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*From simulations to
observations
(HI - Chaotic THINGs)*

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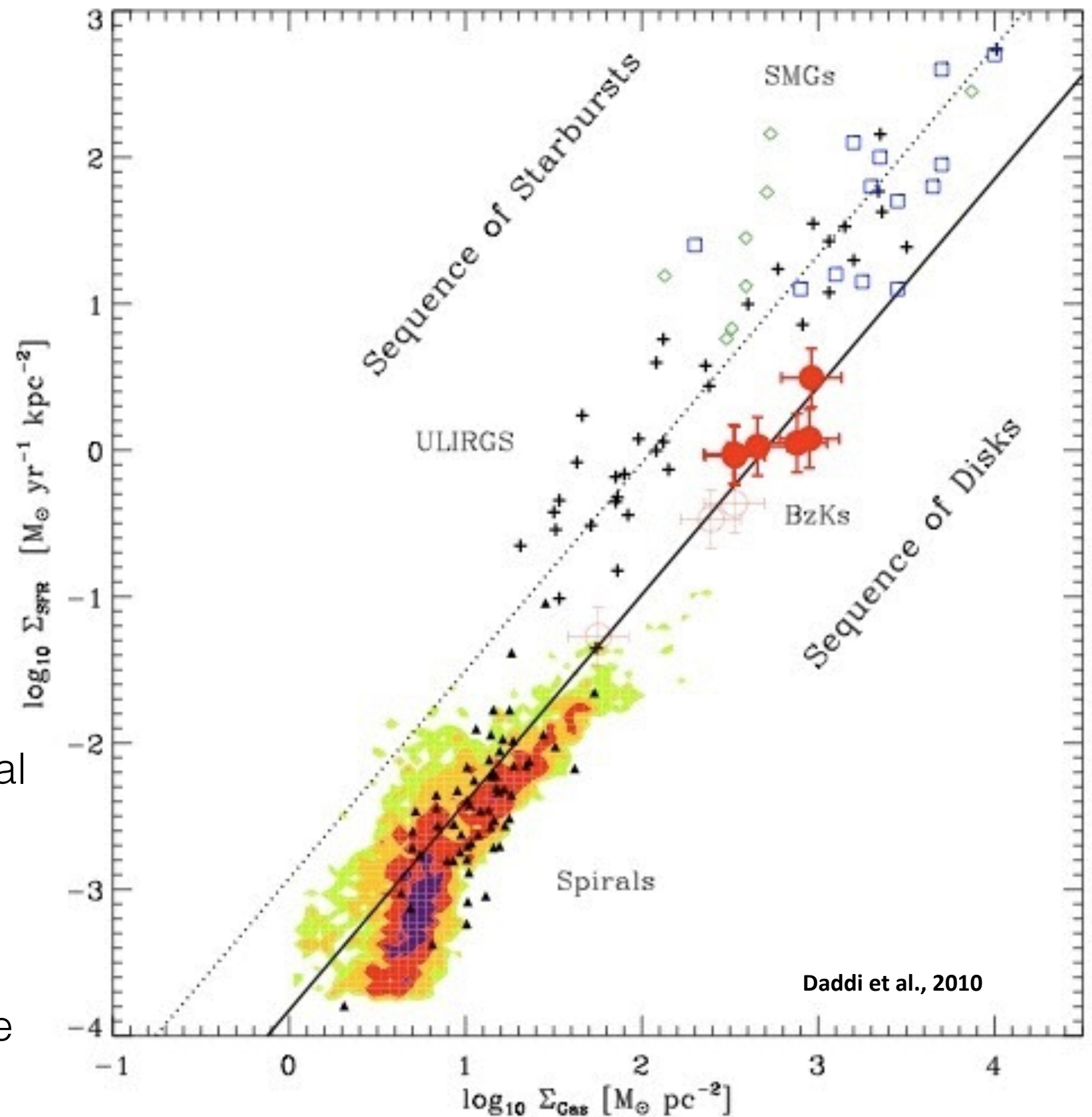
Dwingeloo, March 2014

Spatially resolved star-formation in nearby mergers

Star-formation modes

✓ A double mode ?

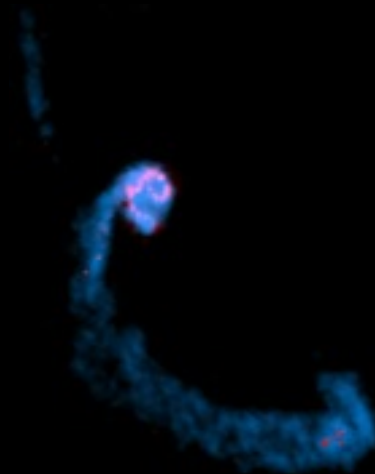
- Starbursts in mergers have globally a higher SFE, sSFR than «main sequence» disks
- How does the SFE vary as a function of merging stage?
- Is the SFE triggering due to local (nuclear inflow) or global processes?
- Does the SF mode within one merger vary from one region to the other?



Investigating SF in high resolution simulations of mergers



- Density PDF of the ISM derived and compared to isolated disks



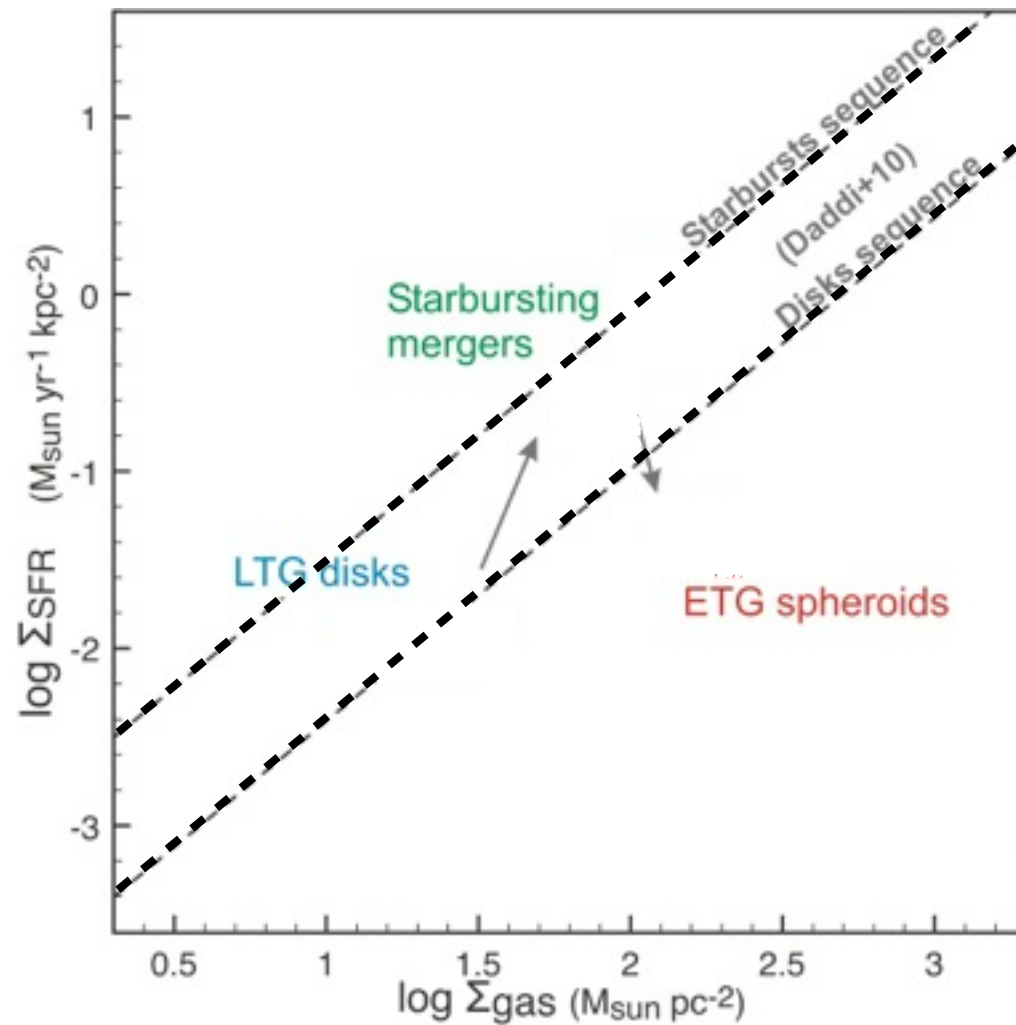
Hibbard, van der Hulst et al., 2001

- Local (pc scale) and large scale effects (full galaxy) investigated with hydro AMR simulations (RAMSES)



Renaud, Bournaud, Duc, 2014

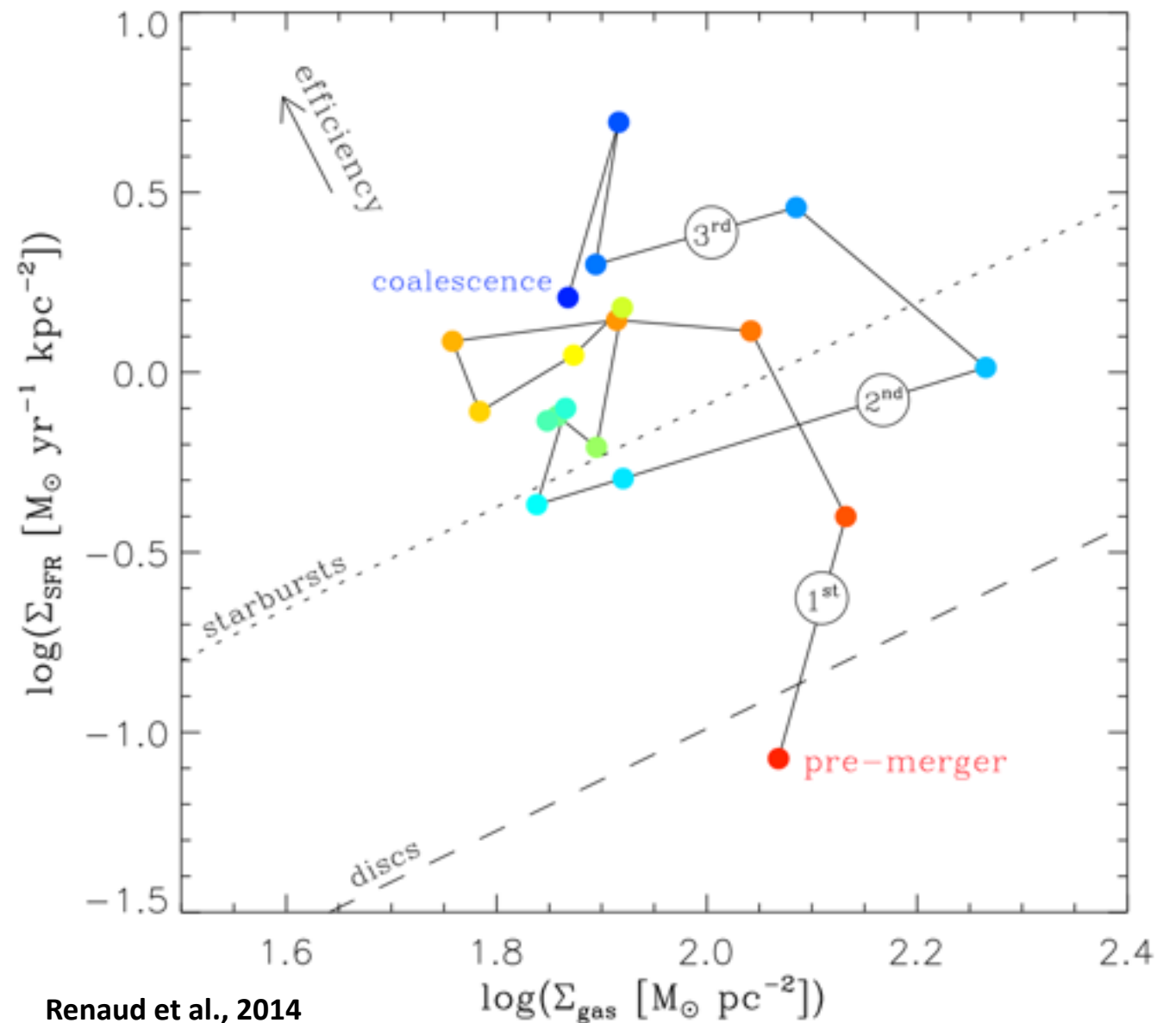
Predictions from simulations



- Decrease in Post-merger ellipticals
 - more stable gas disk
 - less turbulent ISM (morphological quenching?)

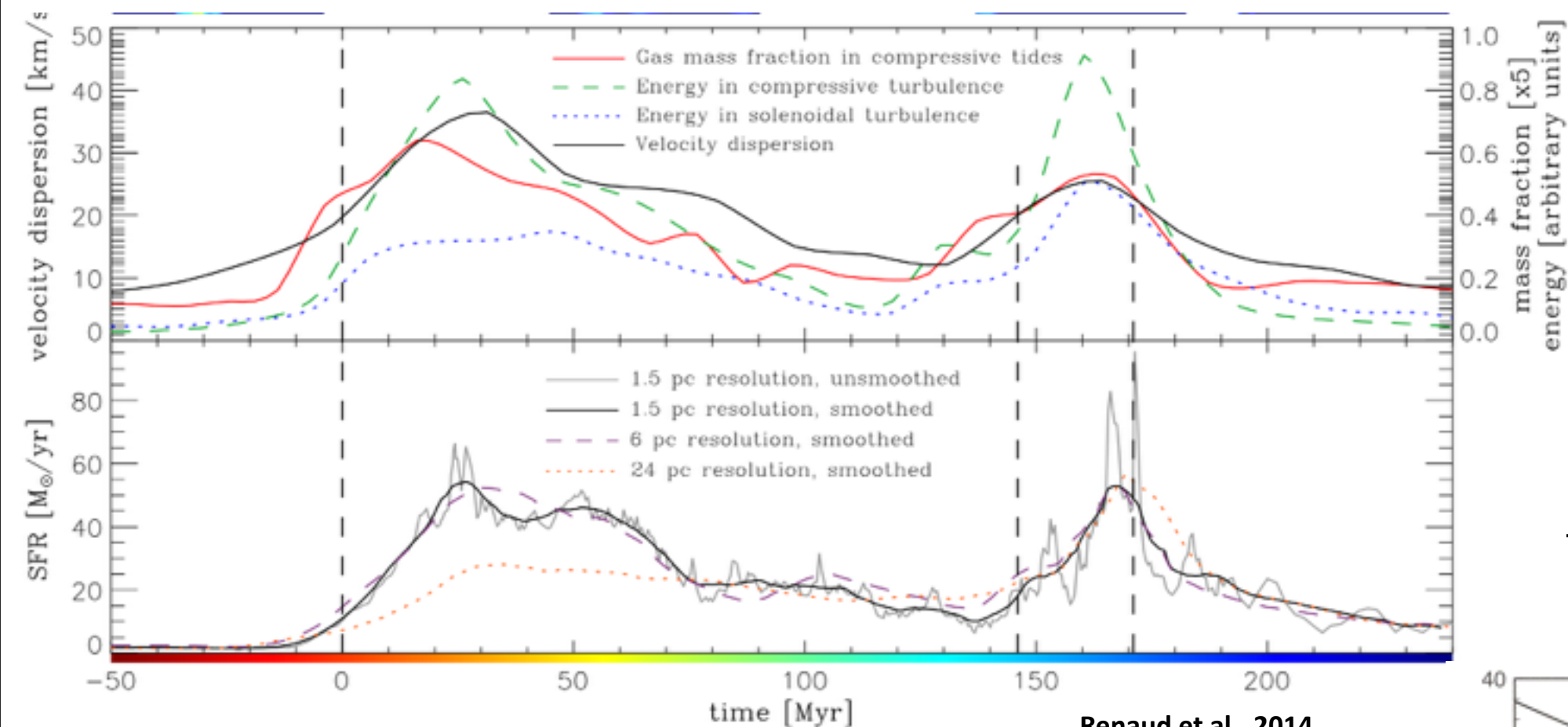
✓ A varying Star Formation « Efficiency » in mergers

- The SFE quickly varies as a function of the interaction stage and peaks at the coalescence



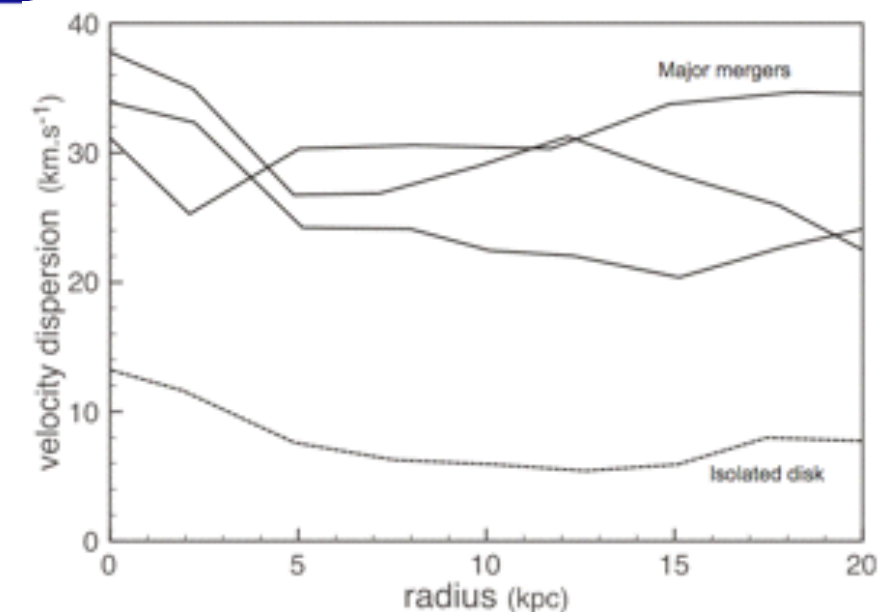
Renaud et al., 2014

Predictions from simulations



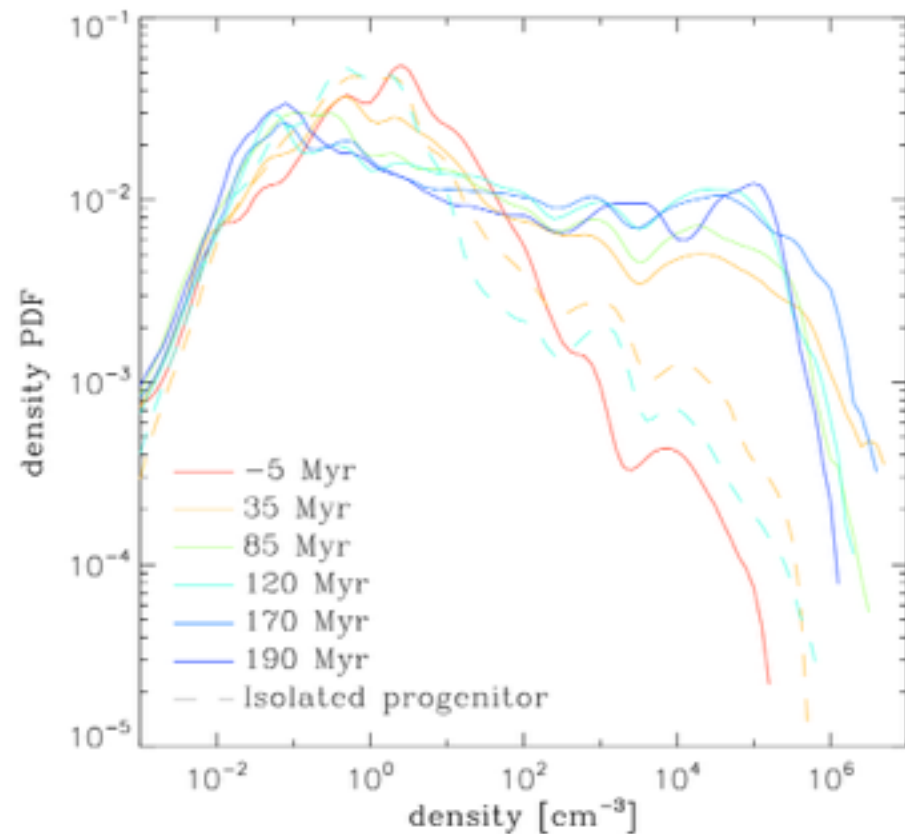
✓ Excess of gas turbulence

- ISM turbulence gets 3-4 times larger in major interactions and mergers
- Correlation between the star formation rate and the gas velocity dispersion
- ISM turbulence not due to feedback, but to the interaction (compressive tides)



➡ Excess of SF may (not) only be driven by the central gas inflow, but may be spread over the whole system

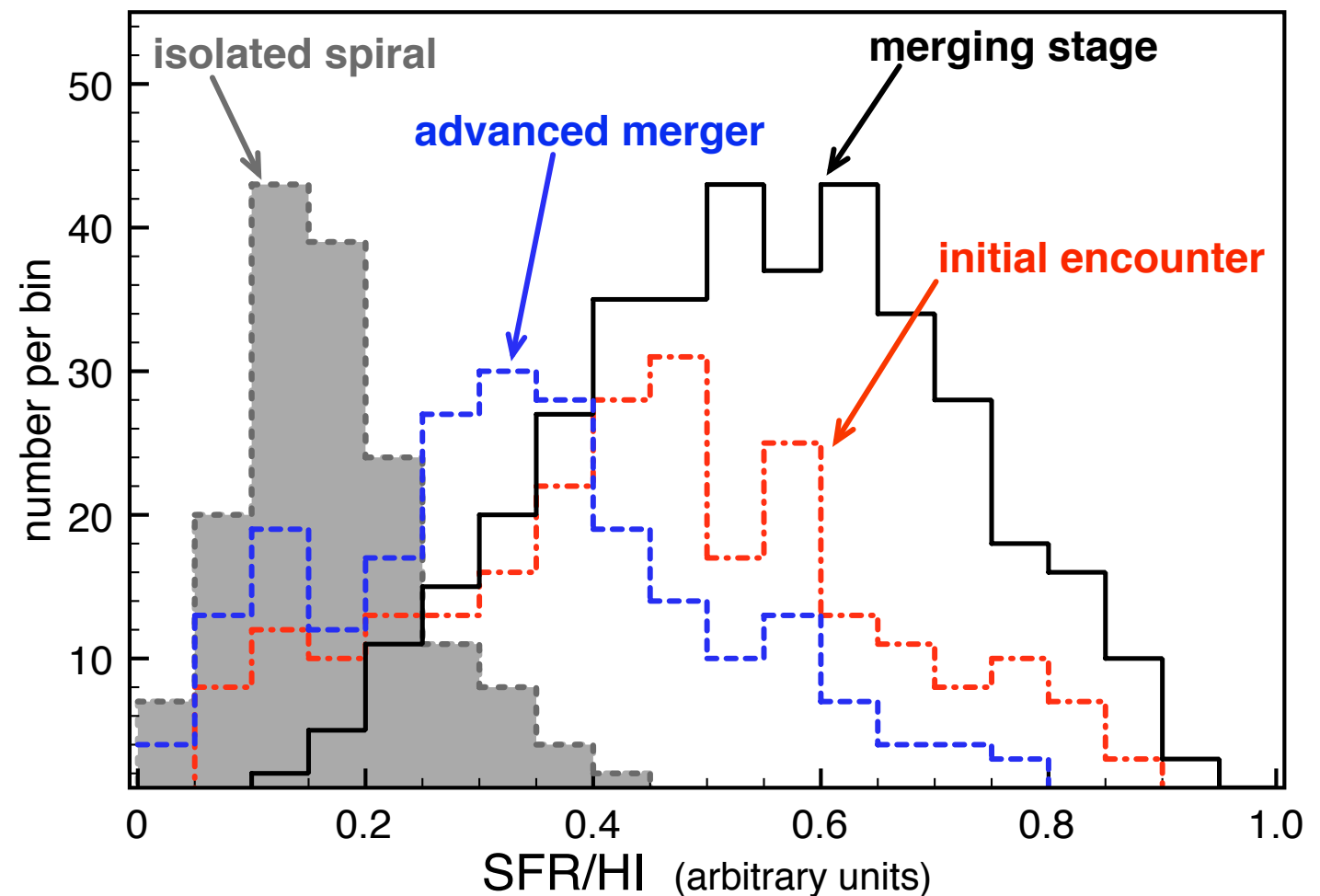
Predictions from simulations



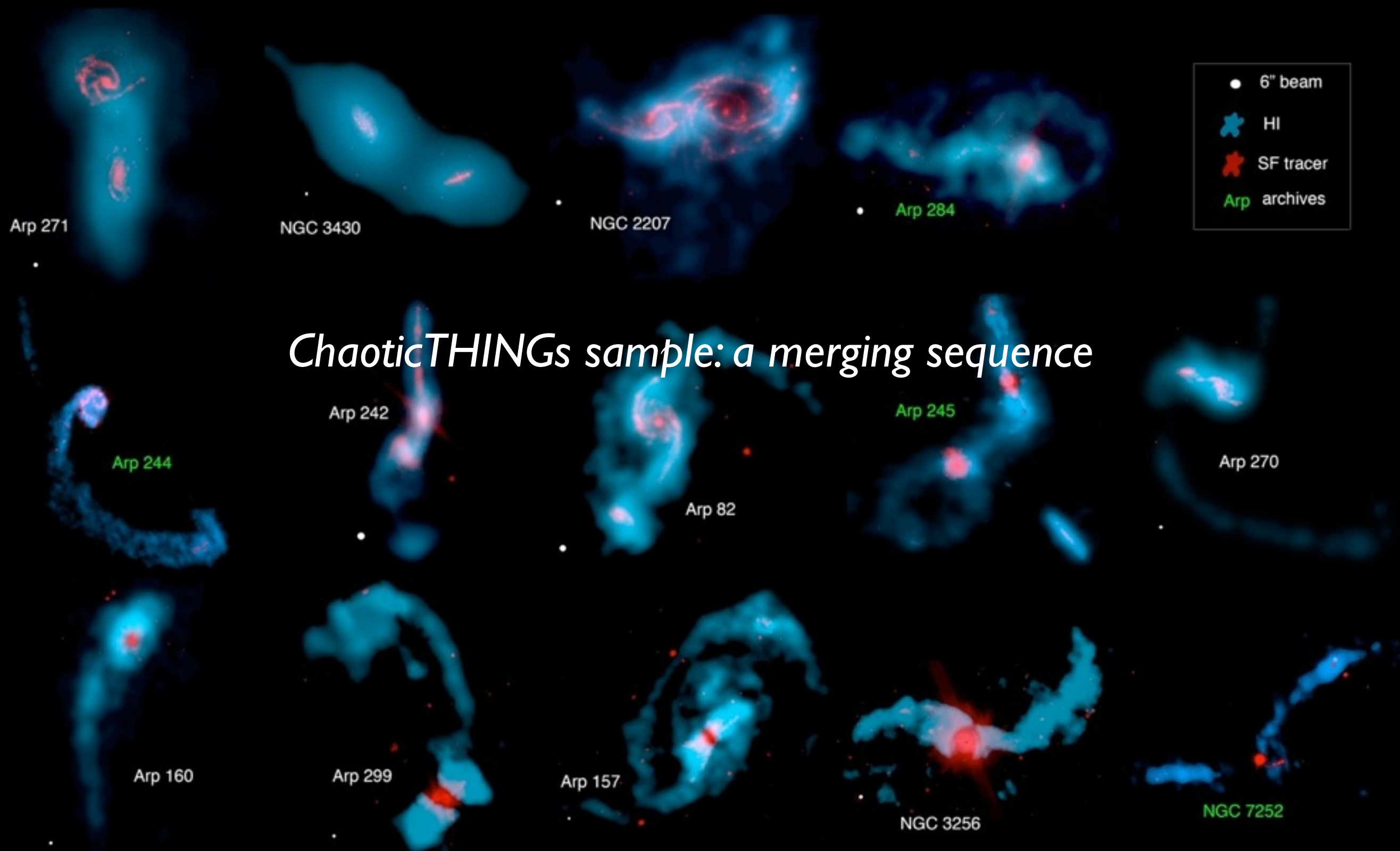
✓ Excess of dense gas in mergers

- Evolution of the density PDF of the ISM: a secondary peak emerging

- The excess may be observable comparing **the HI (tracing low density gas)** with a SFR tracer (tracing the high density gas): SFR/HI varies more in mergers than SFR/CO -> **HI can tell about SF!**
- The excess of dense gas is widespread, observable all over the system: because of its large FOV, **SKA better than ALMA!**



Spatially resolved SF in observed systems



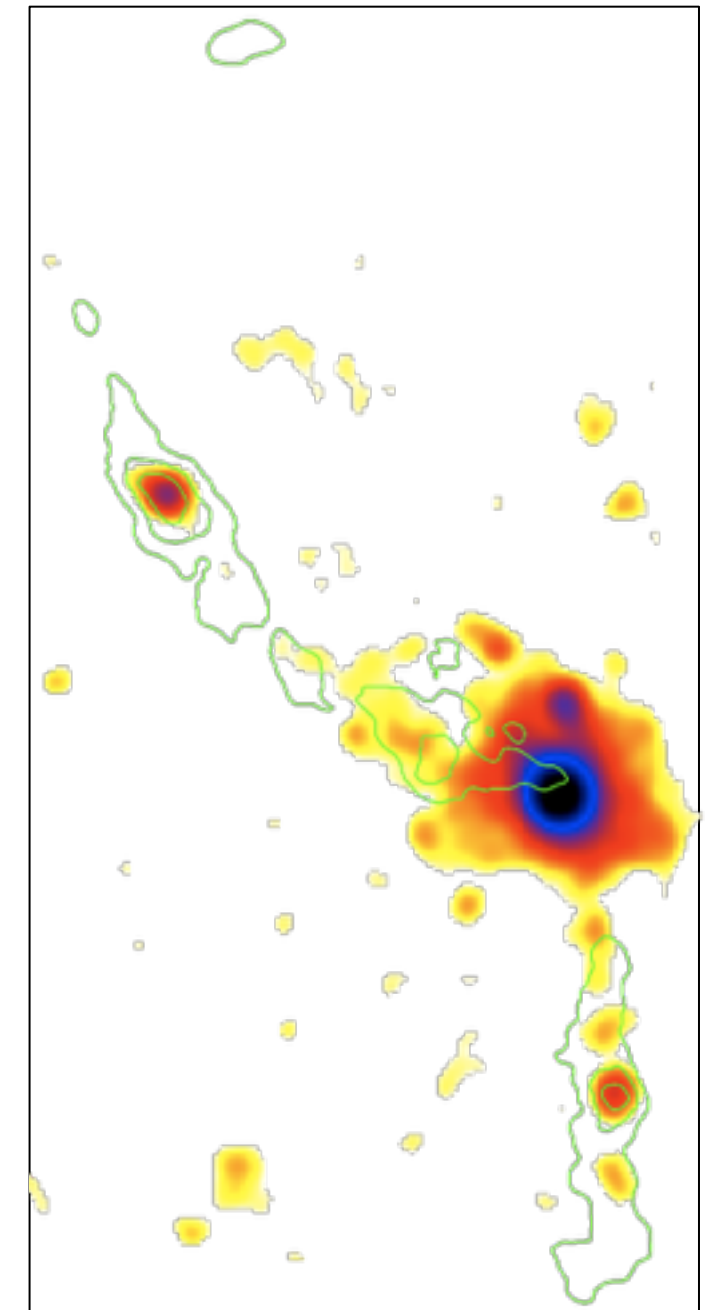
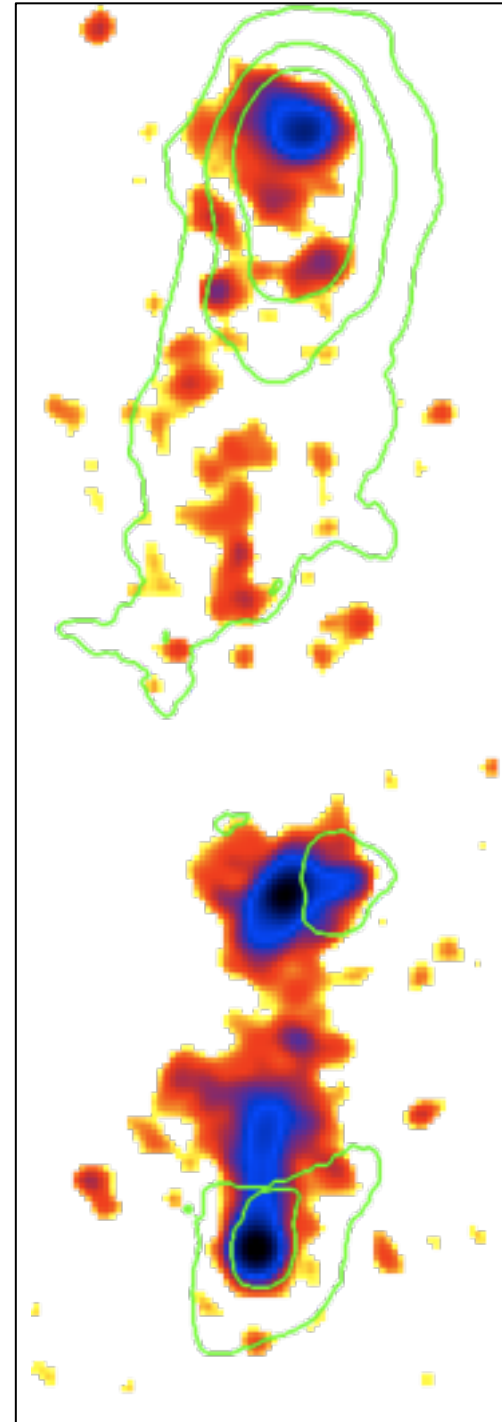
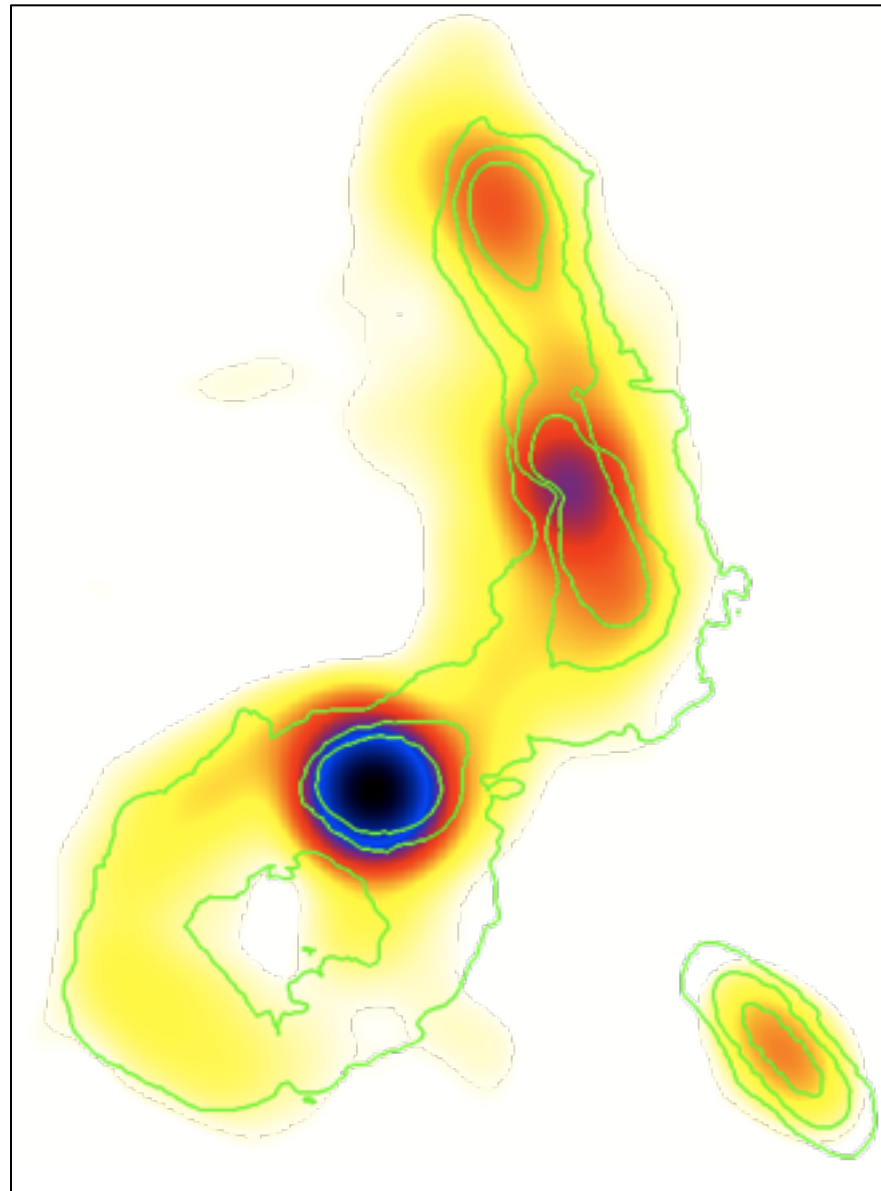
HI EVLA (B-array) observations, complementing database from THINGS, Little THINGS + SF tracers

Spatially resolved Star-Forming regions

- HI over UV (GALEX)

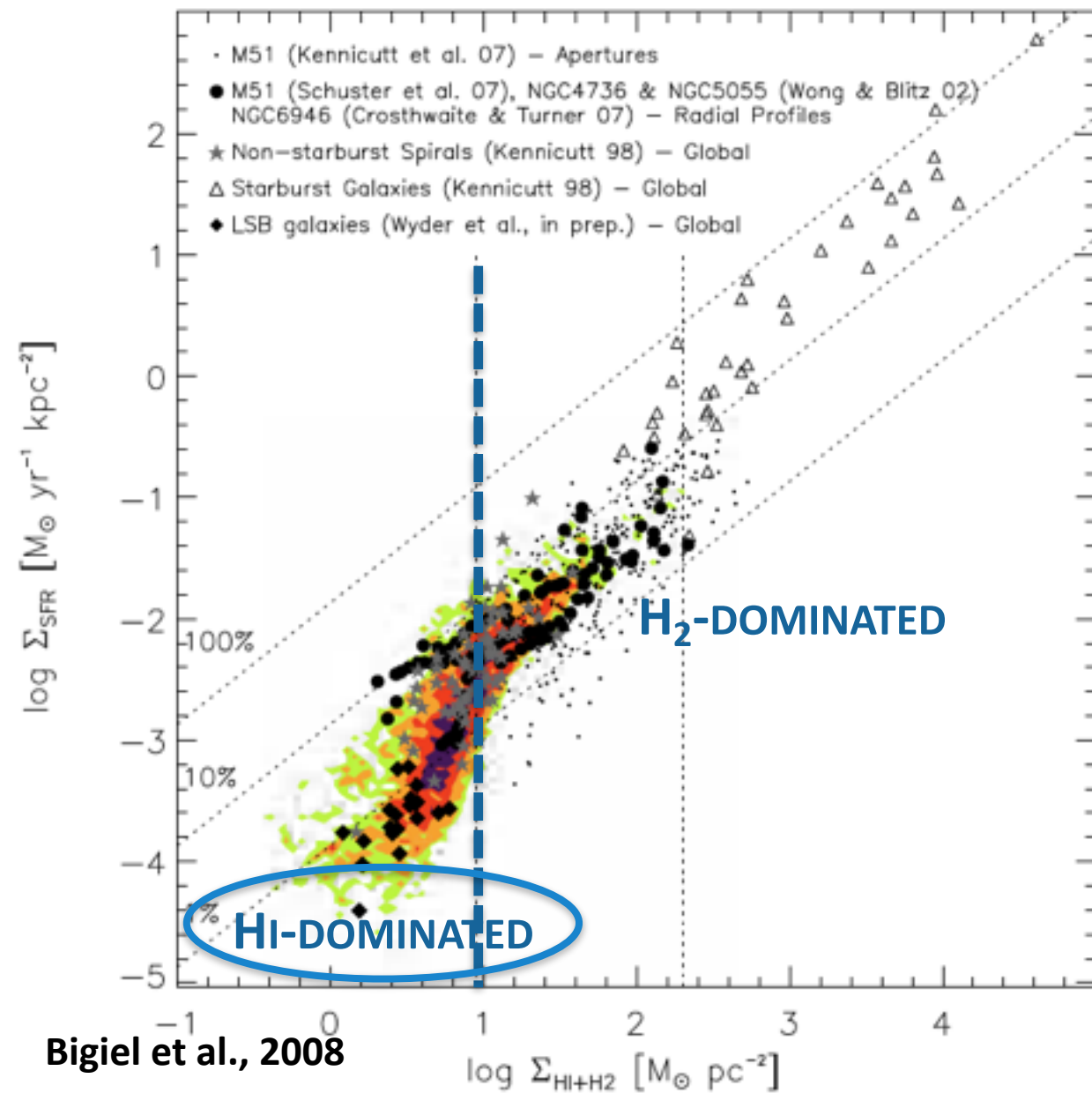
low density gas

SFR (not corrected for extinction), tracing high density gas

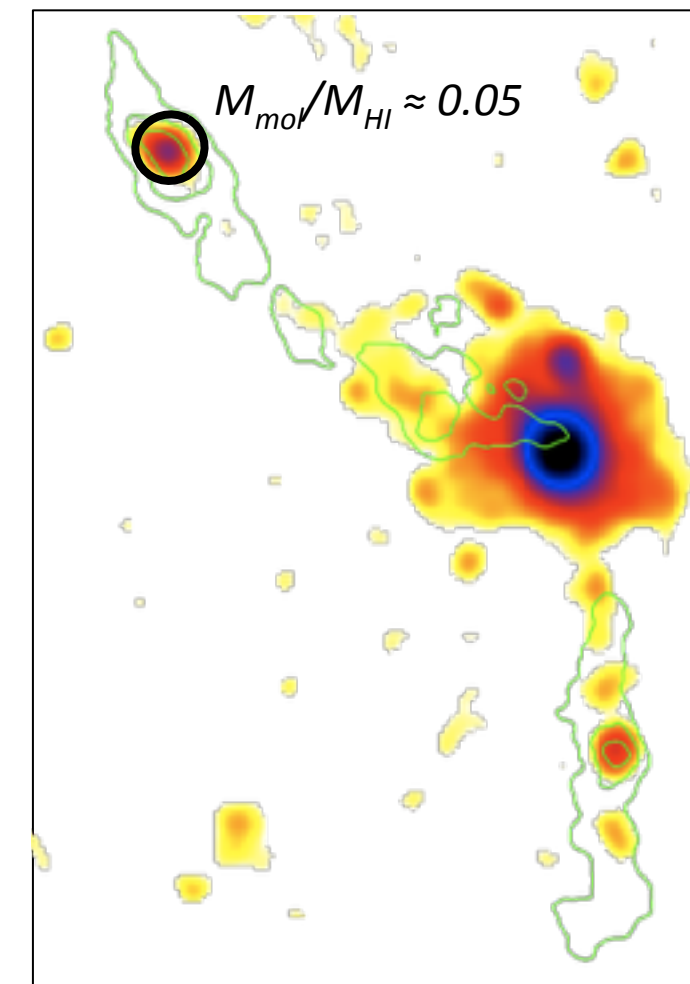
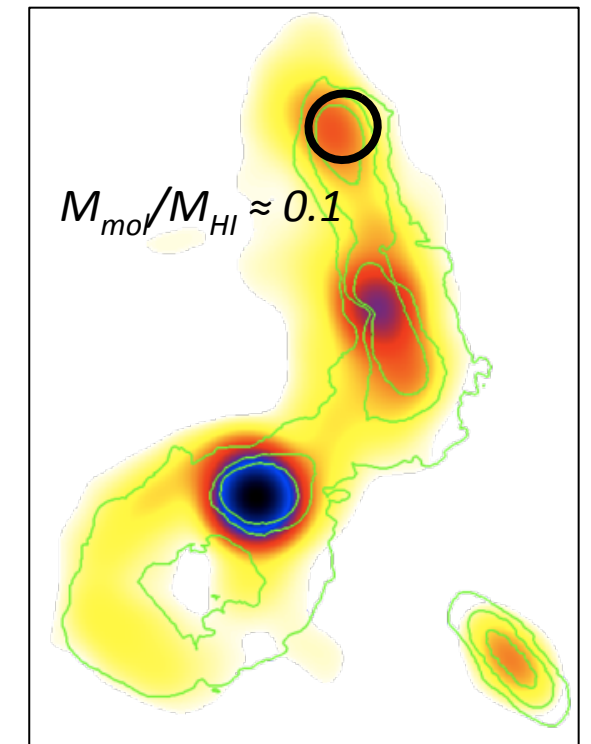
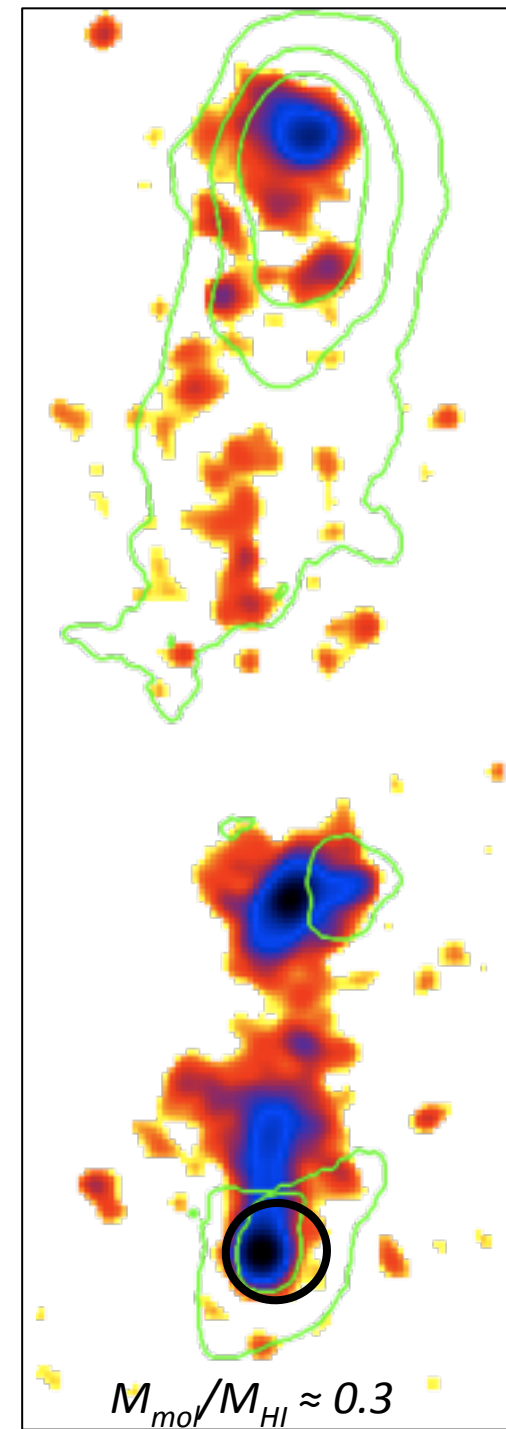


at resolution of 5-10 arc sec (2-5 kpc): UV and HI distribution match

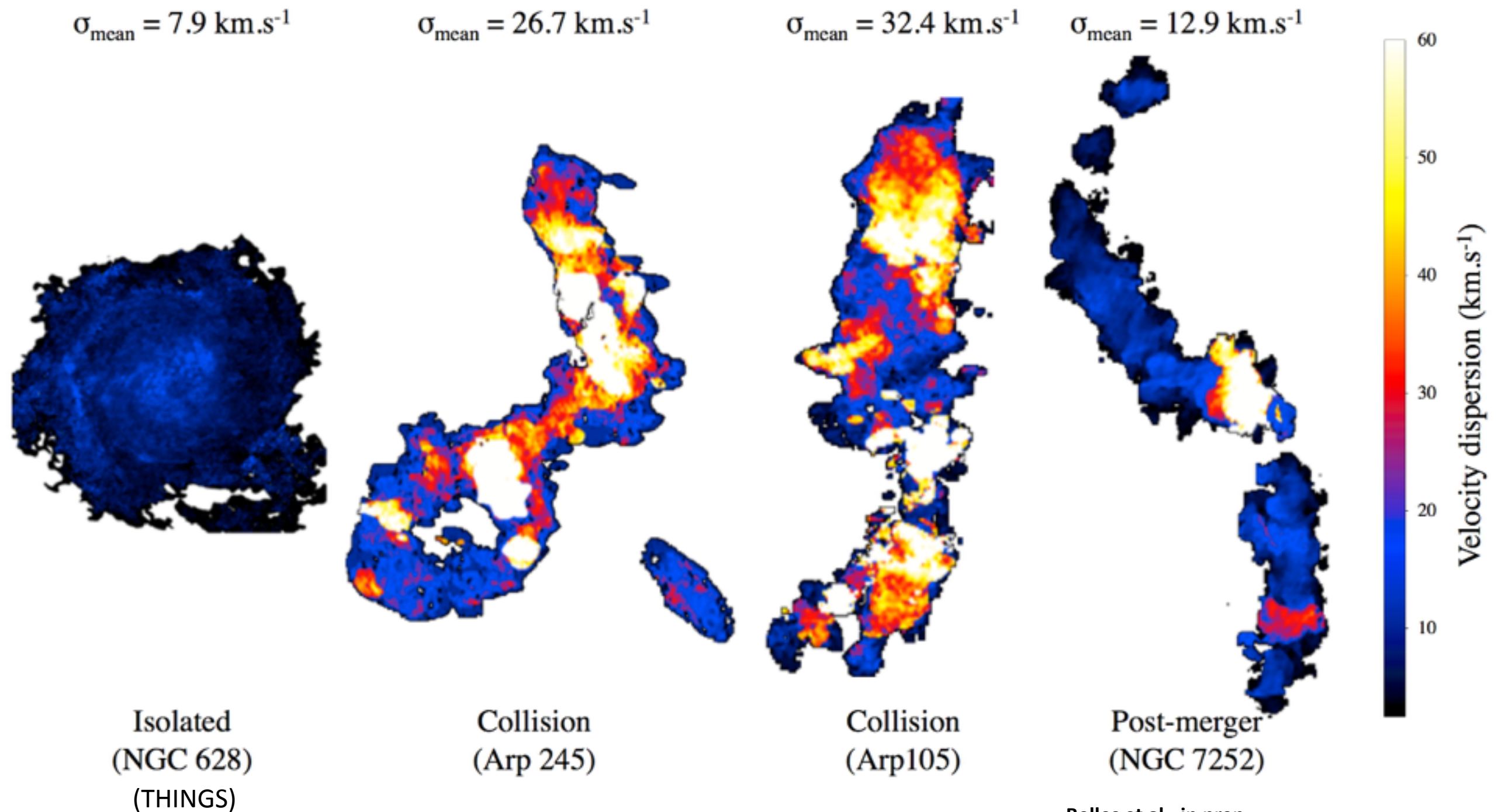
The different modes of star formation



- Compared to isolated disks, HI dominated regime over large regions



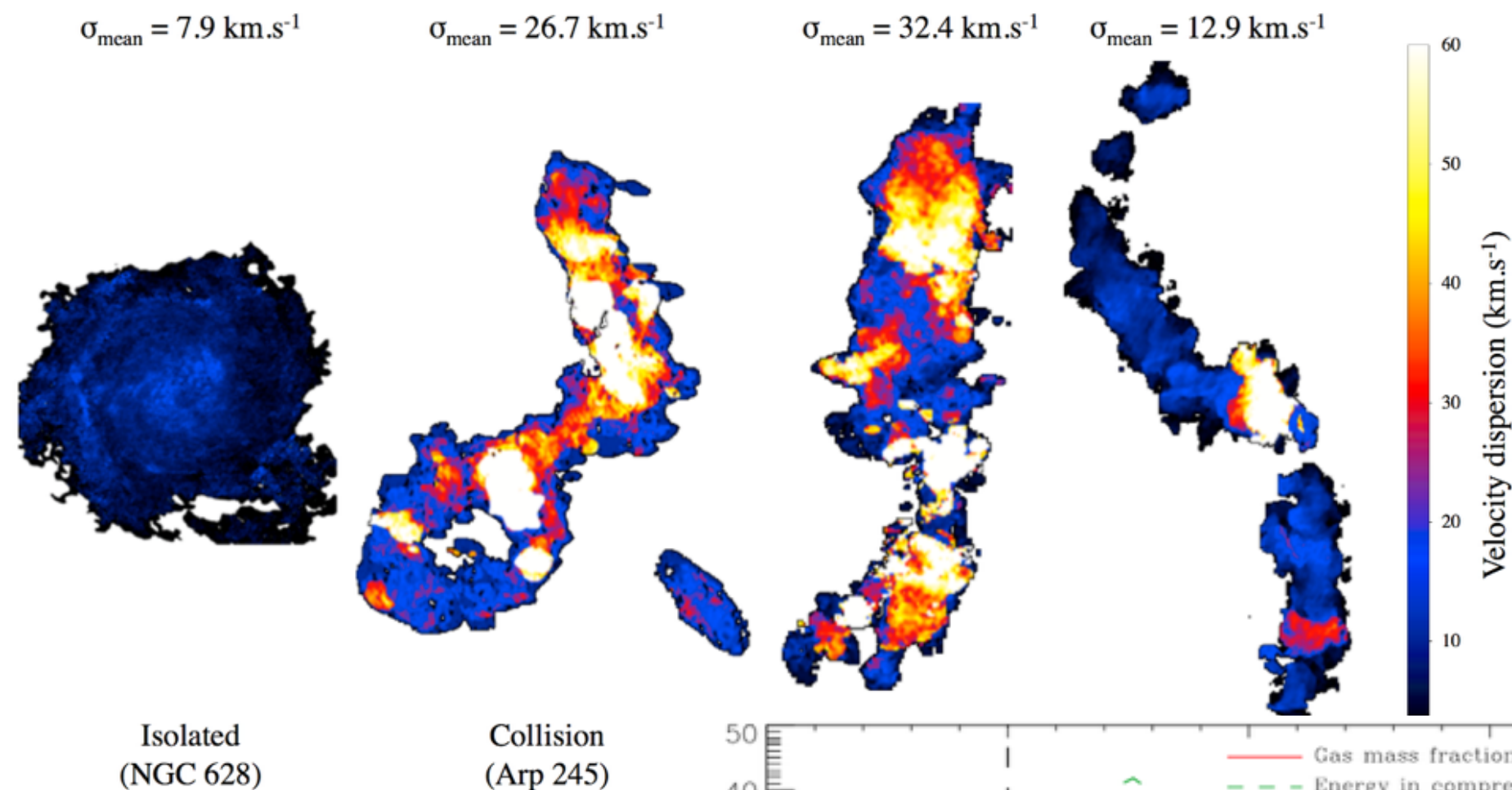
Checking prediction on enhanced gas turbulence



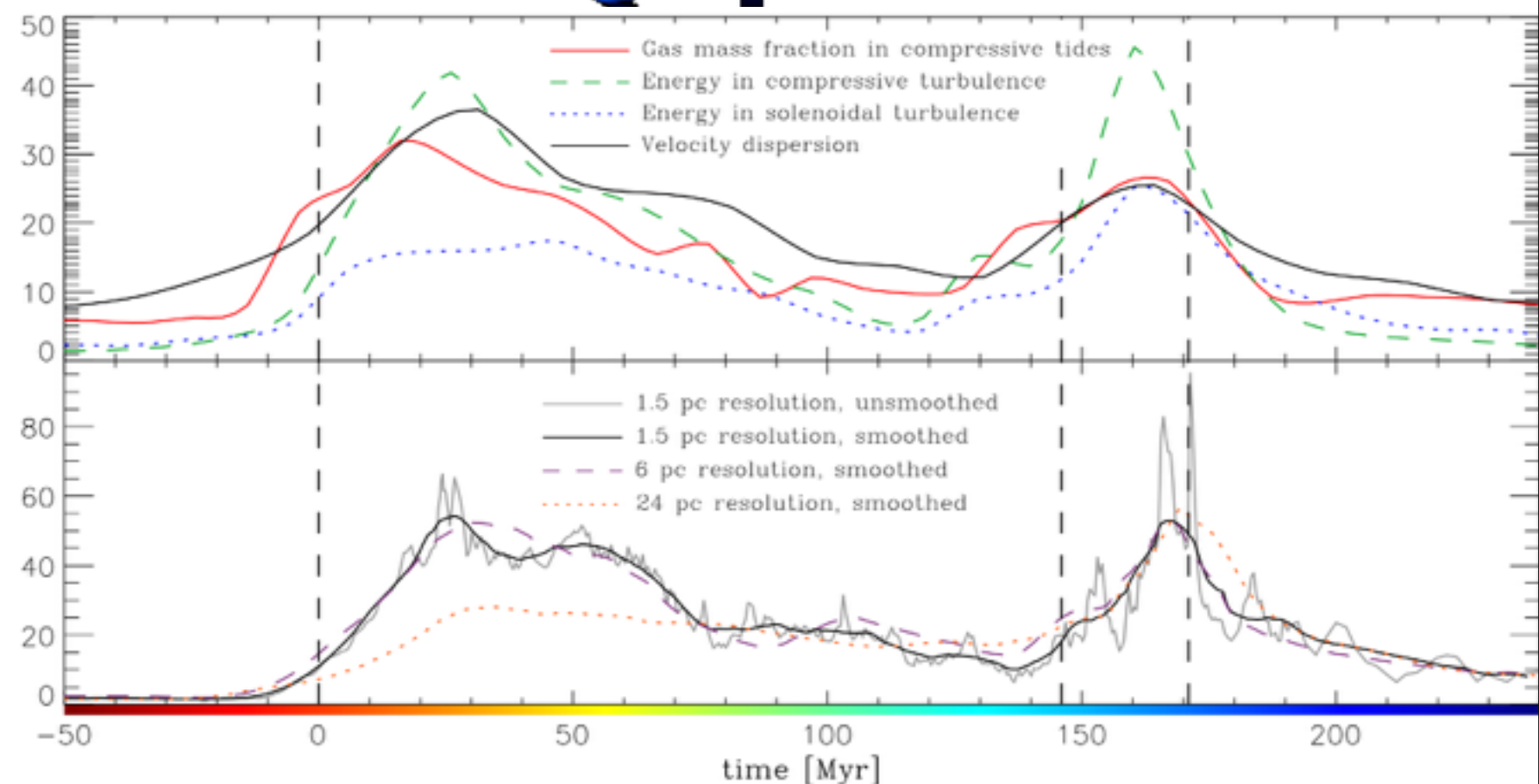
Belles et al., in prep

- Increased HI velocity dispersion at the merger stage, even in regions with little star forming activity: not an effect of feedback!

Checking prediction on enhanced gas turbulence

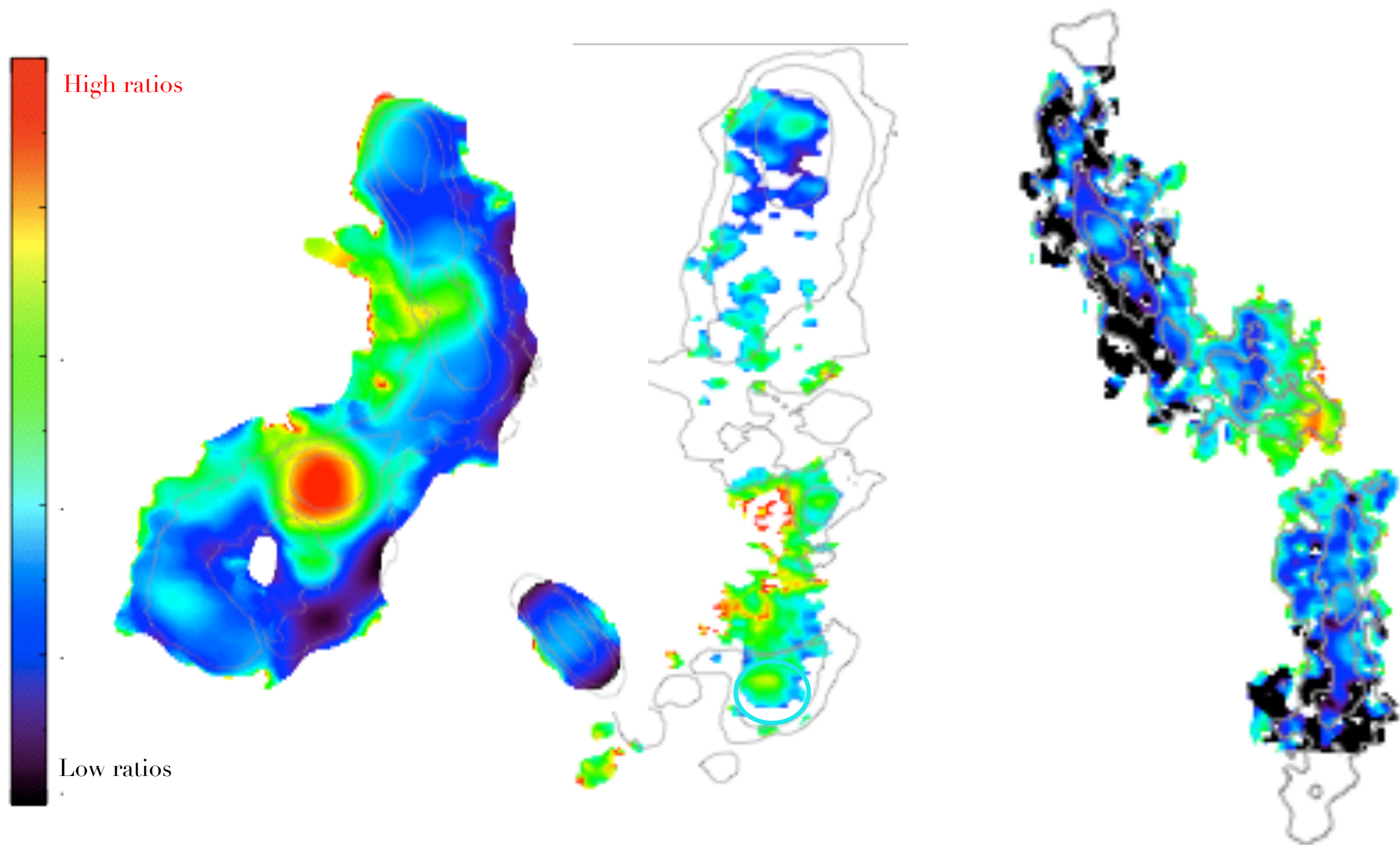


- Increased velocity dispersion at the merger stage as expected



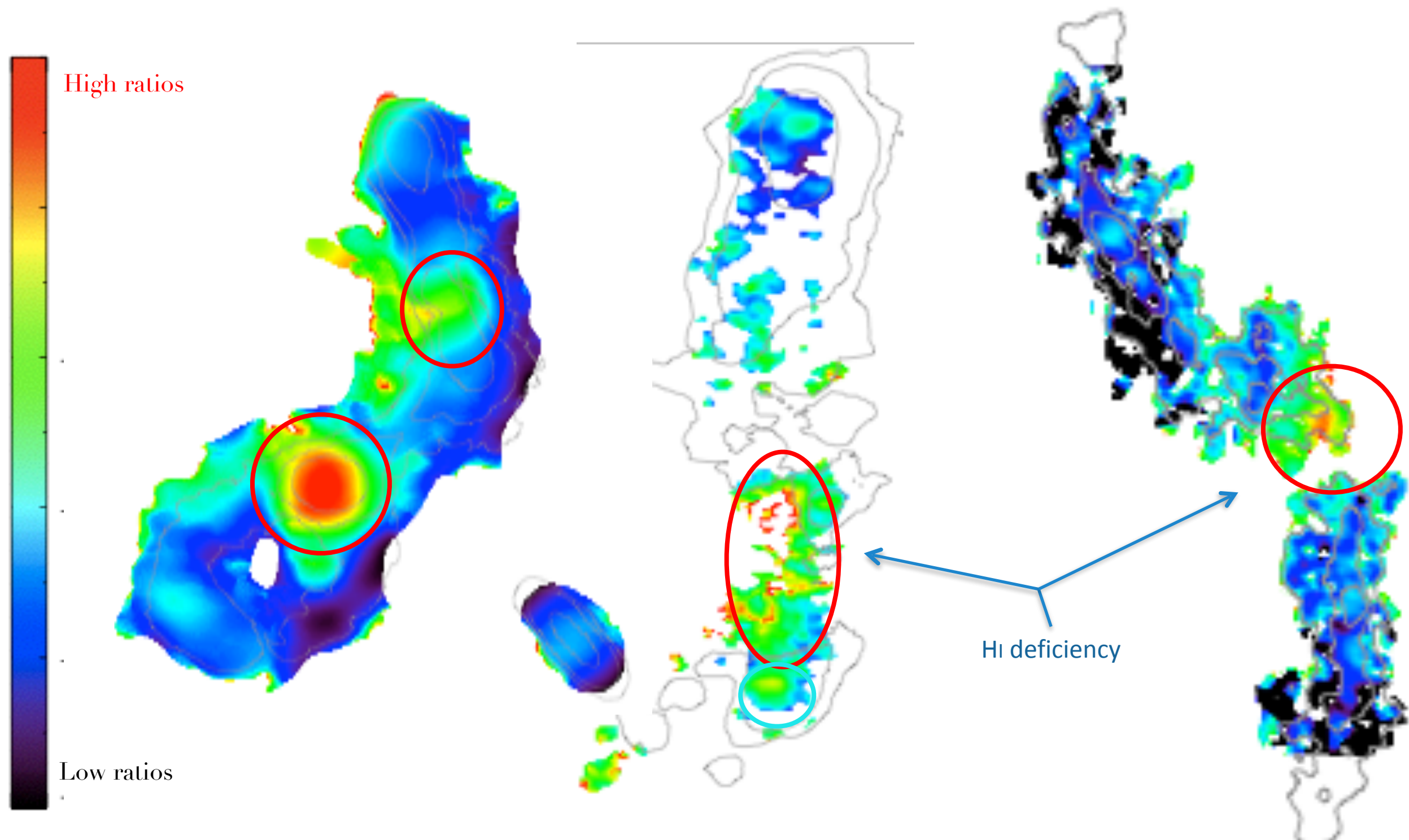
Checking prediction on enhanced dense gas fraction

- PSF matched NUV / HI map distribution



Checking prediction on enhanced dense gas fraction

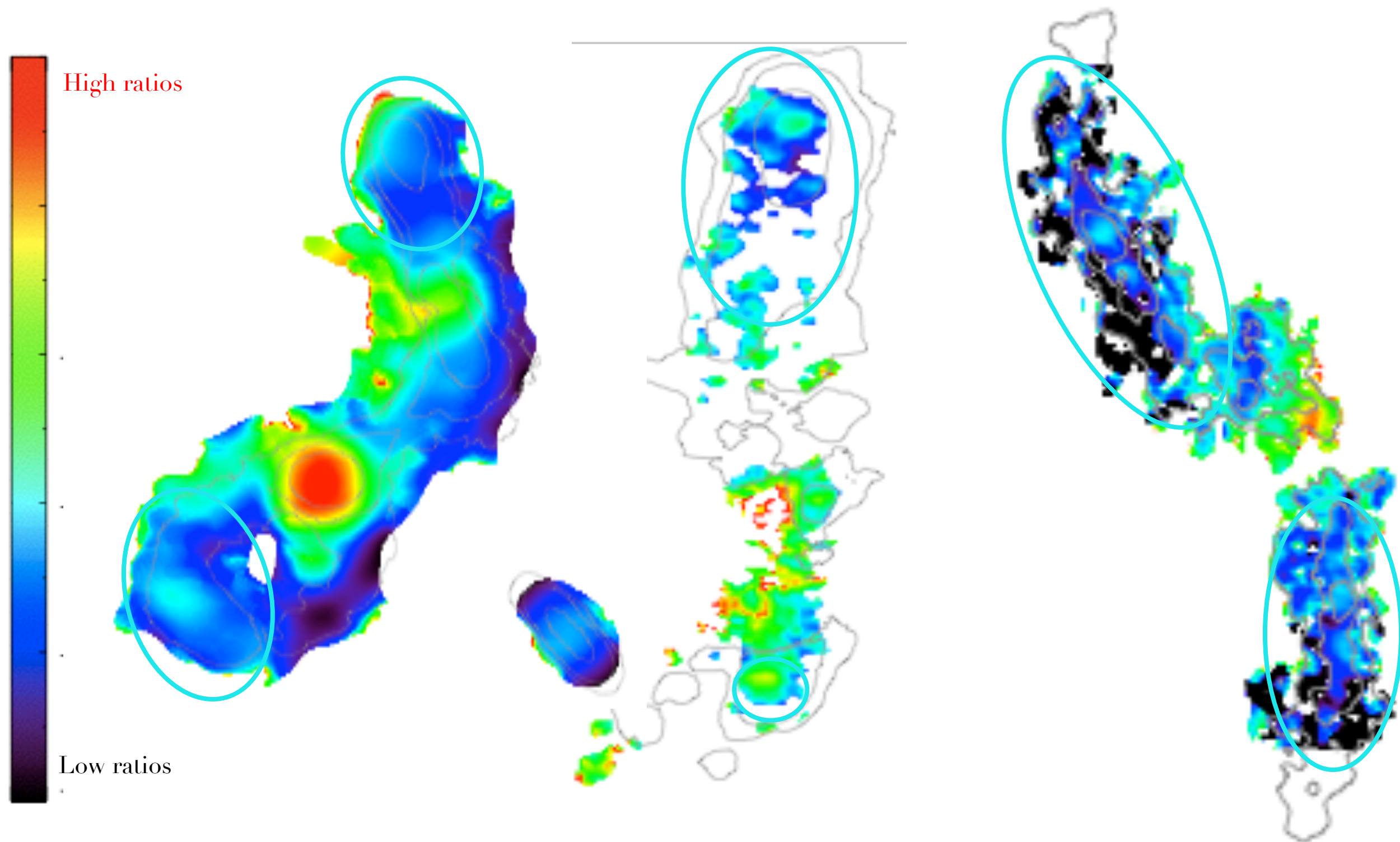
PSF matched NUV / HI map distribution: *central regions*



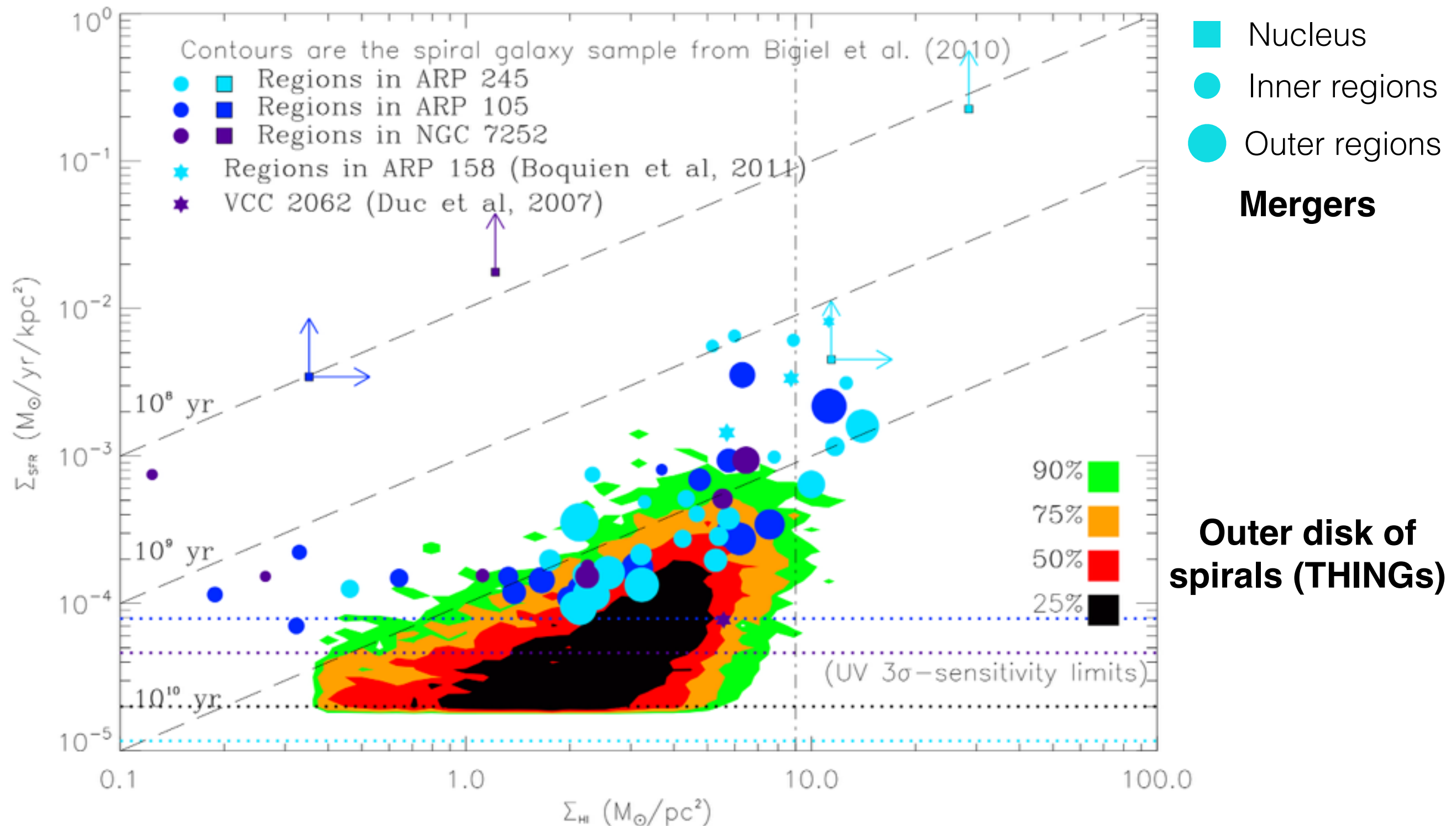
- NUV/HI ratio peaking in central regions, due to lack of HI there (transformed into H₂/CO)

Checking prediction on enhanced dense gas fraction

PSF matched NUV / HI map distribution: external regions

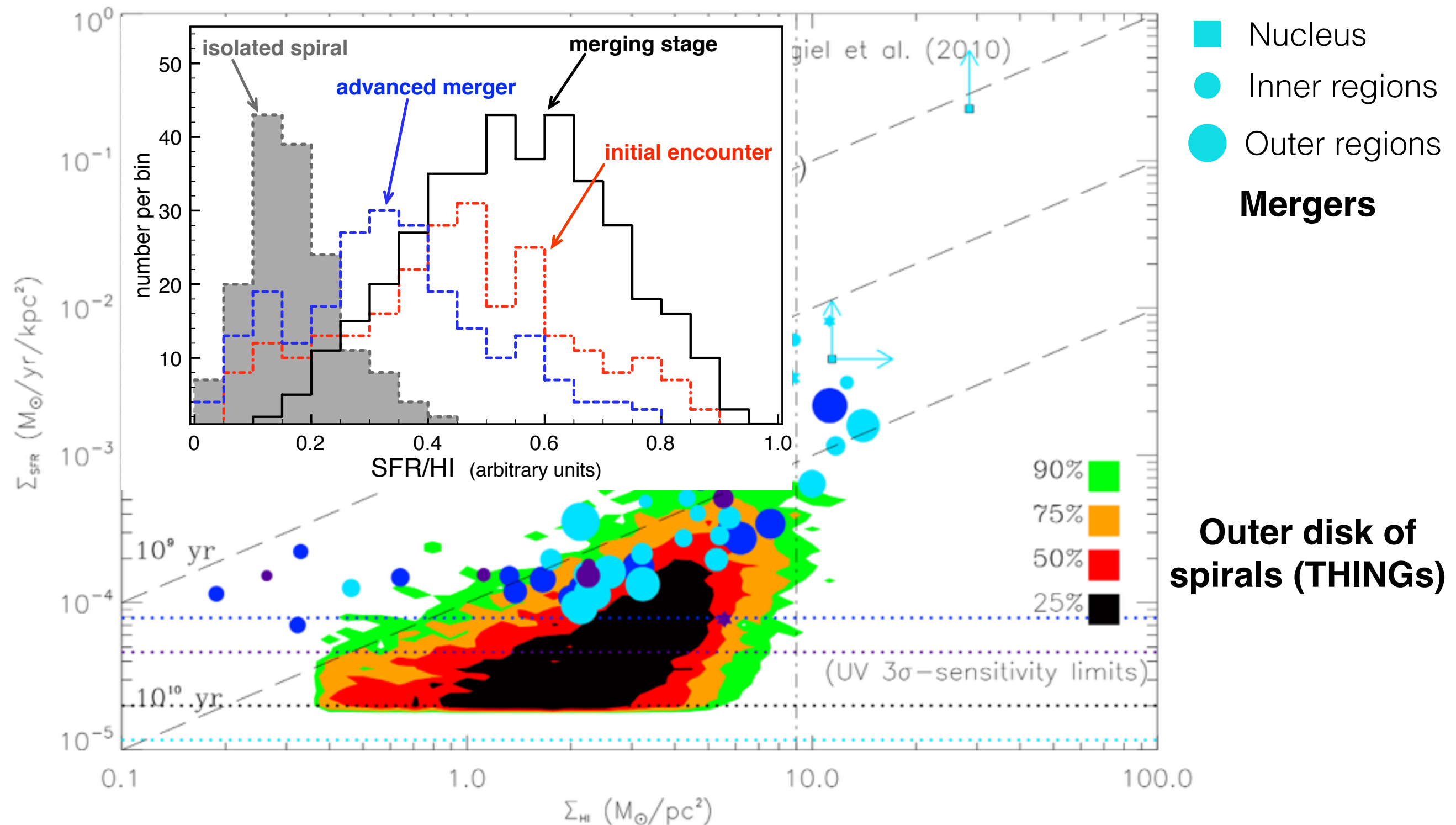


Checking prediction on enhanced dense gas fraction



- A correlation of the HI column density with SFR up to large gas column densities
- A SFR/HI tracing the high/low density gas in mergers larger than in external HI disks, but comparable to the inner HI disk

Checking prediction on enhanced dense gas fraction

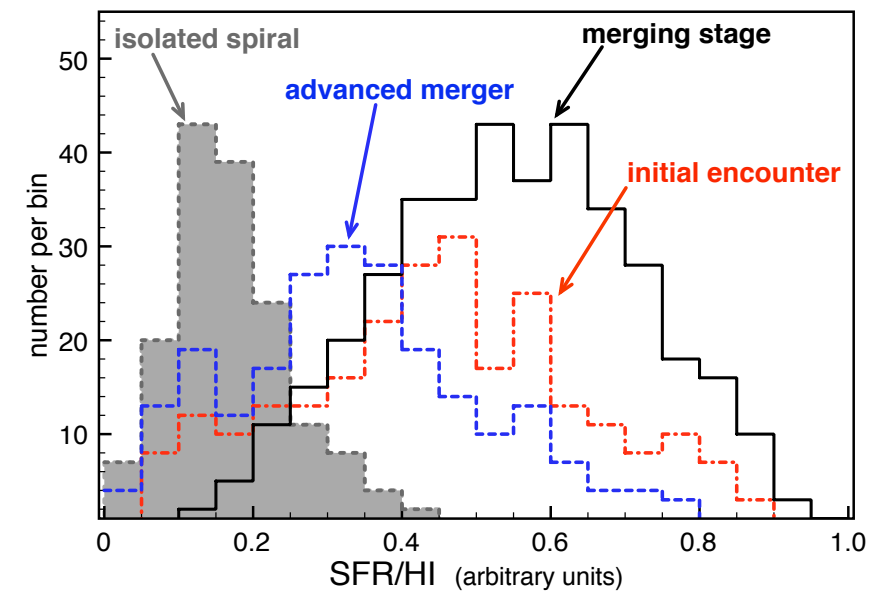
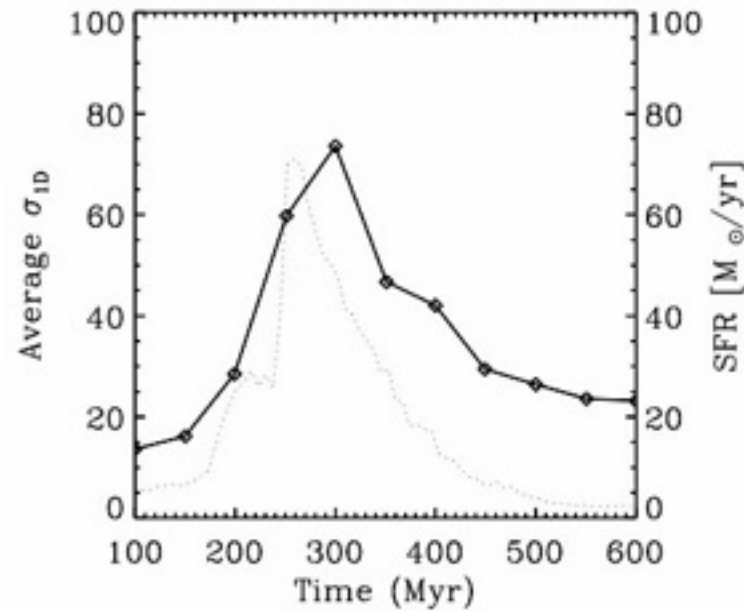
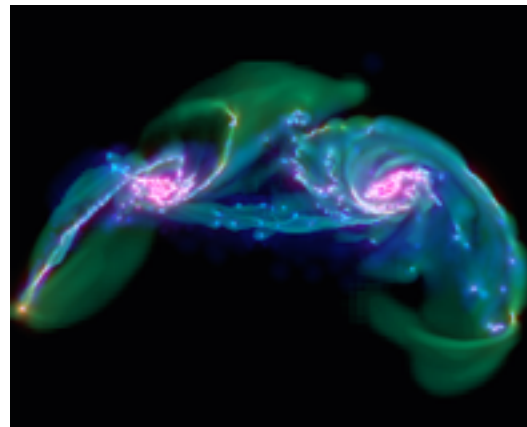


- A correlation of the HI column density with SFR up to large gas column densities
- A SFR/HI tracing the high/low density gas in mergers larger than in external HI disks, as predicted

Conclusions: spatially resolved SF in mergers

Simulations

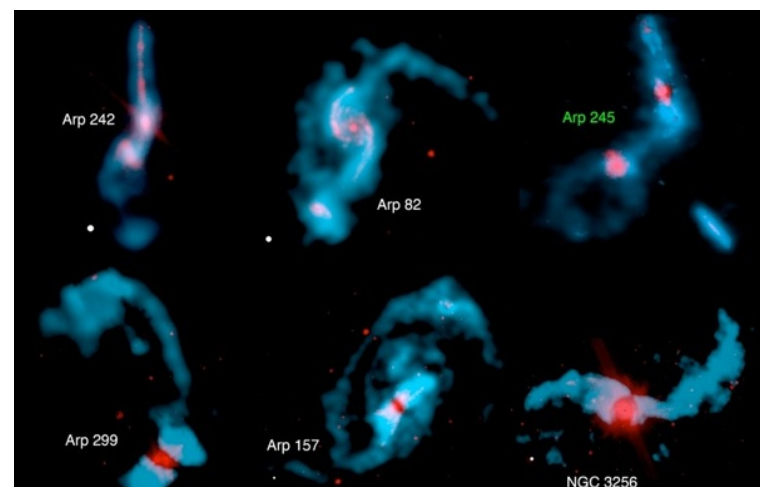
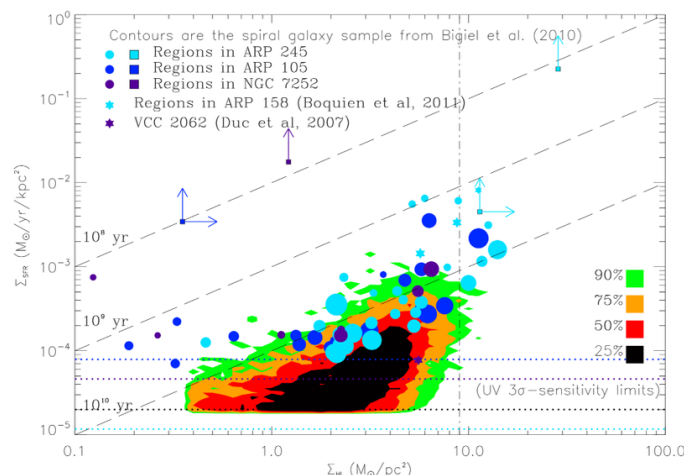
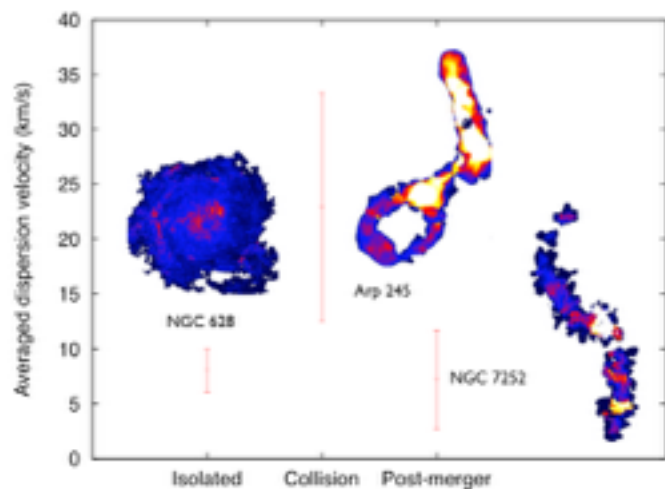
- High spatial resolution, AMR grid



- A varying SFE, SFR/HI during the merger sequence due to the increased compressive turbulence

Observations

- High spatial resolution VLA HI maps (ChaoticTHINGS) of nearby mergers + IRAM CO observations for a few of them



- HI dominated regime in large regions of the systems, except in central regions which are HI deficient
- Increase wide-spread turbulence during the merger, as predicted
- SFR/HI, tracing high/low density gas, higher in mergers than in isolated spirals in HI dominated regime, as predicted
- HI can tell something about star-formation