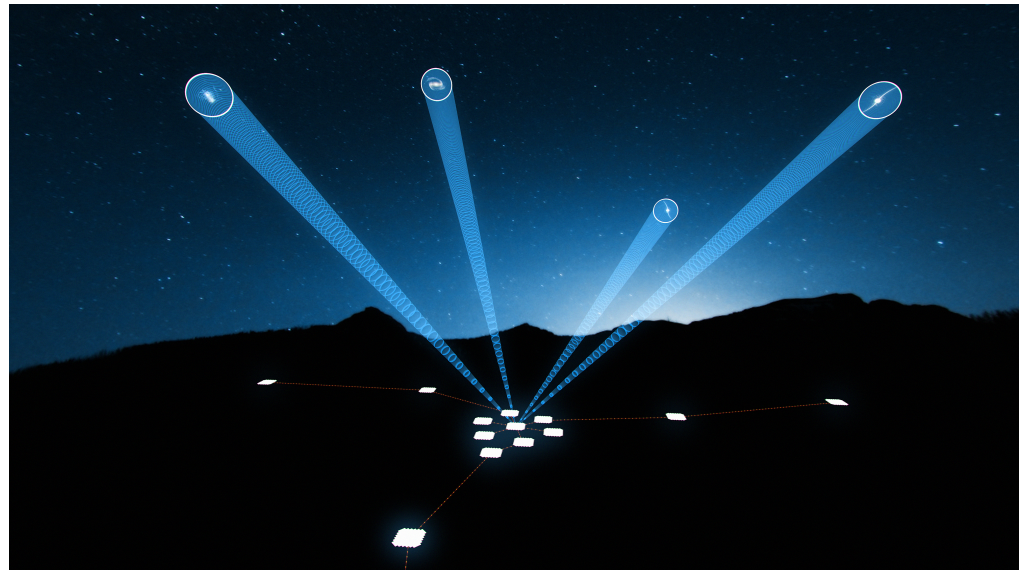
# Pathfinder instrument

- Path to SKA2
- EMBRACE:
  - Unpolarized
  - Low sensitivity
  - Single dish



# AERA<sup>3</sup>

- Science capable: which science?
- Technology development
- Costing demonstrator
- Human capital development

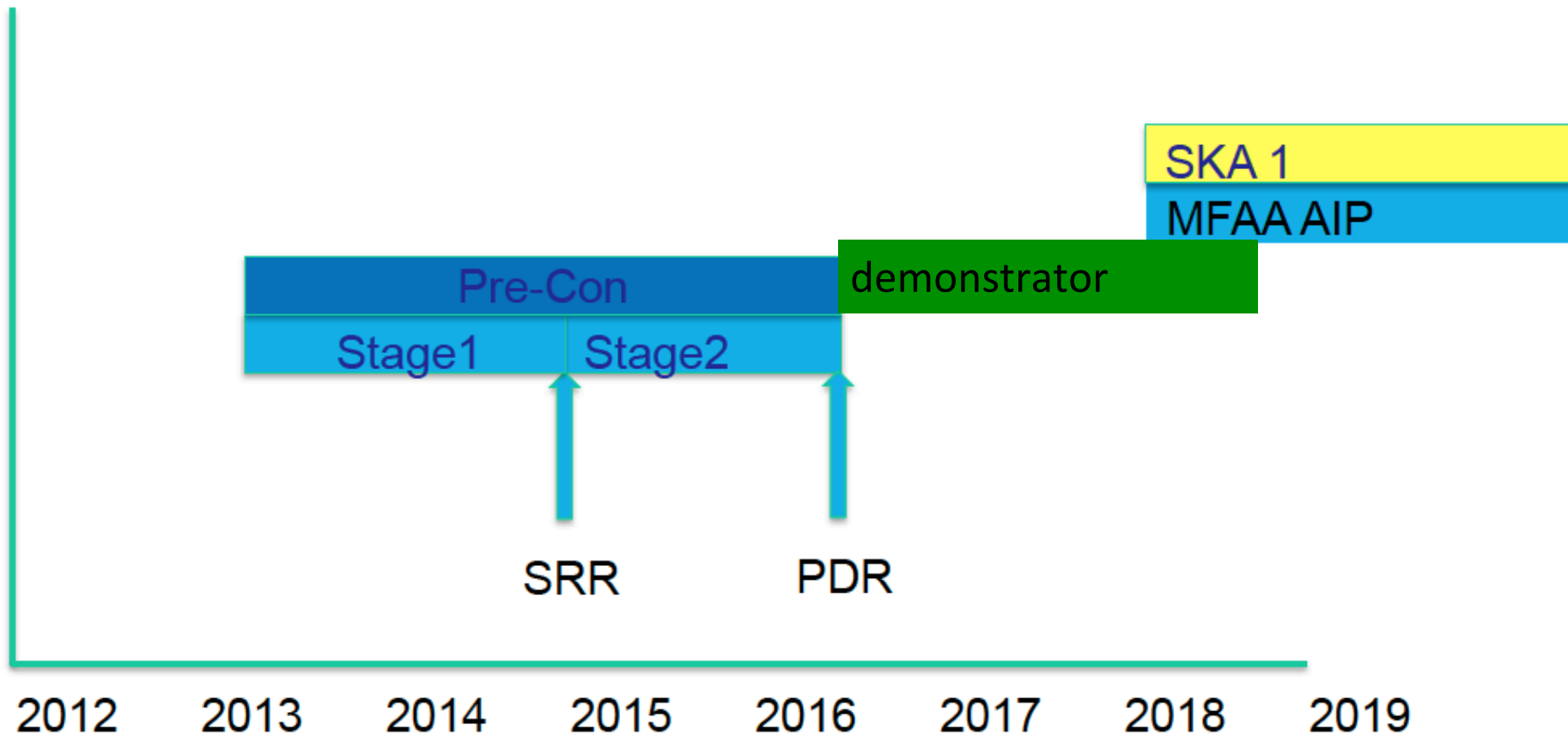


# AERA<sup>3</sup>

Parameter	Value or range	Units
$A_{\text{eff}}/T_{\text{sys}}$ at 1GHz	40	m <sup>2</sup> /K (see Fig. 1)
Frequency range	300 - 1500	MHz
Bandwidth	300 - 1000	MHz
Baseline length	300 - 1000	m
Compactness	50%	$A_{\text{eff}}$ inside 100m
Number of stations	10 - 20	
Independent fields-of-view	$\geq 2$	
HPBW (FoV) at 1GHz	15 (175)	deg (deg <sup>2</sup> ) (see Fig. 2)
Polarizations	Full Stokes	
Time resolution	$\geq 50$	$\mu\text{s}$
Polarization purity	40 (post-calibration)	dB
Scan angle	45	deg

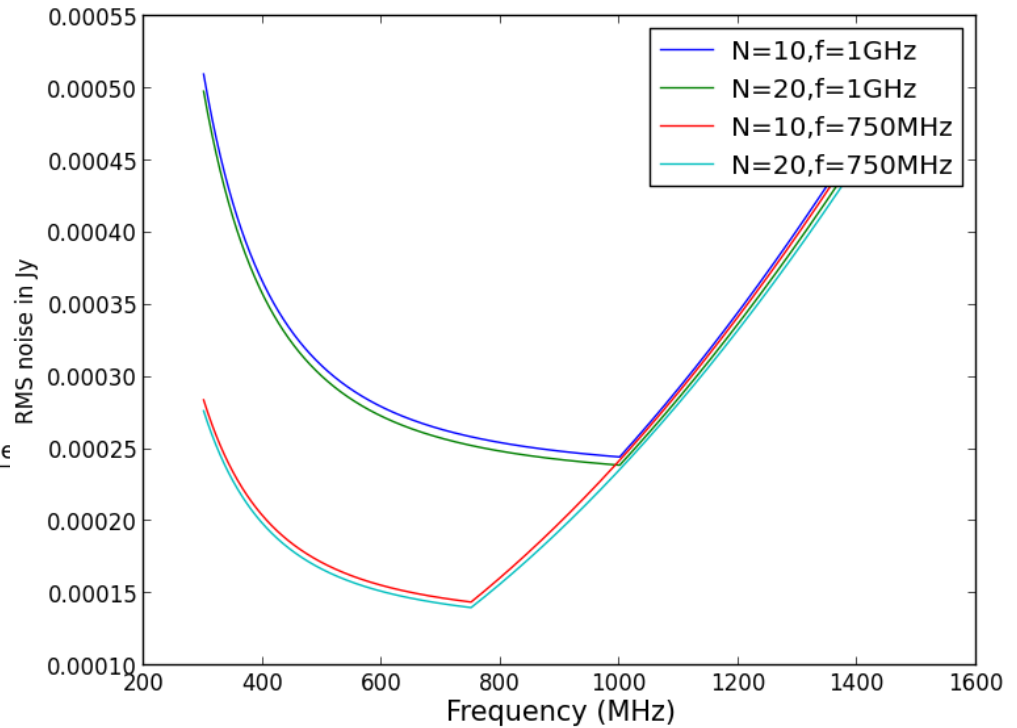
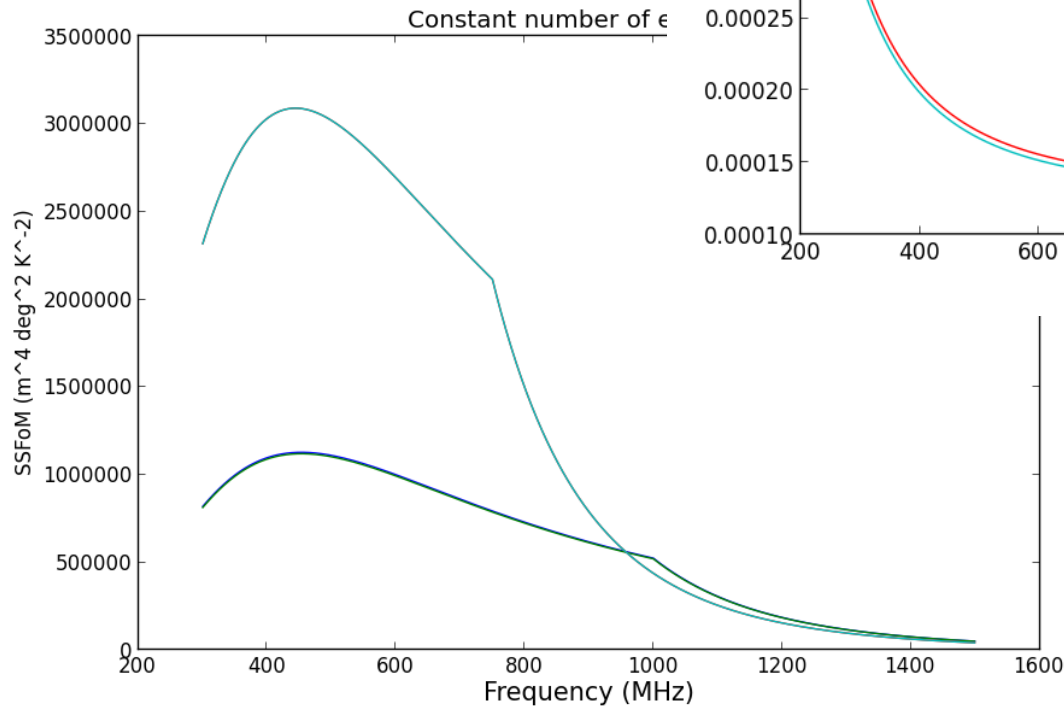
Preliminary specifications as send to speakers before the workshop

# Path to SKA

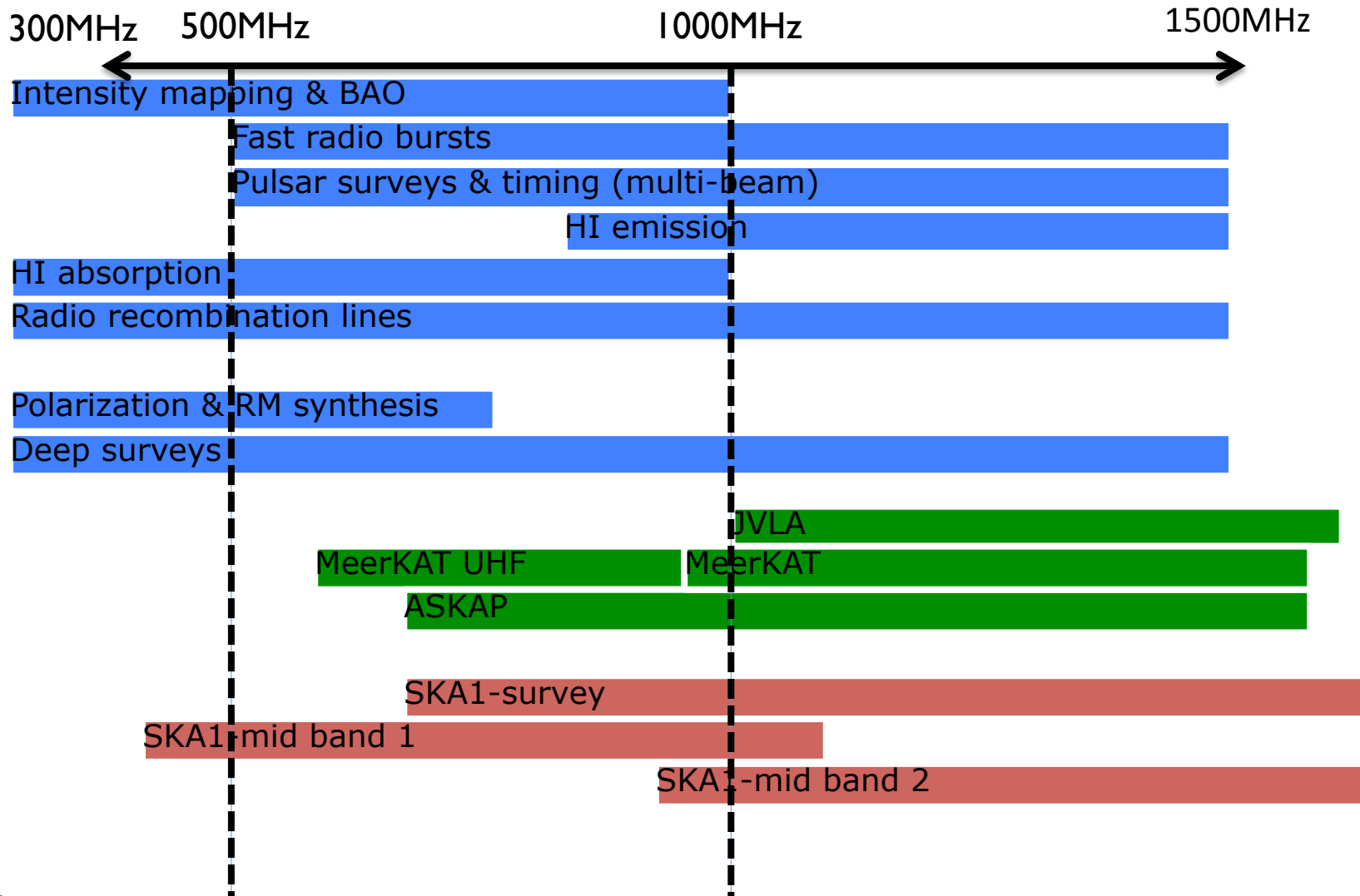


# Performance

1 hour  
10 MHz



# Science frequency coverage





# Science related

- Frequency range and bandwidth
  - AERA<sup>3</sup> part of path to SKA2?
- Key science case (experiment): FRB, pulsars
- Configuration
- Location of AERA<sup>3</sup>

# Technology related

- Dual polarization tiles
- Digital beamforming
- Interferometry
- Post-processing
- Software development
- Transient infrastructure

# Lessons

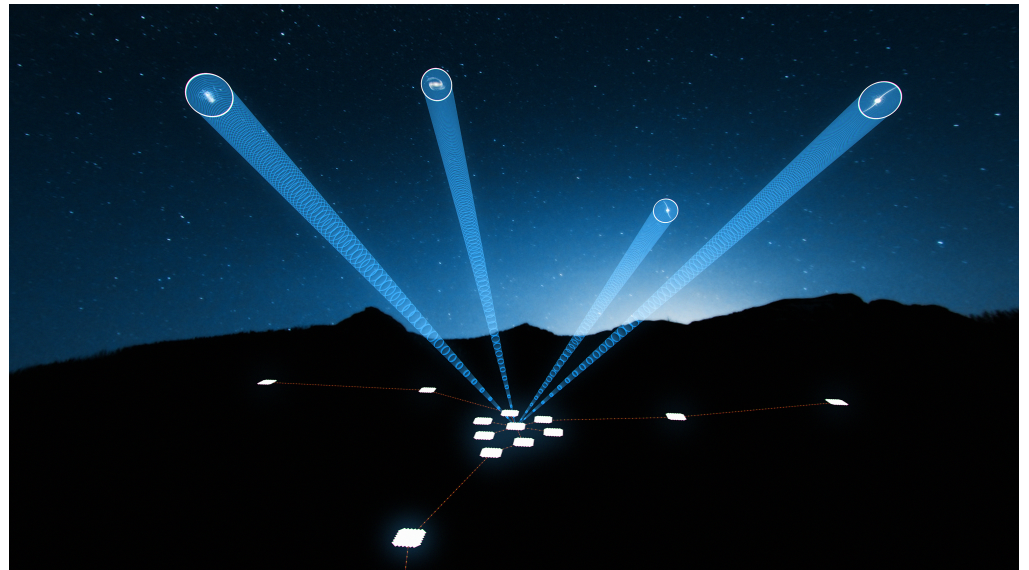
- Planning MFAA towards SKA
- Costing
- Simulations for AERA<sup>3</sup>
- Consolidate MFAA performance
- EMBRACE still has much to teach
  - High-cadence monitoring
  - Calibration
  - System stability

# Lessons

- Planning MFAA towards SKA
- Costing
- **Simulations for AERA<sup>3</sup>**
- **Consolidate MFAA performance**
- **EMBRACE still has much to teach**
  - High-cadence monitoring
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  - System stability

# AERA<sup>3</sup>

- Science capable: which science?
- Technology development
- Costing demonstrator
- Human capital development



# Costing

- “Dense aperture arrays need to demonstrate cost effectiveness” – SKA Office
- AERA<sup>3</sup>:
  - Construction
  - Post-processing
  - Power consumption
  - Operations and maintenance

# Human capital

- Construction
- Operations
- Data processing
- Analysis
- Science



Train African people  
to do this

Buy your own AERA<sup>3</sup> in preparation for SKA

# Thanks

- Oleg Smirnov, Patrick Woudt (SOC)
- Jan-Geralt bij de Vaate
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- MFAA consortium MT