Results from EMBRACE@Nancay

EMBRACE **Steve Torchinsky** Radio Station de astronomie de Nançay **MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY** bservatoire SQUARE KILOMETRE ARRAY





- A quick walk through the EMBRACE signal chain
- EMBRACE@Nançay results

Signal Chain



MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY



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4 elements phased Together in the Beamformer microchip Stationde

Radio astronomie de Nançay

Beamformer Chip





RADIOAST



MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY

4 elements phased Together in the Beamformer microchip

RADIOAST



MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY

3 beamchips on a Hexboard (12 elements)



MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY

RADIOAST 6 hexboards in a tile (72 elements)



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Two coaxial outputs per tile





MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY

RADIOAST 6 hexboards in a tile (72 elements)

RADIOAST



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4 tiles in a tileset (288 elements)

4th stage analog beam forming







Control and Down Conversion





- Last stage analog summing of four tiles
- 2-stage mixing to convert RF down to 150 MHz +/- 50MHz
- Ethernet protocol for beamformer chip parameters and housekeeping
- 48V DC
- RF + Digital Commands + Power all on the same coax!



CDC cards designed by MPIfR/INAF-IRA/ASTRON

LOFAR Backend





- Output from CDC goes to LOFAR Receiver Unit (RCU) boards for digitization
- And then to LOFAR Remote Station Processing (RSP) boards for digital beamforming

High Speed Data Acquisition



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Pulsar acquisition system provided by U. Oxford. Aris Karastergiou

LOFAR Remote Station Processing Boards for digital beamforming

System Control and Data



- Enormous flexibility with the dense array
 - Multi-beam
 - Instantaneous reconfiguration
 - Real time calibration
 - Multiple observing mode possibilities with tradeoff between bandwidth, number of beams, field of view

MAC developed at Nançay provides a friendly Python interface for the user to setup complicated observing runs

Electronic MultBeam Radio Astronomy ConcEpt



- EMBRACE is an AAmid Pathfinder for SKA
- Largely funded within EC FP6 Project SKADS (2005-09)
- For EMBRACE:
 - ASTRON: Project Leader, overall architecture, antennas, industrialization,...
 - Nançay: Beamformer Chip, Monitoring and Control Software
 - MPI Bonn and INAF Medicina: design of multiplexing circuits for RF reception, down conversion, command/control, power supply

EMBRACE@Nançay signal chain



- 4608 Vivaldi antenna elements
- Single polarization (second polarization antennas are in place, but only one polarization has a complete signal chain)
- 4 level hierarchical analog beamforming/signal summing
 - Beamformer chip:
 - 4 inputs, 2 outputs (2 independent beams)
 - 45° phase steps
 - Analog summing output from 3 beamformer chips
 - Analog summing of 6 inputs = 1 tile (72 elements)
 - 15m cable \rightarrow Analog summing of 4 inputs = 1 tileset
 - Down conversion
 - 32 inputs to LOFAR backend (16 A-beam, and 16 B-beam)



EMBRACE characteristics

- 500 1500 MHz
 - But high pass filter at 900 MHz to avoid digital television
- 70 m² (8.5m X 8.5m)
- Instantaneous RF band: 100 MHz
- Maximum instantaneous beam formed:
 - 36 MHz x 2 directions (single polarization)
 - 186 "beamlets" each of 195.3 kHz bandwidth
 - i.e. 3 "lanes" for high speed data from RSP
- Can trade off beam width vs. number of beams





MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY



Multibeaming



MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY



8 digital beams



Sun--Sun : Beam A : Digital Beam #0: Integrated power at 970.0MHz +/- 0.10MHz



Correlator offset





- Tracking a source shows a variation in the power.
- Off-source tracking shows the same pattern
- Does not scale with source strength
- Not a gain variation
- Can correct by subtracting constant UV matrix (empty sky)
- It's a consant "correlator offset"
- Can also correct by classic ON-OFF measurements

ON-OFF pointing strategy





 On and Off observations can be done **simultaneously** with EMBRACE (multibeams)

Correlator Offset: Flat Fielding





Results from EMBRACE@Nancay, Steve Torchinsky, MIDPREP/MFAA Meetin

LO distribution





- Local Oscillator distributed to all CDC cards via cascaded power-splitters
- Correlated mixing products between tilesets could explain correlator offset

Galaxy Detection: M33



MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY

FOV

Integrated ON and OFF spectra



Galaxy Detection



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Pulsar monitoring





- Programme of daily monitoring of pulsar B0329+54 at 970MHz and 1420MHz simultaneously
- Possibility to detect accretion events in the long term (see e.g. Brook et al. ArXiv:1311.3541v1)

B0329+54 at 970MHz





Dispersion Measure



- Dispersion by the plasma between observer and source (Interstellar Medium)
- DM is a measure of the plasma column density
- DM is indirectly a measure of distance
- DM varies with frequency (and is therefore subject to the Doppler Effect)



DM Seasonal Variation





Partial Solar Eclipse 20 March 2015



MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY



Simultaneous Observations at 970MHz and 1420MHz



MID-FREQUENCY APERTURE ARRAY



Simultaneous Observations at 970MHz and 1420MHz



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Solar Eclipse at 970MHz and 1420MHz



EMBRACE@Nancay: Eclipse of 20 March 2015



Results from EMBRACE@Nancay

Steve Torchinsky







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http://arxiv.org/abs/1504.03854 to appear in JINST A more detailed paper will be submitted in June

EMBRACE