scope

POSSIBILITIES WITH SKA-VLB

PRODUCING THE SHARPEST AND DEEPEST IMAGES OF THE RADIO SKY





VLBI with the SKA

Zsolt Paragi JIVE

Dutch interest in EVN and in SKA-VLBI



NL provides the second largest user community to the EVN (2017 stats)
 JIVE is the hart of the EVN, hosted by ASTRON in Dwingeloo

2018 May 24

SKA High Priority Science Objectives

Science			swg	
Goal	SWG	Objective	Rank	
1	CD/EoR	Physics of the early universe IGM - I. Imaging	1/3	
2	CD/EoR	Physics of the early universe IGM - II. Power spectrum	2/3	
3	CD/EoR	Physics of the early universe IGM - III. HI absorption line spectra (21cm forest)	3/3	
<u>4</u> 5	Pulsars Pulsars	Reveal pulsar population and MSPs for gravity tests and Gravitational Wave detection	1/3	
-	Pulsars	High precision timing for testing gravity and GW detection	1/3 2/3	
6 7	Pulsars	Characterising the pulsar population Finding and using (Millisecond) Pulsars in Globular Clusters and External Galaxies	2/3	
8	Pulsars	Finding pulsars in the Galactic Centre	2/3	
9	Pulsars	Astrometric measurements of pulsars to enable improved tests of GR	2/3	
10	Pulsars	Mapping the pulsar beam	3/3	
10	Pulsars	Understanding pulsars and their environments through their interactions		
12	Pulsars	Mapping the Galactic Structure		
13	HI	Resolved HI kinematics and morphology of ~10^10 M sol mass galaxies out to z~0.8		
14	HI	High spatial resolution studies of the ISM in the nearby Universe.	1/5 2/5	
15	HI	Multi-resolution mapping studies of the ISM in our Galaxy	3/5	
16	HI	Hi absorption studies out to the highest redshifts.	4/5	
17	HI	The gaseous interface and accretion physics between galaxies and the IGM	5/5	
18	Transients	Solve missing baryon problem at z~2 and determine the Dark Energy Equation of State	=1/4	
19	Transients	Accessing New Physics using Ultra-Luminous Cosmic Explosions	=1/4	
20	Transients	Galaxy growth through measurements of Black Hole accretion, growth and feedback	3/4	
21	Transients	Detect the Electromagnetic Counterparts to Gravitational Wave Events	4/4	
22	Cradle of Life	Map dust grain growth in the terrestrial planet forming zones at a distance of 100 pc	1/5	
23	Cradle of Life	Characterise exo-planet magnetic fields and rotational periods	2/5	
24	Cradle of Life	Survey all nearby (~100 pc) stars for radio emission from technological civilizations.	3/5	
25	Cradle of Life	The detection of pre-biotic molecules in pre-stellar cores at distance of 100 pc.		
26	Cradle of Life	Mapping of the sub-structure and dynamics of nearby clusters using maser emission.		
27	Magnetism	The resolved all-Sky characterisation of the interstellar and intergalactic magnetic fields		
28	Magnetism	Determine origin, maintenance and amplification of magnetic fields at high redshifts - I.		
29	Magnetism	Detection of polarised emission in Cosmic Web filaments		
30	Magnetism	Determine origin, maintenance and amplification of magnetic fields at high redshifts - II.	4/5	
31	Magnetism	Intrinsic properties of polarised sources		
32	Cosmology	Constraints on primordial non-Gaussianity and tests of gravity on super-horizon scales.	1/5	
33	Cosmology	Angular correlation functions to probe non-Gaussianity and the matter dipole	2/5	
34	Cosmology	Map the dark Universe with a completely new kind of weak lensing survey - in the radio.	3/5	
35	Cosmology	Dark energy & GR via power spectrum, BAO, redshift-space distortions and topology.	4/5	
36	Cosmology	Test dark energy & general relativity with fore-runner of the 'billion galaxy' survey.	5/5	
37	Continuum	Measure the Star formation history of the Universe (SFHU) - I. Non-thermal processes	1/8	
38	Continuum	Measure the Star formation history of the Universe (SFHU) - II. Thermal processes	2/8	
39	Continuum	Probe the role of black holes in galaxy evolution - I.	3/8	
40	Continuum	Probe the role of black holes in galaxy evolution - II.	4/8	
41	Continuum	Probe cosmic rays and magnetic fields in ICM and cosmic filaments.	5/8	
42	Continuum	Study the detailed astrophysics of star-formation and accretion processes - I.	6/8	
43	Continuum	Probing dark matter and the high redshift Universe with strong gravitational lensing.	7/8	
44	Continuum	Legacy/Serendipity/Rare.	8/8	

> No VLBI?

Look closer...

Highest-ranked HPSOs and VLBI

Science Goal	SWG	Objective	SWG Rank	VLBI with:	
1	CD/EoR	Physics of the early universe IGM - I. Imaging	1/3		
2	CD/EoR	Physics of the early universe IGM - II. Power spectrum	2/3		
4	Pulsars	Reveal pulsar population and MSPs for gravity tests and Gravitational Wave detection	1/3		
5	Pulsars	High precision timing for testing gravity and GW detection	1/3	LOW/MID	
13	HI	Resolved HI kinematics and morphology of ~10^10 M_sol mass galaxies out to z~0.8	1/5	LOW/MID	
14	HI	High spatial resolution studies of the ISM in the nearby Universe.	2/5		
15	НІ	Multi-resolution mapping studies of the ISM in our Galaxy	3/5		
18	Transients	Solve missing baryon problem at z~2 and determine the Dark Energy Equation of State	=1/4	MID	
22	Cradle of Life	Map dust grain growth in the terrestrial planet forming zones at a distance of 100 pc	1/5	MID	
27	Magnetism	The resolved all-Sky characterisation of the interstellar and intergalactic magnetic fields	1/5		
32	Cosmology	Constraints on primordial non-Gaussianity and tests of gravity on super-horizon scales.	1/5		
33	Cosmology	Angular correlation functions to probe non-Gaussianity and the matter dipole	2/5		
37 + 38	Continuum	Star formation history of the Universe (SFHU) – I+II. Non-thermal & Thermal processes	1+2/8	MID	
	Goal 1 2 4 5 13 14 15 18 22 27 32 33	GoalSWG1CD/EoR2CD/EoR4Pulsars5Pulsars13HI14HI15HI18Transients22Cradle of Life27Magnetism32Cosmology33Cosmology	GoalSWGObjective1CD/EoRPhysics of the early universe IGM - I. Imaging2CD/EoRPhysics of the early universe IGM - II. Power spectrum4PulsarsReveal pulsar population and MSPs for gravity tests and Gravitational Wave detection5PulsarsHigh precision timing for testing gravity and GW detection13HIResolved HI kinematics and morphology of ~10^10 M_sol mass galaxies out to z~0.814HIHigh spatial resolution studies of the ISM in the nearby Universe.15HIMulti-resolution mapping studies of the ISM in our Galaxy18TransientsSolve missing baryon problem at z~2 and determine the Dark Energy Equation of State22Cradle of LifeMap dust grain growth in the terrestrial planet forming zones at a distance of 100 pc27MagnetismThe resolved all-Sky characterisation of the interstellar and intergalactic magnetic fields32CosmologyConstraints on primordial non-Gaussianity and tests of gravity on super-horizon scales.33CosmologyAngular correlation functions to probe non-Gaussianity and the matter dipole	GoalSWGObjectiveRank1CD/EORPhysics of the early universe IGM - I. Imaging1/32CD/EORPhysics of the early universe IGM - II. Power spectrum2/34PulsarsReveal pulsar population and MSPs for gravity tests and Gravitational Wave detection1/35PulsarsHigh precision timing for testing gravity and GW detection1/313HIResolved HI kinematics and morphology of ~10^10 M_sol mass galaxies out to z~0.81/514HIHigh spatial resolution studies of the ISM in the nearby Universe.2/515HIMulti-resolution mapping studies of the ISM in our Galaxy3/518TransientsSolve missing baryon problem at z~2 and determine the Dark Energy Equation of State=1/422Cradle of LifeMap dust grain growth in the terrestrial planet forming zones at a distance of 100 pc1/532CosmologyConstraints on primordial non-Gaussianity and tests of gravity on super-horizon scales.1/533CosmologyAngular correlation functions to probe non-Gaussianity and the matter dipole2/5	

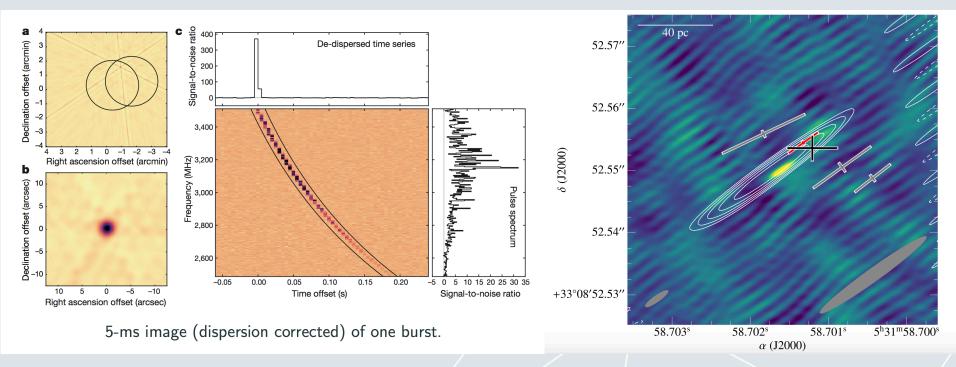
Also note: VLBI science = SKA2 science!

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Science highlights: FRB 121102 localized

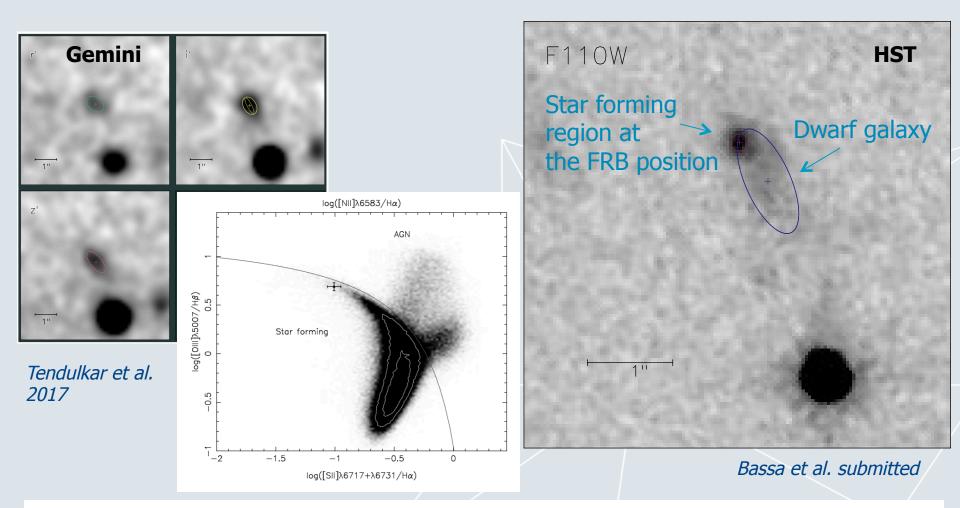
Very Large Array (VLA) signal detection 27 telescopes, few tens of km area

European VLBI Network (EVN) images 11+ telescopes, baselines up to 7000+ km



- VLA precision (~0.1 arcsec) sufficient to prove extragalactic origin
- EVN refined position (~0.01 arcsec): pulses appear in the near vicinity of a permanent radio source of unknown nature

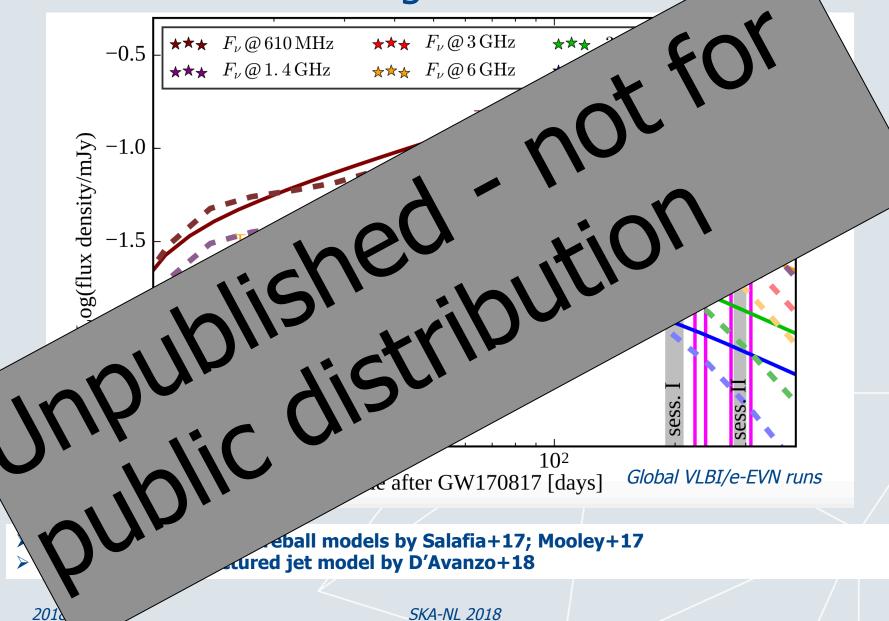
Peculiar object in a dwarf galaxy



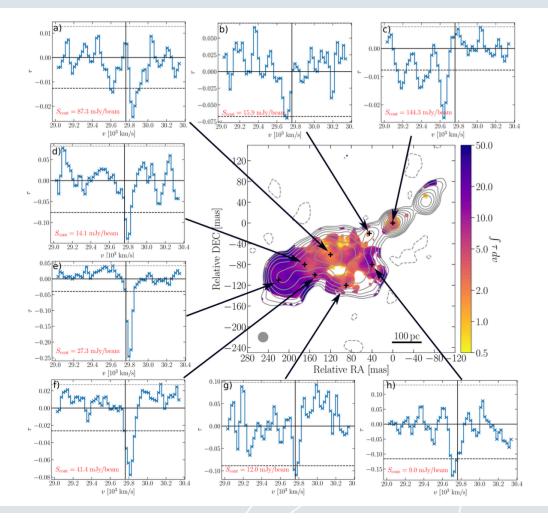
A young (superluminous) supernova remnant powered by a magnetar? Host properties are consistent with SLSNe hosts, low-metallicity dwarfs.

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BNS merger EM170817



HI outflow on tens of pc scales in 3C236



Schulz et al. (2018)

Feedback processes => High velocity HI outflows; appear to consist of discrete clouds
 Outflow driven by jets (low excitation galaxy, unlikely to produce strong winds)

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VLBI "Focus Group"



Fully science driven working group

Co-chairs: Cormac Reynolds (CASS), Zsolt Paragi (JIVE, till end 2017), Tao An (ShAO, since end 2017); office contact: Evan Keane

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Jumping JIVE support





- > WP10: Promoting VLBI with the SKA (lead Antonio Chrysostomou-SKAO, Zsolt Paragi-JIVE)
- > Supporting SKA-VLBI group activities; science portfolio (Key Science Projects)
- > SKA-VLBI Scientist position at the SKA HQ: Cristina Garcia-Miro

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Evolution to KSP

> Organize/support KSP meetings

- Bring together different communities
- Initiate EVN/global VLBI surveys overlapping with future SKA surveys
 - involve MeerKAT & AVN

Promote SKA science with Early Production Array

SKA-VLBI is probably the only case where immediate success is guaranteed



VLBI KSP strategies

> Umbrella proposal for VLBI

• Unlikely; this did not work out with MeerKAT for example

> Identify a few "killer" science cases eligible for SKA-VLBI KSPs

There is good science but chances for major projects are not great

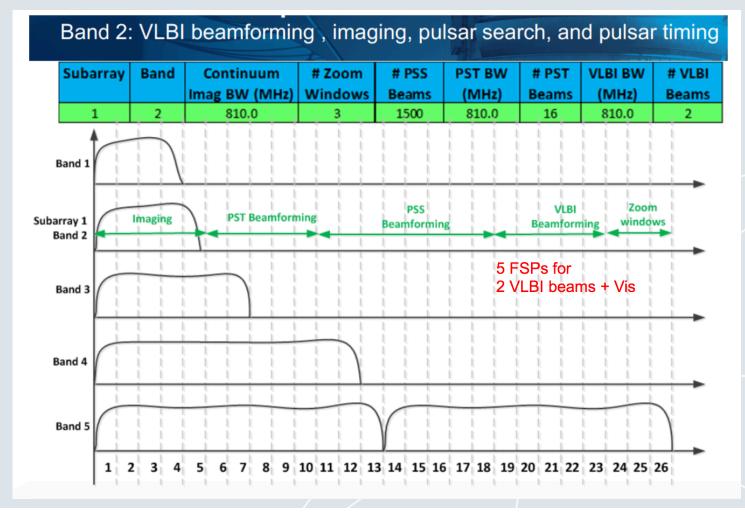
> Support other SWGs to include a VLBI component in their KSPs

• Will definitely pursue this way

To proceed must understand:

- The fraction of time that may be available for VLBI
- Whether commensial VLBI will be possible

Is commensal VLBI possible?



Frequency Slice Processor architecture: 1 FSP can handle two VLBI beams

> Band 2: no problem; Band 5: commensal VLBI and imaging not possible!

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Key issues

> Are VLBI requirements fulfilled?

- Paul Boven (JIVE), Cristina Garcia-Miro (SKAO) involved in CDRs
- Critical component is TM (telescope manager), to support special obs. modes

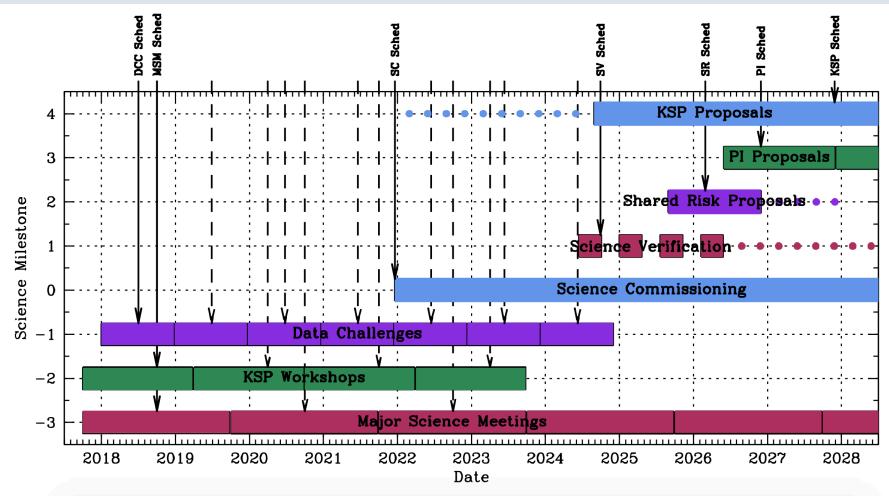
> Are VLBI developments around the world aligned with SKA

- Receiver coverage, large bandwidths
- NG Correlator to handle large N data streams (telescopes, beams)
- Software development for wide-bw, larg-FoV VLBI processing

> Operational model for SKA includes VLBI

- Need to form a global VLBI consortium?
- Data rights VLBI vs. SKA interferometer (esp. for commensal case)

SKA milestones



> WP10 support LC workshop on multiple AGN; EVN Symposium 2018 SKA-VLBI session

> Major SKA-VLBI science/operational meeting end 2019 (location TBD)

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Conclusions

- > Work on SKA-VLBI KSPs definiton has started
- > Similar process under JJ WP7: "EVN Future"

- Must also make sure SKA-VLBI is technically/ operationally possible
- JIVE may serve as SKA-VLBI hub for a regional SKA Data Science Center in Dwingeloo